NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXIX. No. 22856. Registered at the C.P.O. SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1938 (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent, abroad 15 cents.) TEN CENTS

HARBOUR NOTIFICATION

No. 12 of 1938

River Police:

Wetmore Road Station:
Telephone number of.

With reference to Harbour Notification No. 7 of 1938 notifying the temporary telephone number of the River Police Pootung Point Station, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Wetmore Road River Police Station has resumed its functions in its original position off the Wetmore Road.

Telephone number of this station has been changed to

50382

P. I. TIRBAK.
Acting Harbour Master.

HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE,
Shanghai, September 26, 1938.

Approved:
L. H. LAWFORD,
Commissioner of Customs.

11489

NOTIFICATION NO. 4996

COLLECTION of MUNICIPAL RATE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Municipal Rate in respect of Chinese and Foreign houses for the quarter ending December 31, 1938, is due on October 1, 1938. Ratepayers are reminded that rates on foreign style buildings will not be called for by collectors but must be remitted to the Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road, by the concerned upon receipt of demand note.

By order,
T. W. GUBB,
Acting Secretary.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, September 22, 1938.

11494

NOTICE

The Alexander Clark Company (Shanghai), Limited, will be closed between 12.30 p.m. and 5.30 p.m. to-day, as a mark of respect on the occasion of the death of the founder of the Parent Company, Mr. Alexander Clark, in his eighty-first year.

11490

VEREINIGUNG DER SUDETEN-DEUTSCHEN in CHINA

Weitere Anmeldungen zwecks Erlangung der Mitgliedschaft sind an den Schriftfuehrer der Vereinigung, 97 Jinkee Road, schriftlich zu richten. Angabe der wichtigsten Personalien ist erforderlich.

DER SCHRIFTFUEHRER.

Schanghai, September 24, 1938. -3245

THE SHANGHAI WATERWORKS COMPANY, LIMITED.

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"A" Shares Coupon	49
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Holders of "A," "B" and "C" share warrants to bearer are hereby notified that coupons Nos. 49, 22 and 18 respectively representing an interim dividend on intra-agreement consumers' account of 2 per cent., will be payable on and after September 27, 1938 at the office of the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Shanghai in Chinese Standard Dollars at its buying rate for demand drafts on London on the day of presentation of the coupons.

Coupons must be listed upon the Company's forms which may be had on application at the above mentioned Bank and must be left two clear days previous to payment between the hours of 11 a.m. and 3 p.m., Saturdays excepted.

By order of the Directors,
R. LOCK,
Secretary and Asst. Manager.

Shanghai, Sept. 19, 1938.

11429

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

M/S "ELBE"

Cargo from Europe and way-ports will be transhipped at Hongkong and will arrive here by ss. "Bremerhaven" on/or about October 4.

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11484

Dr. med. H. E. SUESSBACH

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-3344

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11049

Coming Events

SEPTEMBER

29 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
29 A.A.U.W. Garden Party, McTyeire School, 4

OCTOBER

3 Bridge School Re-opens. Mrs. Bruce Smith 20105, Mr. A. Springborg 30155
3 Engineering Society Meeting, 5.45
5 Bridge/Mahjongg Tournament, BFRC, 3
5 A.D.C., "I Killed the Count", Lyc., 9
6 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
6 S.W.A. mtg., Fashion Show, C.S.F., 4
6 A.D.C., "I Killed the Count", Lyc., 9
7 A.D.C., "I Killed the Count", Lyc., 9
7 Shanghai Philatelic Society
8 A.D.C., "I Killed the Count", Lyc., 9
12 Theosophical Society, 75 Jessfield Rd. Public Lecture, 6.30
13 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.30
B.W.A. Bridge/Mahjongg Tea, H.Q., 3
13 Rummage Sale, U.C. Hall, Limbless Fund
14 Shanghai Philatelic Society
16 S'hai Wheelers' mixed cycle races, bicycle parade ladies. Patron: Brig.-Gen. E. B. Macnaghten, Kiaochow Park, 9 a.m
17 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg, Y.M.C.A., 3
21 Shanghai Philatelic Society

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S'hai Amateur Golf Championship Trophies Presentation
Seaforths/A.S.F. Football Match
S.F.X./Tung Hwa Football Match
Funeral of Mr. Hsu Sing-loh
French Blockhouse on Bund
Russian S.V.C. Decorated
Soochow Creek To-day
Crippled Japanese Warship
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

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-3364

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Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

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Reserve Fund	$10,000,000
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SHANGHAI DIRECTORY

July 1938

No issue of the *Shanghai Directory* has contained the great number of changes of address and new entries that will be found in the current edition. It is up to the minute in accuracy and completeness, and its contents will be a revelation of the innumerable changes which have taken place in Shanghai during the last twelve months.

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

These should be typed on one side of the paper only, with double spacing. Publication does not mean that the statements and arguments of the authors are necessarily endorsed by the "North-China Daily News." Correspondents desiring the return of manuscripts not accepted by the Editor are required to enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope. Acceptance or rejection of letters is solely within the discretion of the Editor whose decision is final, and who will enter into no correspondence in connection therewith.

Mr. Chamberlain: An Appreciation

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—"He stoops to conquer" (my apologies to Goldsmith—though I am not quoting him further), let the Tony Lumkins threaten him with the horse pond as they might. And the Lumkinses were ever related to the bumpkinses; and the bumpkinses to pumpkinses, particularly when it came to their mental qualities in connection with statesmanship proper, as different from "politics" so called.

Mr. Chamberlain has stooped to conquer! Truly a noble and unexpected move on the diplomatic chessboard. A move that is going to win out, and prove the player not only the greatest statesman of our times, but possibly the founder of a new school of diplomacy, such as the world has been looking and even praying for, to replace the worn and rickety thing in which it had long lost faith.

That he is going to find the work before him a difficult one, I have not the least doubt. But he might be comforted with the thought that the world's prayers go with him, and the wish—and hopes—of every human, capable of humanity—that grand objective of Democracy.

And in his venture (some insist it is a departure), he has taken up a right royal task, and true to the best Conservative tradition, in that it fulfils the wish of a King, without doubt the kingliest of our times. I speak of King George V. now of blessed memory, a war veteran himself and schooled in the meaning of war, on the fields and by the silent hearths at home. And a far-seeing statesman he was besides, and no mere puppet to the strings of his ministers—though seemingly so. Here is what he said in one of his speeches: "The Empire was built up by brave and wise men and women in the past. It is only by courage, wisdom and unselfishness, that it will endure." A wisdom this verily of a prophetic king. And, inspired by this very royal spirit of courage, wisdom and unselfishness, I take it, the head of his present Majesty's Government, the Premier, labours, to press the imprint of it in a piece of statesmanship worthy of its name. Though a Democrat myself, I wish all Royalists were as loyal.

And the immediate result of this bold experiment? Let the press tell us. I take it from yours, and only quoting a few: "German Foreign Minister shook him (the British Premier) warmly by the hand. . . . ." "The Fuehrer expressed to the Prime Minister and the British Government on the occasion his sincere thanks, and that of the German people, for his efforts to bring about a peaceable solution of the Sudeten question". . . . "The British Prime Minister spoke . . . . . of thanks for the warm welcome he had received in Germany." And on Mr. Chamberlain's return to England, "the Premier, was loudly cheered by large crowds both at Heston Aerodrome and on arrival at Downing Street."

Pathetic demonstrations all of these, of creatures courageous and proud by nature, yet instinct with the love of life and of all that which life—rightly used—can give them. And is it not in this very same spirit that Mr. Chamberlain said: "I trust all concerned will continue their efforts to solve this Czech problem peacefully, for on that hangs the peace of Europe"? This outpouring of simple humanity, instinctive in the manly, but notoriously absent in the born savage, white and coloured.

This natural outcome where courage permits man to meet man, and know each other to be brave—and one of them or both, kindly at heart. And kindness tames where the whip but makes the fiercer. This simple wisdom of diplomacy, as different from the rules of the ring.

Thus far in grey-haired dignity. Now take your wig, and give me back my bauble!

TOUCHSTONE.

Shanghai, Sept. 26.

"A Brutal Head"

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In your correspondence column of today a writer under the signature ENGLISH BUT NOT PROUD OF IT criticizes the attitude of the British Government regarding political matters. Being myself "Not English" his outburst in this respect does not concern me. But if he talks of a "brutal head of a brutal government" (to whom and to which government he is referring is not difficult to imagine) I beg leave to ask you for space of these few lines in your next issue, and for your good offices to forward to ENGLISH BUT NOT PROUD OF IT a copy in English of the speech delivered in the Reichstag on February 20, 1938 by Adolf Hitler, Fuehrer and Chancellor of the German Reich, the perusal of which may perhaps help him to reflect on his assumption of "a brutal head of a brutal government." If by chance he should come across a copy of "English History" and make some comparisons of government principles outlined in the Fuehrer's speech and those embodied in English history—so much the better.

SWASTICA.

Shanghai, Sept. 26.

League and U.S.S.R.: The Russian Nation

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Your correspondent "ANTI-SOVIET, who wrote a letter under the above heading in your yesterday's issue, does not seem to know any difference between the terms "nation" and "government," or pretends not to know it when he slings the mud at the Russian nation while denouncing the Soviet government.

He refers to the Russians as . . . ."a nation known to consist of former crooks and murderers" and . . . ."people who have no religion and consequently no honour."

It must be admitted that, as far as the heads of U.S.S.R. government are concerned, his epithets are no exaggeration at all, but the point is that this is in no way a Russian government!

As a matter of fact it is definitely an international body quite hostile to the Russian national spirit, as evidenced by the fact that the Soviet leaders were imported into Russia by Germany during the war and started their movement there with the German help. Even the very name of the country was suppressed by them and a meaningless calling of a "Union of Soviet Socialistic Republics" was substituted for it.

As to the national character, honour and religion, is it possible that a nation "consisting of former crooks and murderers and people who have no religion and no honour" could have built a mighty empire occupying one-sixth of the whole ground available on this little earth of ours?

Has not Napoleon, who conquered the whole of Europe, tried to lay his hands on it? And what happened? Is it possible that a nation without honour, etc., could find enough power in itself to withstand his push and to kick the great conqueror out? Was it not the Emperor of Russia who delivered Germany, Austria, Italy, etc., etc., from domination of the French when he dictated the conditions of peace in Paris then?

There are many other glorious pages of history to the credit of Russians and there is no doubt that the Russians have just as much ground to be proud of their national character and behaviour in the past as any other great nation. The present government, although causing Russians to lose a lot of face, cannot change the national spirit of the country.

The fact that the churches are being forcibly closed down by the decrees of the godless rulers does not indicate that the people have ceased to be religious!

That the people are opposed to it is evidenced by the fact that millions of citizens have left the country disgusted with the doings of this international clique, many more millions are imprisoned and God only knows how many more have been shot for the opposition to the government!

I quite agree with your correspondent that it is a great shame for the statesmen of Great Powers to shake hands with the Soviet rulers, knowing who they used to be in the past, and especially knowing what they are doing now, but this is up to the statesmen themselves.

A still greater shame for all civilized nations it will be if the Soviets, with all their admitted crookedness, while leaving the League of their own free will, would say that they refuse to shake hands with these statesmen, being disgusted with a shameful inability on the part of these statesmen to honour their obligations!

So what is the good of mud-slinging?

V.F.G.

Shanghai, Sept. 26.

General Sirovy: Siberian-Incident Recalled

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It is certainly no time to raise unpleasant memories of the tragic past—but your today's article on General Sirovy—whoever were those "White Russian officers," whose opinion is quoted in it?—is most inopportune in one respect.

Under the guidance of Gen. Sirovy, whom they consider as their national hero, the Czechoslovak people are facing the gravest moment of their history and this calls for respect from all not concerned in the German-Czech conflict. Many of us, White Russians, who were in Siberia when—

> . . . ."Gen. Sirovy displayed great presence of mind and his tactful handling of the situation resulted in the extrication and safe arrival of the Czechs in Vladivostok. . . ."

would not think of saying at present anything against this Czech general that might be construed as a biassed interference with the old politically prejudiced grievances. But we can not keep our respectful silence when your article asserts that in Siberia he. . . . . "possessed of great tact!"

Sir, it was the Czech legionaries who under Gen. Sirovy's orders handed over our chivalrous Admiral Koltchak to the Bolsheviks, who, of course, immediately shot him. That was the price of the safe conduct to Vladivostok, and we have another word for it.

REMEMBER.

Shanghai, Sept. 25.

Minorities: Sympathy For the Dodecanese

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It is feared in Europe that Herr Hitler together with Signor Benito Mussolini will make new demands from Czechoslovakia.

They want to proclaim themselves champions of the liberty of other minorities, thus forcing Poland and Hungary to be under their obiligation. In short, they want to send Czechoslovakia to pieces, eventually to annihilate her in order to attack Soviet Russia.

Poland, of course, grateful to Hitler for the few square miles given to her from the unfortunate Czechoslovakia, will not object to the crossing of her territory by Hitler's black, brown and other coloured shirts. And so Hitler's dream of conquering Ukrainia will begin to take the form of a reality.

This plan is very clever, so clever that I congratulate him and his pal.

But my congratulations will go even further if those two champions of the liberty of other people (poor Jews) would turn their sympathetic faces toward the South-east of Europe.

There are thousands of people over there who want their land returned to them. They do not want to be called what they are not. They want to be called by their names, their nationality. Can't our champions do something for them, can't our liberators give them a hope?

It is so simple for Signor Benito Mussolini to make this gesture. It is up to him to return the Dodecanese Islands to the nation to which they belong—to Greece.

For surely no one will object to Signor Benito Mussolini's generous impulse, because those islands are Greece's inheritance for thousands of years. Even if any nation does object, those modern athletes or champions, always do it their own way—force. They will force Greece to take her islands back.

THIRD ISLANDER.

Shanghai, Sept. 26.

BY SAPAJOU

Our Political Calendar

Shanghai's Future: A Pertinent Question

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—"What will happen to Shanghai if war is declared in Europe?"

J. WANG.

Shanghai, Sept. 25.

Anthem Wanted: Minorities to Music

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Would any of your readers kindly supply the text and music of the Czecho-Hungarian-Polish-Sudeten-Ruthenian-Slovakian National Anthem.

MUSIC LOVER.

Shanghai, Sept. 26.

The Public Library: Condition of Books

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—There have been many complaints appearing in your correspondence columns recently, about one thing and another; so I think this is an opportune time to register my complaint, although, no doubt, it will fade into insignificance when compared with some of the others.

As a subscriber to the S. M. C. Public Library, I feel justified in bringing to the notice of the authorities concerned the deplorable condition of the books which are loaned out to the public. I have often had a book with leaves missing, or on the point of falling out; on one occasion I had a book in which a section was in its wrong order, thereby throwing the book out of its proper sequence. In another case on opening a book I found where pages 1 and 2 should have been pages 5 and 6 were in their place instead!

The appearance and binding in general of the majority of books are a disgrace to a public library for a city the size of Shanghai, and should, I think, be remedied if the Library wishes to keep its subscribers.

It would be interesting to know who does the repair work and binding for the Library.

LE GASCON

Shanghai, Sept. 26.

China's Finances: Questions for Mr. Kann

To the Editor of the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In your issue of Sept. 16 a lengthy report was published on an address delivered by MR. E. KANN before the Rotary Club at the Metropole Hotel on the timely subject—"Chinese Government Finance and Currency under War Conditions." Mr. KANN's seven-point letter in the correspondence column of your issue for Sept. 20 was a great relief to those readers who were not a little puzzled over the previous report. It would be a great thing indeed if Mr. Kann could find the time to publish an article on the same subject covering substantially the same field as he did in his recent address.

MR. KANN's letter was purported to correct certain misreported points. At that he did very well. But to me it was still a pity that MR. KANN did not find it feasible to have the manuscript of his address prepared for advance release through the press. This is particularly advisable for an address on an important and technical subject. I hope MR. KANN would not again speak on such a subject without a previously prepared manuscript so as to avoid misunderstanding or misinterpretation.

As I am interested in this subject, I would like to be further enlightened on point 4 in MR. KANN's letter. It reads: "(4) I am credited with having claimed that 'The year 1933 marked the farewell to the tael and China's silver currency.' What I said was: 'April of 1933 marked the abolition of the tael as the country's currency for wholesale transactions. The tael was replaced by the national silver dollar.' (N.B. The latter was abolished in November, 1935.)"

Obviously, the latter part of the sentence in the news report was not true to fact, for China still used silver for some time after the abolition of the tael in (April) 1933. But MR. KANN referred to the abolition of the tael as the country's currency for wholesale transactions. What, then, was the country's currency for retail transactions? Were there two separate and distinct Chinese currencies prior to the abolition of the tael—one for wholesale and the other for retail transactions?

It also sounds ambiguous to say that "the tael was replaced by the national silver dollar." For practical purposes, the tael was first replaced by foreign silver dollars and later by Chinese silver dollars. In fact, the tael was only one of Chinese currencies and never the Chinese currency both before and after the introduction of the first Chinese silver dollar. Long before the appearance of the standard silver dollar, more especially since the adoption of the Customs Gold Unit (CGU) it remained an empty shell of a Chinese currency—a book-keeping and accounting unit with no practical value as a medium of exchange. What actually happened was the fact that the tael, destined to die a natural death, was legally abolished as a Chinese currency unit. The tael was already replaced by the Chinese silver dollar, such as the Yuan Shihkai dollar, in actual business transactions. The abolition of the tael was simply a legal recognition of an obsolete currency unit.

I was further puzzled by MR. KANN's statement—"The latter—the national silver dollar—was abolished in November, 1935." Was it actually abolished? Or was the Chinese dollar simply placed under government control? What is the present Chinese dollar anyway—a paper dollar or a metallic dollar? Has China today a managed currency? If so, how is it managed? Is it pegged to the pound sterling? I shall appreciate if MR. KANN would kindly explain these points in non-technical language. I think many other readers will join me in asking for such a favour with deep indebtedness.

LEON C. LEONG.

Shanghai, Sept. 23.

S.V.C. Routine Orders

Officers:—The following extract from the Municipal Gazette dated Sept. 23, is published for information:—Long Service Medal—Awards:—The undermentioned has been awarded the 3rd Bar to the medal for Long Service:—Maj. M. F. R. Leitao Sept. 15.

Office Hours—Corps Headquarters:—With effect from Oct. 1, all offices at Corps Headquarters will be open daily (except Sunday and S.M.C. Holidays) from 9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and from 2.30 p.m. to 5 p.m. Saturday from 9 a.m. to 12 noon.

Quartermaster's Stores—Hours of issue:—Commencing October 1, the Quartermaster's Stores will be open daily from 8.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. and from 2.30 p.m. to 6 p.m., Saturday from 8.30 a.m. to 12 noon.

Strength:—Increase:—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps and their units on dates shown:—Corps Troops:—"C" Machine Gun Co.—Pte. B. Troyan, Sept. 20. "A" Battalion:—"A" Company.—Pte. D. S. Ramplin, Sept. 23. Jewish Company.—Pte. M. Morguleff, Sept. 17. "B" Battalion:—American Company.—Pte. D. Dannemann, Sept. 16. Portuguese Company.—Pte. A. M. de Souza, Sept. 22. Philippine Company.—Pte. A. R. Bahon, Sept. 16. Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps and their units on dates shown:—Corps Troops:—Signals Company.—Q. M. S. W. J. Yetton, Sept. 23, Interpreter Company.—Pte. C. T. Kiang, Sept. 16. "A"- Battalion:—"B" Company.—Pte. W. E. Cance, Sept. 19.

Clothing—Dress:—Service Dress Clothing (winter) will be taken into wear with effect from Oct. 7. All ranks not in possession of service dress clothing should report to the Quartermaster's Stores, Corps Headquarters for measurement and fitting forthwith.

Sixty Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF SEPTEMBER 27, 1878

After the deplorable exhibition on the Bund on Tuesday evening, it can be truly said that volunteering under present circumstances, is a dead letter in Shanghai. The spirit of the movement has long since evaporated, and the body now seems rapidly dissolving. There must be a cause. Is it that there is such a feeling in favour of the security of life and property among the male portion of the community, that the practise of arms is considered for the future unnecessary? Or is it that there is a feeling of dissatisfaction among the rank and file at the little interest taken by almost all the officers in the general well-being of the corps? Even the Mih-ho-loongs now desert the muster and No. 1. Company is practically defunct. The whole force wants reorganizing on a basis similar to that of the Home battalions; but, as I hear, a meeting of the remaining officers is intended to be held on Monday or Tuesday next, to consider the whole position of affairs, I will refrain from saying more until I know the results of the gathering.

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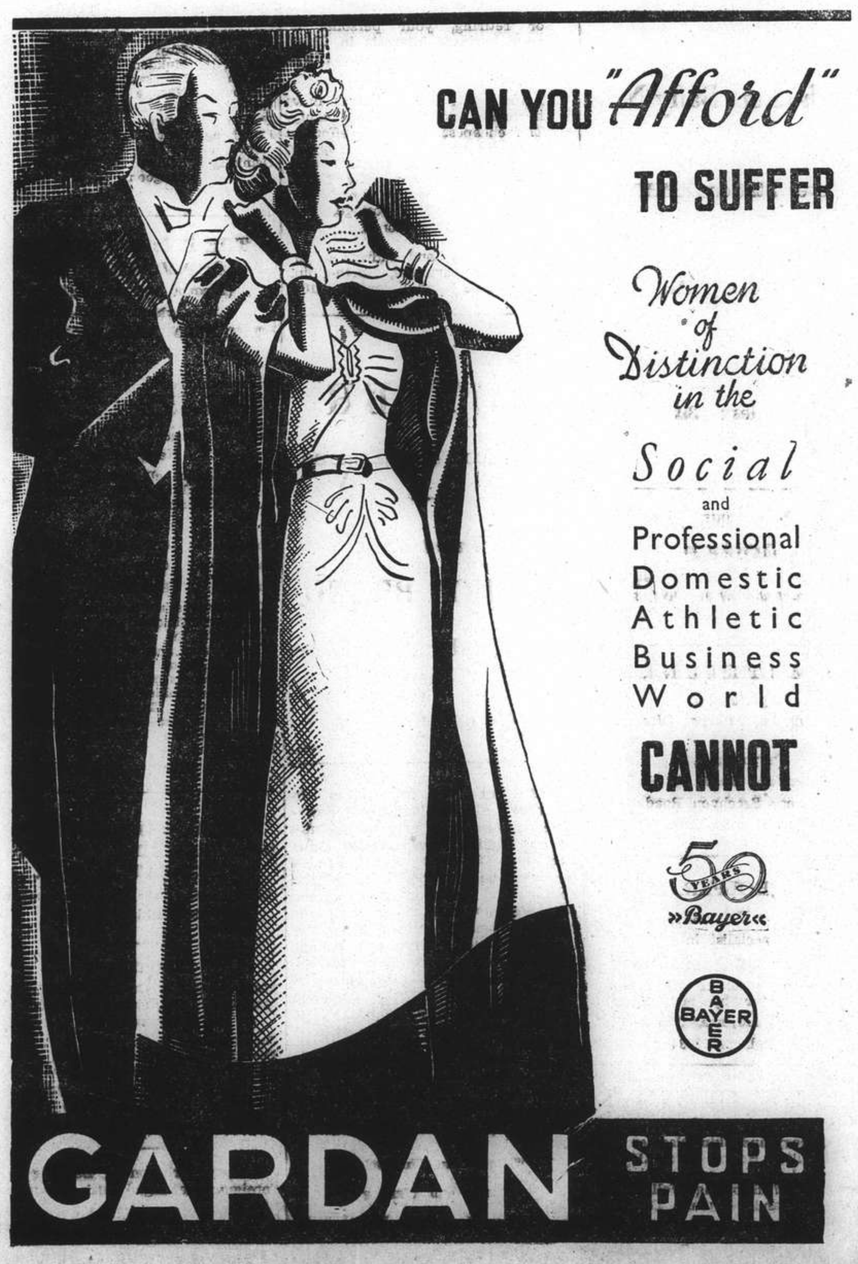

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In Main Salesroom—Now On View

On Wednesday, September 28, 1938, at 9.30 a.m.

Upholstered double spring couches and arm chairs, day beds, woollen blankets, electric gramophones, records, electric toasters, filters, banjo, clocks, glass ware, books, magazines, music books, 3 vols. Dictionary of Political Economy, bookcases, desks, desk chairs, hall stands, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, silver ware cabinets, small piano, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, brass, iron and wooden bedsteads, card tables, screens, willow furniture, etc.

In Cargo Salesroom—Now on View

On Wednesday, September 28, 1938, at 2.30 p.m.

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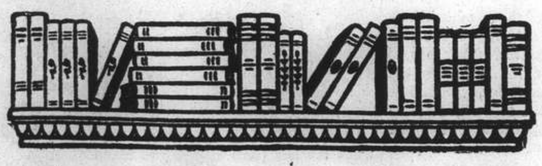

THE BOOK PAGE

Mysteries of the East

INDIAN UNDERWORLD A First-hand Account of Hindu Saints, Sorcerers, and Superstitions. By M. Paul Dare, late News Editor of the "Times of India." Rider, London. 7/6.

Mr. M. Hall Dare as a result of some years' activity as news editor of the "Times of India" and considerable study of India and the customs of its people has written a most engrossing book, so interesting that it is difficult to estimate which particular chapter has the most appeal to the reader. Undoubtedly that dealing with the rope trick and other mysteries will appeal to a large number of readers, chiefly because of the fact that most people have heard of the former and because opinion is so strongly divided, first as to whether the trick has ever been performed, and secondly as to whether it has at any time been possible. Probably the most telling test from the point of view of the sheer materialist has been the failure of anybody to come forward and perform this trick in order to reap the considerable rewards which have been offered. The most substantial story of the trick is that told by Mr. Gulam M. Munshi who actually avers that he saw it performed on the open ground in front of his hotel. There are hosts of other people who have not seen it themselves but who allege that they know somebody who has. By many people hearsay evidence will not be accepted, but when it is realized that in some legal jurisdiction it is, with of course due appreciation of the fact that such testimony is either second or third-hand, probably in the general view this must be taken as some sort of substantiation of the eyewitnesses' story. The whole question of credibility in these circumstances must depend upon the evidence, and on this subject the author writes:

....not only have we no evidence that the "law of gravity" obtains utterly and without exception, but we have plenty of evidence that in certain conditions it *can* be upset by supernormal powers: I would here merely quote the case, classic to all students of occultism, of the medium Home's levitation, and a demonstration I have myself withessed in India, related later in this chapter, of a *sadhu* walking across a 200-foot ravine in mid-air. In this case I have positive evidence that there was no deception of the senses.

Evidence of the Eyes

If indeed Mr. Dare has seen a *sadhu* walking across a 200 foot ravine in mid-air, there is absolutely no reason why, if the law of gravity can be defeated in such a manner, a Hindu magician should not be able to throw up a rope into the air up which a lad can clamber and disappear, finally to be found in some other portion of the surrounding area—but the average so-called level-headed person, even if he saw it, would be inclined to doubt the efficiency of his senses. There is a theory that such performances have been the result of a form of mass-hypnotism, but opposed to this there are reported instances where an observer who does not appear to have been overcome by the spell has photographed the trick in process and found nothing of interest on his plates. That, of course, might be offset by another Hindu belief, that it is possible to suspend the laws of light with regard to the camera on certain spiritual occasions. That again some people may believe, while others most certainly will not.

Confidence Men

It is somewhat of a pity that the book opens with this particular subject, for when the auther proceeds to deal with other aspects of superstition in India and the manner in which the fears of the commonalty are worked upon by the unscrupulous he touches a most interesting subject. It is probably inevitable that in the religious state in which the lower classes of India have found themselves for centuries, superstition should be so flourishing as it is even in this day and age. Many of the men who prey upon the credulity of their fellows are no more than common prestidigitators, or, failing that, people gifted with all the eloquent persuasiveness of the confidence trickster, and where by reason of their religion the people are so completely soaked in superstition, the men operating along those lines find it a particularly easy and fruitful field. Thus in addition to the superstition racket there is a considerable amount of crime in India glossed over by all manner of abracadabra coming under the general heading of sorcery.

Human Sacrifice

Mr. Dare is by no means certain that both human sacrifice and *sati*—the practice of self-immolation by a widow on her husband's funeral pyre—have completely ceased. There is no doubt that the British Government has succeeded largely in suppressing it; but as the author himself says, the ultimate abolition of both will have to come from within Hinduism itself, if at all, the plain truth being that "the English are thoroughly detested in India and all attempts to interfere with basic practices of the Hindu's faith only deepen the hatred and drive these rites underground." The author makes a good case in showing why these practices should endure. If it is an age-old legend that the fertility of the earth depends upon the spilling over it of human blood or the burying in it of human flesh taken in ritual sacrifice, it is difficult to believe that Hindu beliefs have so progressed up to the present that they themselves have discarded this very terrible practice. Mr. Dare suggests that even now such sacrifices are occasionally being offered, and he quotes a case which came to light in 1932:

....when a priest of a village in Coimbatore district was tried for murder after sacrificing his twelve-year-old son to appease the wrath of Kandi-amma, the goddess of disease, who insisted on a libation of blood. At the inquest the priest said that the *jagganaut* (the car-festival) had not been celebrated for two years, which provoked the wrath of the goddess, who threatened to wipe out the village in an epidemic unless she were appeased with human blood. She appeared to the priest in a vision, and told him only the blood of his own son could expiate the sin of failing to hold the car-ceremony; so he decapitated the boy with an axe and poured his blood out before the idol....

This particular case is taken from a work by Arthur Miles, whose "Land of the Lingam" was reviewed in these columns some two or three years back.

Towards the Light

If human sacrifice does still persist there is every reason to believe that animal sacrifice is not only continuing but on a very wide scale. It must be remembered that, with perhaps very few exceptions, the religions of the world have demanded the propitiation of gods, and that through the ages they have called for not only the sacrifice of animals and of wealth, but also of human life, and it is apparent that in some parts of the world mankind has to progress a very great distance before those practices are eventually abandoned. One of the outstanding features of the book is the manner in which the general insistence upon blood plays a great part not only in the ordinary superstitions of the people but in their religious practices. There is probably some very good psychological reason why this vestigial remnant should still be found in the world, but it is very obviously the task of more enlightened races to work towards that time when these degrading superstitions shall be abolished from the earth. That it would seem is still a long way ahead, but it must come if ever such a country as India is to make that progress which from its size and the natural ability of its people should be brought about.

The work is a most interesting one and full of a large number of instances to support the case which the author makes out. It is somewhat depressing reading, but nevertheless, coming from such a pen as his, it is an important first-hand account of Hindu saints, sorcerers and superstitions.—R. T. P-G.

Reviews

PACIFIC AFFAIRS September. Camden, New Jersey. U.S.A. Per Annum G$2.

LA REVUE NATIONALE CHINOISE August. 2004 Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai. $1 Per Annum $10.

The first article in the September number of "Pacific Affairs" is "The People Behind the Chinese Guerillas" by Haldore Hanson, the account of which the author has made very readable. "A British Observer" writes "To Have and to Hold," discussing the present situation in China. Nym Wales describes an interview with Lo Fu, the Secretary of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party, under the title "Why the Chinese Communists Support the United Front." "Manchoukuo's New Economic Policy" is dealt with by Nagaharu Yasuo, and "The Arming of Australia and New Zealand" by Donald Cowie. Under "Pacific Affairs Bibliographies" comes "The Development of Modern Social Science in China" by Wang Yu-ch'uan, and under Comment and Correspondence are articles and letters on "America's Interest and Britain's Policy," "The Moscow Trials," "The Standard of Living in the Soviet Union." Book reviews are also a feature of this quarterly.

* * *

The August number of "La Revue Nationale Chinoise" contains an account of the health precautions in the French Concession during this very difficult summer, the article being illustrated by photographs. Reprinted from "Oriental Affairs" is an article by H. G. W. Woodhead, "French Concessions, Oasis of Security," and another article reproduced is from "Le Journal de Shanghai," an account of the inauguration of Air-France Hanoi-Hongkong, photographs of the reception at Hongkong being given. The laying of the foundation stone of the Anti-Rabies Institute in August by the French Ambassador is dealt with, the account being illustrated. General and economic news receives attention, the Generalissimo's "Appeal to Youth" is translated, "The Modernization of China and the Development of Szechuen" is described, and there is also an account of an interview by J. Gunther with the Generalissimo. The customary diary of the preceding month, and a war map complete the issue.

Penguin Books

The latest Penguin mystery and crime books have arrived to delight the hearts of detective story fans. In their order (151-160) they are "The Invisible Man," by H. G. Wells; "Enter a Murderer" by Ngaio March; "The Piccadilly Murder" by Anthony Berkeley; "The House on Tollard Ridge" by John Rhode; "Murder at Crome House" by G. D. H. and Margaret Cole; "The Red House Mystery" by A. A. Milne; "The Mystery of Dr. Fu-Manchu" by Sax Rohmer; "The Waxworks Murder" by John Dickson Carr; "The Dangerfield Talisman" by J. J. Connington; "Obelists at Sea" by C. Daly King.

"Penguin Parade 3," edited by Denys Kilham Roberts, contains short stories and two poems, decorated by several wood engravings, all of them published in England for the first time.

If you would be loved as a companion, avoid unnecessary criticism upon those with whom you live. The number of people who have taken out judges' patents for themselves is very large in any society.—SIR ARTHUR HELPS

* * *

"The Yenching Journal of Social Studies," published semi-annually by Yenching University, Peiping, contains in its June issue articles on "Recent Population Changes in China," by Ch'eng-hsin Chao; "Professor Hung on the Ch'un Ch'iu," by Ssu-ho Ch'i; "Intensive and Extensive Methods of Observing the Personality-Culture Manifold," by Harold D. Lasswell; "The Kiaotsi Railway Consumers' Co-operative Society," by Lin-chuang Cheng; "Printing Paper: Its Supply and Demand in China," by Rudolf Lowenthal; "Notes on the Necessity of Field Research in Social Science in China," by An-che Li; and "When was the First Foreign Loan to China?" by Gideon Ch'en. Book reviews are also a feature of the volume.

New Fiction

The first 50 pages of **"Purser's Mate"** (Ward Lock, London. 3/6) are a poor introduction to what turns out to be quite an entertaining book. It is evident that Mr. E. Laurie Long has to get on board a ship before he is in his element, and once on board the Weland, of the Molson Steamship Line, bound from London to Hongkong, he shows life on a passenger ship through the eyes of a member of the ship's company—a young man who has just left Cambridge and signed on as, apparently, something in the nature of a ship's boy. Life on the ocean wave is amusing, and so are the occasional glimpses of the meetings in the board room of the Molson Line, with stingy old Mr. Molson at the head of the table. But inspiration seems to fail on shore, nothing is quite so likely as it is at sea—and rebellion must be registered against that high-born and wealthy young Chinese woman, afflicted by the awful name of Wun Tu, and talking like Charlie Chan, who had "given her service voluntarily to the Wharton family in obedience to the wishes of her father, now dead" (for the reason for which the reader is referred in a footnote to the author's previous book "Foul Hawsers") and acted as nurse to little Joan Wharton. The voyages of the Weland could have been longer with advantage and time on shore shorter.

Hunting down purveyors of dope—which is the last thing one would associate with **"Dude Ranch"** (Ward Lock, London. 3/6)—Joe Hardy, federal agent, enlists the services of a girl who had unthinkingly been "in on the game" herself. Brought to a realization of her unwisdom by the fact that her companion will probably get ten years, Lal Pennington turns over a new leaf, takes the generous pay offered her by Hardy and sets out on the trail regardless of consequences—Kate Rainer's dance hall at Four Bits, and then hired out as an entertainer to Gian Politi himself at the dude ranch—intended to be offered to Paolo Deventer the "big shot." The wild winds blow through Mr. Barry Lynd's story less violently than usual where ranches are concerned—there is more sophistication, there is even afternoon tea in the lounge:

And there in the lounge sat Politi before a loaded tea tray with two cups, one of which he had already filled and half emptied. As Vera entered he took up the teapot and filled the other cup, and then with a glance at her indicated the milk and sugar by a pointing finger.

"Lacking your presence, I began," he said. "I do not know your taste in condiments, sister, so will you help yourself? Please sit here."

He indicated the place beside himself on the settee, but Vera drew up a small hardwood chair and seated herself on it.

Vera is Lal in disguise. Mr. Lynd has told his story well and there are a lot of characters well worth meeting in this struggle between the law and the underworld.—D.P.

It is not often that a missionary is the hero of an adventure story, with all the attributes of a secular hero too, but in **"By Papuan Waters"** (Ward Lock, London. 3/6) Mr. Ottwell Binns has tried the unusual and produced quite a good result. John Carrington, judging by the portrait on the dust-cover, is good-looking, and so is Roberta Harlowe, who turns up with her rum-running brother in their motor boat just in time to save John and his native teacher from being killed and eaten by those they had been labouring to instruct. Roberta's brother had a partner, Samarai Sam, a very evil villain, and what between them they sold to the natives was not profitable to the missionary cause—the Mairavians were bad enough without it. The background of this exciting story is made up of green waterways running between rank forests and dark swamps, alligator-infested lagoons, mud banks with creeping things, and an entire lack of anything that faintly suggests civilization—and there are enough hairbreadth escapes to make the best-smoothed hair stand on end.

Books Received

Great Catholics. Edited by Father Claude Williamson (Nicholson & Watson, London. 10/6).

He who holds back rising anger like a rolling chariot, him I call a real driver; other people are but holding the reins.—THE DHAMMAPADA.

* * *

I venerate an honest obliquity of understanding. The more laughable blunders a man shall commit in your company, the more tests he giveth you that he will not betray or overreach you.—CHARLES LAMB

* * *

It is unnatural for a man to hug and court solitariness .... for well may we count him not well in his wits who will live always under a bush, because others in a storm shelter themselves under it.—THOMAS FULLER.

* * *

As the stars recede into distance, so time recedes with them; and there may be, and probably are, stars from which Noah might be seen stepping into the ark, Eve listening to the temptation of the serpent, or that older race, eating the oysters and leaving the shell-heaps behind them, when the Baltic was an open sea.—JAMES ANTHONY FROUDE

* * *

Many of us have a habit of saying to those with whom we live such things as we say about strangers behind their backs. There is no place, however, where real politeness is of more value than where we mostly think it would be superfluous. You may say more truth, or rather speak out more plainly, to your associates, but not less courteously, than you do to strangers.—SIR ARTHUR HELPS

* * *

The "Iliad" for war; the "Odyssey" for wandering; but where is the great domestic epic? Yet it is but commonplace to say that passions may rage round a tea-table which would not have misbecome men dashing at one another in war chariots; and evolutions of patience and temper are performed at the fireside, worthy to be compared with the Retreat of the Ten Thousand. Men have worshipped some fantastic being for living alone in a wilderness; but social martyrdoms place no saints upon the calendar.—SIR ARTHUR HELPS

THROUGH THE MIKE

BY THE RADIO EDITOR

Radio Hams

In a resumé of the decisions made at the International Telecommunication Conferences at Cairo, mention is made of the fact that notwithstanding the increasing pressure of national and international requirements, the frequency bands allocated to amateurs and experimenters remain substantially those originally set aside for their use at Washington in 1927. This is regarded as an appreciative recognition of the value of their work in the radio field. It is stated that there are approximately 70,000 amateur and experimental radio stations in the work. 50,000 of which are located in the United States of America.

* * *

Off Again, On Again!

Radio Sofia of Bulgaria, following a series of experimental transmissions on 35.44 metres, 8.645 mc/s, in anticipation of the opening in the spring of a 20-kilowatt short wave transmitter, has now reverted to its former channel of 20.04 metres, 14.97 mc/s. It is reported to be broadcasting at the following (Shanghai) times:—18.00-20.00 and 23.00-06.00 on Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday; 02.00-04.00 on Wednesday and Friday only. On Sundays and holy days an early transmission is made between 13.30-21.00 and the afternoon session, starting at 23.00 lasts until 05.30. A woman announcer is used, and the station, officially listed as LZA, announces itself as "Radio Sofia," or, for the benefit of those who spell it differently, "Radio Sophia."

* * *

New Station

News bulletins relative to the Sino-Japanese conflict in German, French and English are being broadcast daily from 20.00-20.30 over station XTJ, Hankow on 25.66 metres, 11.69 mc/s; the power of the station is given as 3 kilowatts.

* * *

Luxembourg

According to the Paris press, permission has been granted to Radio Luxembourg by the Government of the Grand Duchy to carry out broadcasts on a short wave channel. Transmissions are, therefore, likely to be made in the extraordinarily near future, but it is pointed out that for some time they will only be of an experimental nature.

* * *

Paging Shanghai

From the South Americas comes the following item:—"The Post and Telegraph authorities of the Argentine Republic have cancelled all transmitting licences and broadcasting stations which have hitherto been granted this concession must now file a new application for a permit to radiate radio programmes. This measure has been taken to enable the Government to examine each individual case on its own merits and thus secure a better control over the stations. At Buenos Aires there exists only one official studio, the one owned and operated by the municipal authorities of the capital, but the city possesses, in addition, sixteen other transmitters, all privately owned. There are also 34 stations located in various other cities and towns, but many are of low power and their service includes unsatisfactory broadcasts and in some instances of a questionable nature." The Post and Telegraph authorities of the Argentine might pop over to Shanghai some spare afternoon; they'd find quite a spot of similar work waiting for them here!

* * *

"Bronze Venus"

The story of a man who was married against his will to a bronze statue gave Prosper Merimée, the famous French author, the material for one of his macabre pieces of writing. As "La Venus d'Ille," the tale made our grandparents' flesh go all horripilations (goose-pimples, to you), and now I see that Ernest Short has turned it into a radio play. "The Bronze Venus"—which is being broadcast from Daventry this week. In Merimee's story the statue, the figure of a singularly beautiful woman, but with an indefinable suggestion of evil about it, was dug up in the garden of the Mayor of d'Ille. It bore the inscription "Beware if she loves you." The mayor's son, on his wedding morning, put the wedding ring on the statue's finger for a few moments—and could not get it off again. As the next day dawned, he was found dead in the bridal chamber, in circumstances that made the credulous villagers declare that the "Bronze Venus" had left her pedestal and come to claim her bridegroom.

* * *

Switzerland

According to information from Home, the Swiss Administration of Posts and Telegraphs at Berne is now carrying out experimental broadcasts with a transmitter at Schwarzenburg. The transmissions are made daily, Sundays excepted, between the (Shanghai time) hours of: 02.00-03.00 on 31.46m., from 07.45-08.45 on 19.60m., and again from 09.00 to 10.10 on 25.28m. Reports of reception will be appreciated and should be addressed to:—The Swiss Telegraph Administration, Berne, Switzerland. For the benefit of overseas listeners, incidentally, several specially selected radio programmes broadcast by the Swiss medium-wave studios will be re-transmitted on short wave channels through the Prangins (League of Nations) stations of HBJ, 20.64m. and HBO, 26.31m., on various dates. Announcements will be made in three European languages.

* * *

Moscow

With the coming into action of the new 100-kilowatt transmitter, RW96, the schedule of the English talks from Moscow has been slightly changed. It is now as follows:—Daily, 09.00, simultaneously on 19.76m., 31.25m.; at 12.15 through RW59 (RNE) on 25 metres. RNE is also used on Sundays at 20.00, 24.00 and 06.00; on Tuesdays and Saturdays at 06.00; and on Wednesdays at 20.30.

SHORT WAVE RADIO

Today's Broadcasts

Daventry, England—Trans. 1, from *14.00* to *16.15* o'clock, 16.86 metres; 19.66m.; 19.76m.; 25.53m.; 31.55m. Trans. 2, *18.45* to *21.55*, 13.93m.; 13.97m.; 16.86m.; 19.82m.; Trans. 3, *22.00* to *1.00*, 13.93m.; 13.97m.; 16.86m.; 19.82m.

Via Hongkong:—31.49m.

Berlin, Germany.—*13.05* to *24.00* 31.33m.; 19.74m.; 19.63m.; 16.89m.; 13.99m.

Rome, Italy.—*19.00 to 21.30 and 23.00 to 00.20*, 25.4m.

Australia—Lyndhurst, Mon.-Sat. *10.35 to 21.30*, Sun., *16.00 to 20.30*, 31.34m.

Sydney, Sun., *14.00 to 16.00; 18.00 to 22.00*; Mon., *22.00 to 24.00*; 31.28m.

Melbourne, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 22.00*, 31.50m.

Perth, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 19.00*, 31.28m.

Paris, France,—*14.00 to 18.00*, 25.24m., 31.45m.; *18.00 to 23.00*, 19.68m.; *21.30 to 23.00*, 16.88m.

Hilversum, Holland.—Irreg., but generally; Daily, *08.00 to 10.00, 21.25 to 23.30*; Sun., *20.25 to 23.30, 03.00 to 04.00*, 16.38m.; 19.71m.; 31.28m.

Manila, P.I.—*6.30 to 9.00 and 19.00 to 23.00*, 25.38m.; 31.35m. Sunday, *18.00 to 24.00*.

Tokyo, Japan,—*13.00 to 14.30, 21.00 to 23.30*, 25.42m.; 19.79m.

Lisbon, Portugal,—*6.00 to 8.00*, 30.13m.

Schenctady, N.Y., U.S.A.—*20.00 to 24.00*, 13.9m.; *00.15 to 07.00*, 19.50m.

Round Brook, N.J., U.S.A.—*21.00 to 05.00*A 16.6m. daily; *22.00 to 05.00* 16.8m., Saturday; *23.00 to 24.00*, 16.8m., Sundays.

13.10 Varied (B)
13.30 News, etc. (T)
14.00 News in German (B), "Empire Exchange" (D)
14.15 "Music Hall" (D)
15.00 News (B)
15.15 Soprano/organ recital (D)
15.50 News (D)
16.30 "At Home and Abroad" (LYN)
17.00 Melbourne and Perth programmes (A)
17.15 News (LYN)
17.30 News in German (B)
18.45 Cinema organ (D)
19.00 Concert (B), (LYN), News (P), Varied (M), (R)
19.15 Play: "The Bronze Venus" (D)
19.40 Soprano recital (D)
20.00 News (B), Concert (P)
20.05 The Five Microtones (D)
20.15 Manchester Tuesday Midday Concert (D)
20.30 News (LYN), in French (P)
21.00 "Green and Pavements" (D), News in German (B), Varied (T)
21.15 Country dances (D)
21.30 News (D), Concert (P)
22.00 Variety (D), News (B)
22.15 Launching of the Queen Elizabeth (D)
22.50 "Empire Variety Theatre" (D)
23.30 "Quartet Music" (D)
24.00 News (D), (R)
00.20 Isidore Schwiller's String Sextet (D)
00.40 Diary of a tramp: "Kip" (D)
05.15 News (D)
05.35 Dance music (D)
06.00 Special news, 31.48m. (USA). "Topical Gazette" (D)
06.30 Varied (M)
06.35 "Cupboard Love," story (D)

"Wait a little; this is not the time."—This is the common argument of men who, being in reality hostile to a measure, are ashamed or afraid of appearing to be so.—SIDNEY SMITH.

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No Politics in Freemasonry

Grand Lodge Again Defines Position and Aims; Basic Principles not Secret

The attitude of English Freemasonry on political questions and problems of State is defined anew in the following statement issued by Mr. Sydney A. White, Grand Secretary of the United Grand Lodge of England, on the authority of the Duke of Connaught, Grand Master of the United Grand Lodge:

From time to time the United Grand Lodge of England has deemed it desirable to set forth in precise form the aims of Freemasonry as consistently practised under its jurisdiction since it came into being as an organized body in 1717, and also to define the principles governing its relations with those other Grand Lodges with which it is in fraternal accord.

In view of representations which have been received, and of statements recently issued which have distorted or obscured the true objects of Freemasonry, it is once again considered necessary to emphasise certain fundamental principles of the Order.

The first condition of admission into, and membership of, the Order is a belief in the Supreme Being. This is essential and admits of no compromise.

The Bible, referred to by Freemasons as the Volume of the Sacred Law, is always open in the lodges. Every candidate is required to take his Obligation on that book or on the Volume which is held by his particular creed to impart sanctity to an oath or promise taken upon it.

Freedom of Opinion

Everyone who enters Freemasonry is, at the outset, strictly forbidden to countenance any act which may have a tendency to subvert the peace and good order of society; he must pay due obedience to the law of any State in which he resides or which may afford him protection, and he must never be remiss in the allegiance due to the Sovereign of his native land.

While English Freemasonry thus inculcates in each of its members the duties of loyalty and citizenship, it reserves to the individual the right to hold his own opinion with regard to public affairs. But neither in any lodge, nor at any time in his capacity as a Freemason, is he permitted to discuss or to advance his views on theological or political questions.

The Grand Lodge has always consistently refused to express any opinion on questions of foreign or domestic State policy either at home or abroad, and it will not allow its name to be associated with any action, however humanitarian it may appear to be, which infringes its unalterable policy of standing aloof from every question affecting the relations between one Government and another, or between political parties, or questions as to rival theories of government.

The Grand Lodge is aware that there do exist bodies styling themselves Freemasons which do not adhere to these principles, and while that attitude exists the Grand Lodge of England refuses absolutely to have any relations with such bodies, or to regard them as Freemasons.

Unaltered Principles

The Grand Lodge of England is a sovereign and independent body practising Freemasonry only with the three Degrees and only within the limits defined in its constitution as 'pure Antient Masonry.' It does not recognize or admit the existence of any superior Masonic authority, however styled.

On more than one occasion the Grand Lodge has refused, and will continue to refuse to participate in conferences with so-called international associations claiming to represent Freemasonry, which admit to membership bodies failing to confirm strictly to the principles upon which the Grand Lodge of England is founded. The Grand Lodge does not admit any such claim.

There is no secret with regard to any of the basic principles of Freemasonry, some of which have been stated above. The Grand Lodge will always consider the recognition of those Grand Lodges which profess and practise, and can show that they have consistently professed and practised those established and unaltered principles, but in no circumstances will it enter into discussion with a view to any new or varied interpretation of them.

They must be accepted and practised wholeheartedly and in their entirety by those who desire to be recognized as Freemasons by the United Grand Lodge of England.

CAPTAIN Alberto Ghe, Naval Attache to the Italian Embassy in Tokyo, is leaving for home in October after five years' stay in Japan. He will be succeeded by Captain Giorgis, a well-known expert on submarines.

R.A.F. Disaster Death Toll Now Thirteen

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Sept. 26.

Yet another member of the Callaghan family, an 18-year-old girl, Doris, died at the North Old Essex Hospital today as a result of injuries received three weeks ago when a Royal Air Force plane crashed into two houses at Edmonton. The total deathroll in the disaster is now thirteen, including four members of the Callaghan family.—Reuter.

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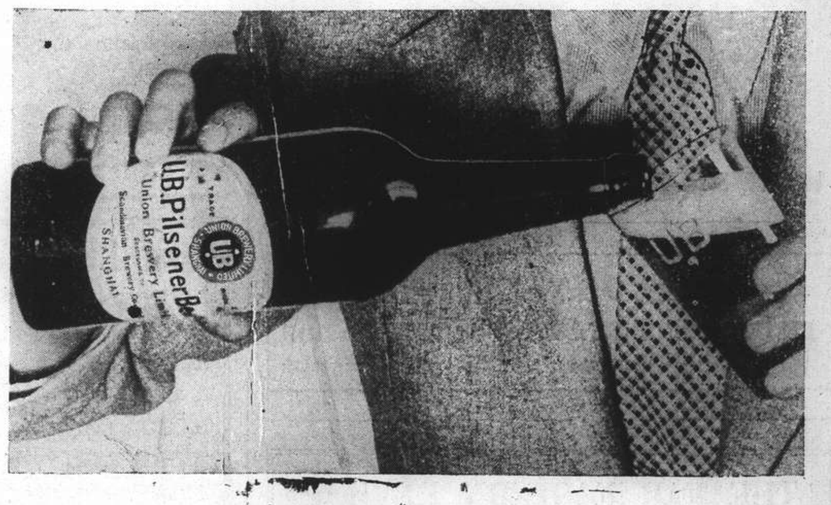

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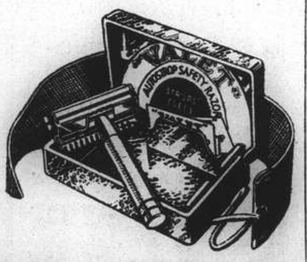

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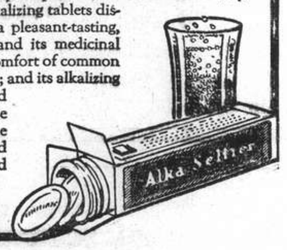

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ENGAGEMENT

GUIGNARD—BLOWN.—The engagement is announced of JOAN SYLVIA BLOWN to CHARLES JOHN GUIGNARD both of Shanghai.

DEATH

RAVETTA.—On Friday, September 23, 1938, JOSEPH EMMANUAL RAVETTA, aged 55 years, the dearly-beloved husband of Marie Nicolaevna Ravetta. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral services will be held today, Tuesday, September 27, at the Hungjao Road Cemetery at 4.30 p.m. (Tientsin papers please copy.) 11476

CARD

Mrs. W. R. JOHNSTON
ss. Carthage
P.P.C. -3362

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. SINGLOH HSU and family wish to thank all their friends for their kind expressions of sympathy and floral tributes sent during their recent bereavement. 11495

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

THE FOURTH PHASE

The capture of Hankow, a probability which in Japanese military plans is regarded as a foregone conclusion, represents the end of the fourth phase of the Japanese campaign in China. True, many predictions have gone astray in a conflict which has produced astonishing contradictions of preconceived ideas, and many anticipations have suffered in the process of timely fulfilment, but the ultimate possession of Hankow and its two sister cities, Hanyang and Wuchang, is a matter of little doubt. Even General Chiang Kai-shek himself has no illusions on this score and has prepared his army and his people to be prepared for the worst, although the surrender of these three important cities in the heart of China will follow only after the bitterest resistance as the course of the conflict in recent weeks has shown. The Wuhan group may be a valuable prize for the Japanese, but it will be costly because the full resources of China's armed resistance are in play against the invader. In their advance up the Yangtze into Central China with a greatly-reinforced army, the Japanese, to quote their own communiques, are making "steady progress" for every inch of territory is being contested with proportionate effort and sacrifices on both sides. The thrust into Honan has brought them to Loshan, a few miles from Sinyang, the city on the Peiping-Hankow Railway about 100 miles north of Hankow, but those few miles to Sinyang are strongly held and Gen. Chiang has concentrated heavy reinforcements, with mechanized units and artillery, to stem their advance. Little progress has been made along the river and on the immediate north bank since the forcing of the latest boom and the advance into East Hupeh which places the Japanese in control of what they prefer to call the most direct route to Hankow. South of the Yangtze, operations of the last week or two are clouded by an obscurity which suggests that the tremendous momentum gathered in the push down the Kiukiang-Nanchang Railway towards Tehan has been dissipated, and probably the nature of the terrain is responsible for this inactivity and, consequently, lack of reports. A new point of pressure, however, is developing farther to the west in the vicinity of Yangsin where the Japanese are attacking vigorously.

These are the developments of recent days and it is natural to assume that as the Japanese approach their last objective, which is defended by an army of 600,000 men in difficult territory specially prepared and exploited for defensive purposes, military opposition goes hand-in-hand with caution and the desire to eliminate any uncertainty in plans of attack, and therefore the slow progress, contrasting with the spectacular dashes in the earlier stages of the campaign, is explicable. Once in Hankow, the question of Japan's future intentions arises. In the bombastic and vindictive verbal barrages fired at Gen. Chiang by various of Japan's leaders, it has been stated that the Japanese will pursue their campaign to Chungking or anywhere in China where he chooses to establish his headquarters and will not rest until his power is broken and he is overthrown. These statements, of course, are to be treated with considerable reserve because in the existing state of uncompromising hostility, plus a rapidly-increasing war bill for the Japanese taxpayer, even if Hankow does fall it means merely another advanced post for Japan and heavier commitments in the additional occupied territory. Even less likely than at any time in the conflict are the present prospects for a decisive victory although the extension of Japanese control in China is inevitable. Both sides are feeling the strain. A. Chinese Economic Mission in Washington is discussing measures to protect the dollar in the expectation of protracted hostilities. Japan, which has already dug heavily into its reserves, is faced with an extraordinary military expenditure of Y.3,250,000,000 for the next fiscal year with a considerably lower trading revenue to provide it. And both countries are adamant in their asseverations that they will continue to the bitter end.

Straws in the wind are not lacking to indicate other possibilities. It appears evident that for many reasons the Japanese are disinclined to move farther than Hankow, and this does not depreciate any assessment of China's ability to resist. With a large part of China in her control the problems of occupation are almost as great as those of military conquest. Only in a fragmentary sense can it be said that the Japanese are able fully to control the area in their nominal possession. Suppression of guerilla activities, which are likely to increase as a result of the extension of her already long and tenuous line, have set the Japanese a task of formidable proportions. In Central China, the situation has been relatively peaceful in comparison with North China where large forces from Japan have been landed to deal with this aspect of only partial conquest of territory where Japanese garrisons have been stationed for years. There are other problems of urgent need which strengthen the belief that Hankow will be the end of the fourth phase and perhaps the last phase, militarily. The amalgamation last week of the Reformed and the Provisional Governments to provide the administrative machinery for this vast area is a projection of Japanese plans dependent on the capture of Hankow, and linked with schemes for economic and industrial development, which spell ill for the future of the "third party interests" so often quoted in official pronouncements, constitutes a clear indication of the course of Japanese efforts after the new objective has been attained. Judged by the spirit of the times, these Sino-Japanese ventures have not been happy, but there is no reason to suppose they will not succeed so long as a firm hand is exercised on these projects for the end would justify the means. Developments in the European situation and the implications of the Berlin-Rome-Tokyo axis might drastically change conditions as far as the Far East and the hostilities in China are concerned, but an analysis of present conditions leads to the conclusion that Japan must consolidate her position and do it quickly. Hankow, therefore, assumes an equal importance, politically and economically, as it does militarily.

Political Appreciation

Nobody can accuse Signor Mussolini of circumlocution. His frequent speeches are marked by a boldness of thought and a frankness of expression which remove any doubt regarding his meaning, and his blunt phraseology is startlingly refreshing in comparison with those examples of parliamentary intercourse which are delicately phrased with the precise object of saying nothing. That is what makes him outstanding among the political leaders of Europe today. His speech to the Blackshirts at Belluno on Saturday was no exception. Casting aside any pretence at politeness which generally envelops relations between one state and another not at war with each other, he described his "adversaries" beyond the Alps as "bound by out-of-date ideologies" and "too stupid to be dangerous." In geographical relationship to Italy, there are quite a number of countries beyond the Alps which makes the statement more interesting but the ideological reference defines the "adversaries." These are stern terms for a statesman like Signor Mussolini to use and are not conducive to an improvement in international relations at a time like this when war is on every tongue, but the desire for peace is in many hearts. In recent years, alas, there has been a sad deterioration in the oratorical performances of European leaders. Insults and abuses are commonplace devices which, strangely enough, please the home consumer but arouse no great indignation abroad. Silence is no longer golden: it is apparently a sign of weakness. The loudest in the clamour leads the way and there seems to be a keen degree of competition.

Listen to the Band

Given a fine Sunday evening, there is always a good crowd out to listen to the band of the Municipal Orchestra, wherever it may be playing. Not necessarily in the reserved enclosure, where a fee for a seat has to be paid and there may be the necessity to sit through the whole concert in order to get one's money's worth. But outside, immediately beyond the ludicrous ropes which are supposed to separate those who are prepared to pay for their music from those who are agreeably surprised that there is any music and pause for a few minutes to listen to this entirely unexpected delight. In this area beyond the pale there can be found any Sunday evening a most striking cross-section of Shanghai's population. When the grass is dry, families sit on it and, hugging their knees, listen to the strains proceeding from the bandstand. Others, more orderly minded, tow chairs from other parts of the park or gardens and sit on them. While others, still more efficient, collect chairs and use them as tables from which to take their tea, thoughtfully brought with them for the occasion. These tea-makers suffer from the same complex as the Hampstead Heath holiday-maker, and litter the lawns with banana skins and bits of paper bags, while the stranger, unless he is careful, may find himself slipping on the discarded crust of a jam sandwich, to the great entertainment of those whose whole attention is not occupied by the music—and that is a large number. There, also, one finds a number of Chinese women who get their twenty-cents' worth—the park admission fee—by treating every one else in the park as a species of exhibit; something to be examined at leisure and criticized like a piece of amateur statuary. These ladies especially admire a foreign child, and from their point of view, the fairer the child is the better. They move round the all unconscious infant and compare him in different lights and shades, and the parent may feel thankful that they do not go so far as to feel the texture of the child, as if he were a length of cloth ready for the purchaser. The music continues the meanwhile. It may be interrupted for a moment or so by an amah telling Sheila, who is about half a mile away, to go to the bathroom—not the one at the entrance to the park, but the other which is much closer and which requires a lot of direction at the top of the amah's voice. All this makes for a pleasant Sunday afternoon. There are people, people everywhere. And, oh yes, there is the band. After all, everyone is there to listen to the band.

Away with the Puttees

A sigh of relief will be heard throughout the ranks of the entire British Army if the Army Council implements its decision and abolishes puttees completely. At present, this momentous step is only of a temporary nature "pending decision," and applies to only a few units at home but once the Army Council produces a revolutionary germ of an idea like this it is bound to develop. For a long time it has been felt that this appendage of Indian origin should be abolished. In the gorgeous trappings of that country and its military problems and traditions, it may be passable and useful, but the average soldier believes the puttee is an irksome part of a uniform, is uncomfortable and represents a big waste of time in arranging it to meet the critical eye of the sergeant-major. In its defence, it is stated that the puttee is useful against insect bites in countries like India, but the new anti-mosquito dress worn by the British troops in Shanghai, used on sentry duty only, is a much more utilitarian defence against these pests, although in appearance it is likely to remind the unwary of some ghastly form of a much-distant-future uniform conceived in a Wellsian war of the world. The American idea of gaiters has commended itself to many critics of the neatness and utility of military attire, and the fact the American Army authorities are also experimenting in a new type of uniform of smarter appearance and a different colour, combining active service use with garrison smartness, shows there is much that can be done in this respect. The end of the puttee will not be regretted.

IN PARENTHESIS

Reason for

"BUT I thought I wired to you," said her husband, "not to bring your mother with you."

"Yes," said his darling wife, "you did. That's what she has come to see you about."

* * *

Dumb and Dumber

"WHEN I were going to my work, I called for Bill, my mate, and there he were using his two-foot measure under door to get his key back, as he had forgot to lock door.

"So I told him to throw some gravel at window and waken his missus to come down and push key back to him.

"What a chump, eh?"

* * *

Proof

THE newlyweds had just got off their train. "John, dear," said the bride, "let's try make the people think we've been married a long time."

"All right, honey," was the answer, "you carry the suitcases."

* * *

Grand

"DID you have a good time at the party last night, dear?" asked the wife at breakfast.

"Oh, grand!" cried her spouse enthusiastically.

"What did you do?"

"Isn't that just like a woman? Would it have been grand if I could remember what we did?"

* * *

Brutal Sport

THE sub-editor came into the editor's office. "A correspondent has sent this report of a cock-fight, with full details and some marvellous photographs," he informed his chief.

"That's fine," replied the editor. "Put it into the next issue."

"But," protested the sub, "surely we can't publish it? You know what our readers are. They're sure to object."

"Perhaps you're right," admitted the editor. "But put it in, just the same. Head it 'A Brutal Sport! Where are the Police?'"

* * *

Senator Soaper Says—

WHAT is anyone showing for samples these days, when selling civilization to the untutored savage?

Students of racial characteristics are amazed at late happenings on the Utah salt flats. The English have been muddling through at six miles a minute.

In the Far East we find Babe Tokyo stepping up to the plate once more with three bats, and China backing up like the centrefielder in a park with no fence.

"You have only one ambition and one privilege," thunders the Duce, "and that is to bear arms in defence of your country!"

Laundry workers in the west are refused an injunction, and we hope to be among the first hundred to report a lost union suit.

A Hines trial witness said he didn't know all the alphabet—"just from A to Z." At that, he'll do better than many a stadium usher.

A Western heir finds $1,870 tucked away in an old Bible. So much for our writers' plaint that there is no money these days in good literature.

* * *

Heard in Court

MAN: I haven't actually paid anything to my wife, but I have given her my good wishes.

Defendant: The whole trouble between my wife and me is that she's got a mother and I haven't.

Woman at Tottenham: My husband read the paper, and said he did not agree with the way the world was being run, and that in the morning he would go out and find me a job.

Woman at Willesden: My husband ordered out my mother, my sister and my brother.

Magistrate: Did he order you out?

Woman: He said "all" when he gave the order.

Husband at Highgate: You say I have given you no money, but who paid for the false teeth you have?

Wife: You did. I had forgotten it because you have given me no money for food.

Man: A neighbour told me you had only to go to the police station to get a reconciliation with your wife.

Clerk: What is this man to you—a friend or a relative?

Defendant: Neither sir; unfortunately he's my brother-in-law.

THE WEATHER

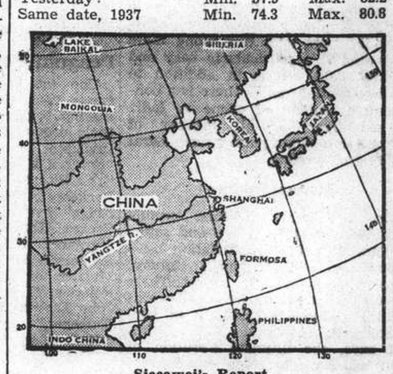
Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min.	64.0	Max.	81.0
Same date, 1937	Min.	73.0	Max.	84.0

Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min.	57.9	Max.	82.2
Same date, 1937	Min.	74.3	Max.	80.8



Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 25th:—Anticyclone over China, Korea and south Japan. Low area to the east of Luzon. Northerly to easterly winds along the China Coast. Fine to cloudy weather in China.

State on the morning of the 26th:—Rather high anticyclone, spreading over China and Japan. Low area or typhoon to the south-south-east of the Loochoos.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—The typhoon to the west of the Macclesfields continue to advance west or west-north-westward: the other one over the Pacific seems to be stationary or decreasing in intensity. Fine to cloudy weather with local morning fogs and variable breezes in northern China: with northerly to easterly winds over our regions, the Eastern Sea and Formosa. Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the centre at 2 p.m., within 120 miles, latitude 15, longitude 110, direction west or west-north-west intensity: unknown.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

To the "N.C.D.N." Memorial Fund for Mr. Hsu Sing-loh.

Hubert Freyn	$50.00
George Sellett	$50.00

To the "White Flower" Society:—

The Shanghai Race Club	$800.00

To the King's Daughters' Society:—

The Shanghai Race Club	$2,000.00

IN MEMORY OF MRS. WILSON WALKER

To the King's Daughters' Society:—

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Young	$10.00

British Parliament Called For Session Tomorrow

Mr. Chamberlain Sends Herr Hitler Special Note Over Memo of Demands; Full Anglo-French Agreement Reached

London, Sept. 26.

A DRAMATIC new move made by Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, in the sending of a personal message to Herr Hitler, was revealed today after further conversations between the French Ministers, M. Edouard Daladier and M. Georges Bonnet, and the British Inner Cabinet were interrupted shortly after noon prior to a second meeting of the Cabinet.

A communique from 10 Downing Street announced that Mr. Chamberlain, with the full approval of the French Ministers, had decided to make a personal communication to the German Chancellor, and that Sir Horace Wilson, of the British Foreign Office, had left this morning for Berlin, by air, for this purpose. Full accord, the communique also stated, had been established on all points at the conference, which began at 10.30 this morning and at which General Maurice Gamelin, the French Commander-in-Chief, was also present.

General Gamelin, who had been summoned from Paris for special consultation, also called on Mr. Chamberlain and subsequently had an interview with Sir Thomas Inskip, Minister for Co-ordination of Defence.

The French Ministers, who arrived in London from Paris last night and immediately conferred with the British Inner Cabinet at No. 10 Downing Street, were to return to Paris at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

They left Le Bourget for London at 5.40 yesterday afternoon after a meeting of the Cabinet Council, at which unanimous approval was given to a declaration which the Ministers proposed to make to the British Government.

Following this afternoon's meeting of the British Cabinet, which lasted 70 minutes, it was announced that Parliament had been summoned to meet on Wednesday at 2.45 p.m. B.S.T. The Lords will meet on the same day, but only to hear the Prime Minister's speech from the Peers' Gallery in the House of Commons. They will adjourn immediately and will discuss the situation on Thursday.

Reuter learns that the purpose of the message of Mr. Chamberlain to Herr Hitler is to combine an appeal with the endeavour to keep an open door to peace. The message, however, is not confined to an appeal.

"Supreme Demarche"

A despatch to Paris from reliable French sources in London today declares that the "supreme demarche" of Mr. Chamberlain consists of a proposal for accelerated procedure for the carrying out of the Anglo-French plan in the Czechoslovakian issue. Germany, it adds, will then have to pronounce for or against peace.

It is stated, however, that the British and French Ministers do not agree on the date, October 1, as fixed in the German Chancellor's latest proposals. The hope is expressed that the British and French appeal, so opportunely supported by President Roosevelt, will be heard in Berlin, which will then have to pronounce for or against peace.

Czechs Detail Objections

The nature of the Czech Government's reply to Herr Hitler's memorandum has so far not been disclosed.

The view is taken in Prague of Herr Hitler's final demands, however states Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent, that acceptance of the German plan would amount to complete capitulation of the State's sovereignty.

It is pointed out that the integral part of the Anglo-French plan, which the Czechs have accepted, is an international guarantee of the new frontiers, the guarantor States to include Germany. The territory demanded by Herr Hitler includes the main line of Czechoslovak fortifications, leaving the country without any means of defence.

Labour Leader's Letter

The Czech Government could not have done other than refuse the new German terms, "which have profoundly shocked British public opinion and the acceptance of which would mean sheer destruction of the Czech State", says a letter which Mr. C. R. Attlee, British Labour leader, has written to the Prime Minister, Mr. Chamberlain.

"The Labour movement," Mr. Attlee declares, "urges the Government to leave no doubt in the mind of the German Government that Great Britain will unite with the French and Soviet Governments to resist any attack on Czechoslovakia.

"Whatever risks are involved," the Labour leader concludes, "Great Britain must make its stand against aggression."

Crowds of people continuously passed up and down Whitehall yesterday. At one time they were so thick that they stretched practically all along the street on both sides.—Reuter.

Sir Horace Wilson Arrives

Berlin, Sept. 26.

Sir Horace Wilson arrived at the Tempelhof aerodrome at 3.35 p.m. As he stepped out of the plane he ordered the pilot to keep in constant communication with the British Embassy in Berlin.—Havas.

Paris, Sept. 26.

The London correspondent of the Leftist organ "L'Oeuvre" reported that a new National Union Cabinet will be formed towards the end of this week, and would include Earl Baldwin, the former Prime Minister; Mr. Anthony Eden, the former Foreign Secretary, and Mr. Winston Churchill, noted Unionist leader.—Havas.

Fuehrer's Demands Revealed

Anglo-French Proposal To Prague Also Told: Wide Divergence Seen

London, Sept. 26.

Details of both Herr Hitler's memorandum submitted to the Czech Government through Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the British Prime Minister, and the Anglo-French plan already accepted by Prague were learned by Reuter today from authoritative sources.

The proposals in the memorandum, a reply to which was delivered at the Foreign Office here yesterday by M. Jan Masaryk, the Czech Minister, include:

1. All Czech armed forces, police and other officials shall be withdrawn from areas as set forth on a map attached to the memorandum. This area is to be handed over to Germany on October 1 in its present condition, militarily and economically.
2. Germany agrees that representatives of the Czech Government and Army be attached to the headquarters of the German military forces to deal with the procedure of evacuation.
3. The Czech Government shall immediately discharge all Sudeten Germans serving on Czech military and police forces, and to permit them to return home.
4. The Czech Government shall liberate all political prisoners of the German race.
5. Germany agrees to permit a plebiscite in certain areas—to be more definitely defined before November 25 at the latest. Alterations in the new frontier arising out of the plebiscite will be settled by a Czech-German or international commission. The plebiscite is to be carried out under the control of an international commission.
6. Germany proposes that an authoritative Czech-German commission be established to settle all further details.
7. During the plebiscite both parties are to withdraw their military forces from the area.

Anglo-French Plan

The Anglo-French plan, which was accepted some days ago by the Czech Government:

(a) Provides for the transfer, without a plebiscite, of areas with over 50 per cent. Sudeten German inhabitants, with a proviso that an adjustment of the frontier, where necessary, by an international body, including a Czech representative, should be negotiated.

(b) Provides for a possible exchange of population on the basis of right of option within some specified time limit.

(c) States that if Czechoslovakia concurs, she is entitled to ask assurances for her future security. A general international guarantee should be substituted for existing treaties. The British Government expressed readiness to join in an international guarantee against uprovoked aggression.

(d) Contains a frank acknowledgment of the great sacrifice made by the Czechoslovak Government in the cause of peace.

The demands made by Herr Hitler in his memorandum are prefixed by a note declaring that the increasing reports of incidents in Sudetenland show that the situation has become intolerable for Sudetens and, consequently, a danger for the peace of Europe.

It is, therefore, essential, the note adds, that the separation of Sudetenland from Czechoslovakia should be agreed to without further delay.

Areas to be ceded, the document declares, are shaded red on the attached map, while those scheduled for plebiscite are shaded green.—Reuter.

German Explanation Of Hitler Memo

Anglo-French Plan Basis Retained; Not Ultimatum

Berlin, Sept. 26.

Well-informed quarters here declared that the German memorandum and the Anglo-French plan published last night show that Berlin, London and Paris agree in principle that the Sudeten German territory should be ceded to Germany to which Prague has consented.

Differences of opinion exist, however, only as to the manner in which this should be carried out. The German Government considered the immediate military occupation of these regions necessary only to terminate the feeling of uncertainty and threat brought about by the Czech mobilization and thus make it possible to proceed in a more peaceful atmosphere. The German Government has therefore observed both sides of the case on this point by suggesting that purely German speaking islands should be occupied by Czech military for the time being.

Unconditional parity was expressly provided for by Germany in the decisive question of demarcating the new frontier by her suggestion that this should be performed by a German-Czech or an international commission.

As against the Anglo-French proposals, the German plan is formulated with utmost precision whereas the Anglo-French plan does not state details.

Finally it was particularly stressed that it is obvious from the German document that there was absolutely no question of an ultimatum, not even in respect of the time when the territories are to be occupied which is stated to be October 1, because it had been stressed in dealing with this point that it was a question of German "proposals."—Trans-Ocean.

British "Terriers" Now Called to Colours

London, Sept. 26.

The War Office has called to the colours all officers and men of the Territorials attached to the Anti-aircraft and Coastal Defence.—Havas.

R.A.F. Furloughs Cancelled

All R.A.F. officers and men on furlough have been recalled, as have the Observers Corps attached to the R.A.F.

An anti-air-raid precautionary system has been instituted. —Reuter.

Czechs Reject Herr Hitler's Memorandum

Prague Explains Her Mobilization Moves

Prague, Sept. 25.

The Czech reply to Germany's latest Memo stresses the difference between the original Anglo-French proposals and the demands made in the Reich's communication, official Ceteka News Agency stated this evening.

The Anglo-French propositions merely outlined a plan, methods to carry out which were to be fixed by an international committee of neutrals, Ceteka notes. The German Memo, however, provides for the materialization of a plan elaborated by Chancellor Adolf Hitler.

A second point is that the London scheme provided for no evacuation by the Czechs of any territory so long as the international committee did not pass a decision to that effect, though Herr Hitler demands that Czechs leave regions to be occupied by German forces on October 1. Therefore, Czechs would have to abandon their properties, Ceteka states.

In conclusion, this news agency emphasizes Prague's reply to the Memo stressed the fact that "Herr Hitler's real intention is that the German military should occupy strategical points in Czechoslovakia and not that the Sudeten problem should be settled."

A decree was released here today providing for the "civilian mobilization" of all citizens between the ages of 17 and 60.—Havas.

Prague Reply Not Final

London, Sept. 25.

Prague's reply to the German Memo was communicated to the British Foreign Secretary, Lord Halifax, today by the Czech Minister here, Dr. Jan Mazaryk.

The Czech reply is negative, reliably-informed quarters here declared this evening, but observers do not consider it definite as the reply was not addressed to Germany but to Britain and France only. From Prague, too, it is learnt that politicians do not consider the Czech response as being final. There also, however, informed quarters say it is in the negative.

In general lines, Prague's reply is known to be similar to the despatch broadcast by the official Ceteka news agency shortly after noon today.—Havas.

German Soldiers Loyal

Prague, Sept. 26.

"The people of Czechoslovakia remain calm and ready to defend themselves with strong heart and head held high," declares a bulletin issued here last night.

"Our mobilization," it adds, "is to ensure law and order and is a danger to no one. Eighteen soldiers of German nationality serving in the Czechoslovakia army today repulsed an attack upon the frontier, thus showing their loyalty to the Government."

An important statement by the Czech Press Bureau on the presentation of Herr Hitler's new demands at the present stage of the crisis was broadcast last night.

Anglo-French Pressure

The statement, based "on official documents of the Czech Government and official Anglo-French communications," claims:

1. In pressing for the acceptance of the proposals regarding the cession of Sudeten territories, the British and French Governments added, that should the Czechs not accept, France could not keep her word in regard to assistance to an ally, and England could no longer show effective interest in the fate of Czechoslovakia.
2. On September 23 the British and French Ministers in Prague told the Czech Government that they could no longer take the responsibility of advising us (Czechs) to remain passive, and that they could not recommend that we should not make preparations of a military nature.
3. At the same time, the British and French Ministers gave the Czech Government to understand that, although they were delivering the new German memorandum, they were not accompanying it with any advice.
4. Immediately afterwards the Czech Government decided on mobilization.
5. The new German proposals were communicated to the Czech Government this (Sunday) morning.

Herr Hitler's New Demands

"As soon as Mr. Chamberlain placed our acceptance before Herr Hitler at Godesberg," the statement continues, "entirely different proposals were submitted to him. These went much further than those agreed upon at Berchtesgaden.

"The usual technique, of following every concession by increased demands, once more became apparent. Mr. Chamberlain brought from Godesberg new German proposals, the conditions of which were communicated to the Czechoslovakia Government this (Sunday) morning.

"While accepting these new conditions for transmission, Mr. Chamberlain was already aware that neither the French nor the British Governments would be able to advise Czechoslovakia to accept the proposals, and could no longer advise the Czechoslovak Government to remain passive, not preparing for defence.

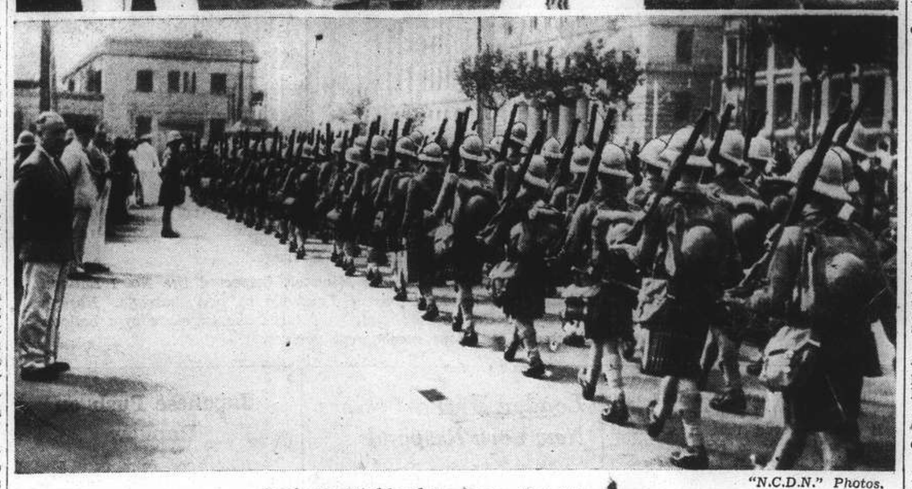
No Further Anglo-French Advice

"Therefore, at 6.15 p.m. on September 23, the British and French Ministers in Prague made a statement to this effect to the Czechoslovakia Government.

"At the same time," the broadcast went on, "they gave the Czechoslovak Government to understand that the German memorandum was being delivered without any advice in regard to our future procedure. This showed that the Great Powers themselves do not consider the new conditions to be a sound basis for reaching an agreement.

"Immediately afterwards, at 8 p.m. on September 23, the Czechoslovak Government held a meeting and it was concluded that the international situation demands that preparation for defence should be made," the statement declares.

(Continued on page 6)



"N.C.D.N." Photos.

Seaforth Highlanders Leave For Hongkong

The 1st Battalion The Seaforth Highlanders left Shanghai for Hongkong yesterday to take part in exercises in the Colony. Here are scenes of their departure. Upper picture shows Major-General A. P. D. Telfer-Smollett (centre) with Paymaster-Lieut.-Comdr. R. M. P. Skinner, R.N., and Major B. H. Ashmore, the Brigade Major, on the Customs jetty, and, below, the Seaforths marching to the Jetty, where they embarked on tenders for Woosung.

President Roosevelt Makes Urgent Bid for Peace

Eleventh-Hour Appeal for Further Negotiations Sent to German Fuehrer and Czech President

Washington, Sept. 26.

IN a dramatic eleventh-hour move to preserve world peace President Roosevelt today personally appealed to Herr Adolf Hitler, Fuehrer of Germany, and Dr. Eduard Benes, President of Czechoslovakia, "on behalf of 130,000,000 people of the United States.... and for the sake of humanity....not to break off negotiations looking toward a peaceful, fair and constructive settlement of the questions at issue."

In simple and unmistakable language, dispensing with the usual ambiguous diplomatic verbiage, Mr. Roosevelt said: "I earnestly repeat that so long as negotiations continue, all differences may be reconciled. Once negotiations are broken off, reason is banished and force will assert itself. And force provides no solution for the future good of humanity."

President Roosevelt signed his historic message between 12.15 and 12.30 a.m., E.S.T., after conferences with the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, and the Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Sumner Welles. He sent facsimiles of the message to Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the British Prime Minister, and M. Edouard Daladier, the Premier of France. The message was timed to reach Berlin, Prague, Paris and London as the sun was rising on what may be the day to decide upon peace or war for Europe.

The President's appeal followed Czechoslovakia's rejection of Herr Hitler's latest memorandum and after Nazi officials had announced that Herr Hitler would deliver a history-making speech on the Czech crisis tonight.

World Peace Endangered

The text of President Roosevelt's eleventh-hour appeal for peace declared:

"The fabric of peace on the continent of Europe if not throughout the world is in immediate danger. The consequences of its rupture cannot be calculated. Should hostilities break out, the lives of millions of men, women and children in every country involved would most certainly be lost under circumstances of unspeakable horror. The economic system of every country involved may well be completely wrecked.

"The supreme desire of the American people is to live in peace, but in the event of a general war they face the fact that no nation can escape some measure of the consequences of such a world catastrophe....Whatever may be the differences and controversies at issue, and however difficult a pacific settlement may be, I am persuaded there is no problem so difficult and so pressing for solution that it cannot be justly solved by resort to reason rather than to force."

"All Peoples Pray for Peace"

President Roosevelt recalled the traditional policy of the United States —pacific settlement of international

(Continued on page 6)

Il Duce Supports German Stand

Godesberg Memo Held To be Same as First Anglo-French Offers

Rome, Sept. 26.

"The German memorandum has not gone beyond the Franco-British proposals," asserted Signor Mussolini today at Verona, continuing his speech campaign in support of Herr Hitler's standpoint in Czechoslovakia.

After declaring that there were still some days in which to reach a pacific solution, Il Duce added that, at the same time, one must envisage the stage in which Italy was involved directly, and then they would not have any hesitation.

"The Italian people," he said, "are fully armed spiritually and materially, and are ready for anything."

Signor Mussolini concluded his speech with a bitter attack on the Versailles Treaty.

Yesterday, speaking at Vincenza, Il Duce pointed out that a week of waiting and passion for Europe had begun.

Hitherto, he said, "Italy has not taken any military measures, but if other Powers continue to recall their reserves and if there is any fleet concentration, nobody among you will be surprised if Italy prepares."

"It is universally known that mistakes were committed in the Peace treaties of 1919. I have pointed them out since 1921. There is only one thing to do in the presence of a mistake, to put a remedy to it, because following our ancient wisdom, being wrong is human but persevering in error is devilish."—Reuter.

European Situation At A Glance

The British Parliament will meet tomorrow.

* * *

Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the British Prime Minister, has sent a personal message to Herr Hitler, which Sir Horace Wilson, of the Foreign Office, has taken to Berlin.

* * *

Consultations in London between the French Ministers and the British Inner Cabinet, have resulted in complete agreement. Also present at the talks was General Maurice Gamelin, French Commander-in-Chief, who came specially from Paris by air.

* * *

The Czech Government is understood to have rejected the German Memorandum but their refusal is not considered final. Detailed objections to German methods were pointed out in a note sent to the British Government.

* * *

Prague's broadcast explanation of Czech mobilization claimed it was on British advice but this view was corrected by a London statement.

* * *

Details were revealed in London of both the Anglo-French proposals which Prague accepted and the Herr Hitler's Memo of new demands.

Military Experts See Pillbox Constructor

Rapid Cement Drying for War Use Demonstrated

Washington, Sept. 25.

American and foreign military experts today witnessed construction of a concrete pill-box which an inventor claims can withstand artillery and and bombardment for hours after the cement is poured.

The pillbox was erected, almost entirely by machinery, by its inventor, Mr. K. P. Billner on the grounds of the bureau of standards.

Col. T. C. Kuo, Chinese Military Attache, and Maj. Sin-Ju Pu Hsiao, assistant attache, who witnessed the demonstration, declined to state whether they contemplated utilizing the process to aid the Chinese forces in withstanding Japanese attack.

Key to the speedy pillbox construction is a vacuum drying process designed by Mr. Billner. This speeds the hardening of the concrete by removing moisture.

Concrete was poured into hollow forms from four giant mixers, mounted on trucks. As soon as the forms were filled, an apparatus creating a vacuum in the forms was set in place. The vacuum machinery was operated for one hour. Next step was to remove the outer wooden framework and withdraw an inner frame which was mounted on wheels and rails.

Mr. Billner said the purpose of the demonstration was to show that bombproof shelters and fortresses can be built overnight and be ready for attack by dawn.

He said that the cumbersome wooden forms would be replaced in standardized construction with thin steel or aluminum sheets. He claimed that by this process the structure is 50 per cent. stronger than if ordinary methods of pouring concrete were utilized.—United Press.

1,000,000 U.S. Railway Workers to Strike

Chicago, Sept. 25.

Heads of nineteen Railway Brotherhoods said tonight that barring intervention by a presidential fact finding board, approximately 1,000,000 railway workers would go on strike at midnight, October 1 in protest against a U.S.$250,000,000 annual wage cut.—United Press.

Yugoslavia and Rumania Will Support Czechs If Hungary Attacks

Prague Consents to Negotiate Polish Claims For Teschen Minority; Dr. Benes' Letter

Prague, Sept. 26.

The Czech Government is prepared to negotiate with the Poles on all points raised, declares a reply sent today by the Prague to the Polish Note of September 21 regarding the rights of the Polish minority in Czechoslovakia. Poland claims the cession of Teschen and Karvina, where there are large Polish populations, if Sudetenland is ceded to Germany.—Reuter.

Czech Blow Up Polish Railway

Warsaw, Sept. 26.

Czechoslovak sappers have blown up a section of the Cisna-Lupkow Railway near the Polish frontier, according to the Polish News Agency. The line in question is stated to be a part of the Polish railway system and to run through Czechoslovakia only a short distance.—Reuter.

Warsaw, Sept. 26.

The Czech President, Dr. Eduard Benes, has written a personal letter to the Polish President, Dr. Ignace Moscicki, who will receive it at noon today from the Czech Minister here, it was reported last night.

Diplomatic quarters believe Dr. Benes' initiative may modify aspects of the Czecho-Polish dispute and will perhaps pave the way to a pacific settlement of the minority question.

The Polish Government is meanwhile not prepared to enter into negotiations with Prague because of public opinion and the unfavourable attitude of the officers' class, which is impatient for a "march on Czechoslovakia."—Havas.

Yugoslavia to Aid Czechs

Budapest, Sept. 26.

Reports from Bucharest and Belgrade state that the Rumanian and Yugoslav representatives in Prague have informed the Czech Government that their governments regard themselves still bound by the Little Entente treaties to support Czechoslovakia in the event of unprovoked Hungarian aggression.—Reuter.

Japanese Push on Hankow

Launch Vigorous Attack at Tienchiacheng; Chinese Defences Suffer from Bombing

Hankow, Sept. 26.

TIENCHIACHENG, a strategic fort on the north bank of the Yangtze River, is being subjected to terrific aerial and artillery bombardment, as the Japanese forces are launching a determined assault from three directions.

Japanese columns from Kwangtsi are pushing southwestwards in the direction of Tienchiacheng, while a column from Wusueh, moving towards the west, is attacking Chinese positions in the vicinity of Tsuchiashan and Chiuliushan.

Chinese military dispatches today state that the Chinese defence works have suffered considerable damage as the result of the severe Japanese aerial bombings.

Chinese Capture Siaoloshan

The Chinese forces this morning captured Siaoloshan, five li east of Loshan, while northeast of Loshan the Chinese and Japanese troops are now opposing each other, according to a Chinese military communiqué today.

In a heavy rain, the Japanese forces at Yuanchu, in south Shansi, on the north bank of the Yellow River, yesterday launched an attack on Chinese positions, but were repulsed, the communiqué stated.—Reuter.

Hankow Aerodrome Bombed

Without any warning, Chinese anti-aircraft guns suddenly opened up at 10 o'clock this morning, when a lone Japanese scouting aeroplane appeared above Hankow after eluding the Chinese observation posts. The plane, which had come for the purpose of reconnoitring, quickly disappeared.

Thirty minutes later, when the alarm was sounded, other Japanese planes were sighted heading for Hankow. They turned further south, however, and raided Puchi, on the Canton-Hankow Railway, and Kiayu, on the Yangtze River.

At 3.30 this afternoon, approximately 20 Japanese machines, flying in two groups, raided the Hankow aerodrome and were likewise met by heavy anti-aircraft fire.

Several of the planes power-dived and, flying low, bombed and machinegunned the south-eastern corner of the aerodrome.—Reuter.

Planes Bomb Hankow Aerodrome

Japanese Army aircraft at 2.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon launched a surprise bombardment on five large and eight small Chinese planes in the Hankow aerodrome, according to a communiqué issued by the headquarters of the Japanese Expeditionary Force in Central China yesterday evening.

In the face of intense anti-aircraft fire the Japanese planes showered bombs and scored nine direct hits and put out of commission twelve Chinese planes, the communqué said.

One of the Japanese craft was slightly damaged by anti-aircraft fire but all the planes returned to their bases safely, the statement concluded.

A report from an undisclosed Army air base yesterday said that more than 100 Japanese Army planes took part in the raid.

By skilful manœuvring the Japanese aircraft sped through dense sprays of anti-aircraft shells and raided the aerodrome, the report said.

This report claimed that thirteen grounded Chinese planes were smashed to pieces and heavy damage was done to military establishments.

Not a single Chinese plane took to the air and the Wuhan district was "completely under the control of the Japanese," the report said.

Crossing Yellow River

Introducing a new active front in the many sectors comprising the present Japanese onslaught upon the cities of Wuhan, Japanese troops on Sunday began crossing the Yellow River at Yuanku, in the south-eastern extremity of Shansi province, Domei reports relayed here by way of Tokyo said yesterday. The apparent Japanese objective was Loyang, Chinese stronghold in north-western Honan.

Serious fighting, the dispatches said, was going on both banks of the river. Chinese troops, in guerilla formations, were active on the northern bank near Yuanku, but were being gradually eliminated in Japanese mopping-up operations in which artillery was playing a major part, the reports claimed.

Meantime, Japanese official and private dispatches denied that Chinese troops had reoccupied Shihchiachwang, western terminus of a line branching off the Peiping-Hankow Railway to Taiyuan in Shansi. Shihchiachwang is in Hopei province.

According to Chinese claims made in Hankow, the town had been reoccupied by the Chinese after a sanguinary mutiny of pro-Japanese Chinese troops. The town was calm, the Domei reports asserted.

Chinese Divisions Reduced

While little development was reported from other fronts during Sunday, a statement attributed to a Chinese prisoner taken in the southern Honan operations revealed that Chinese divisions in this sector had been reduced to the strength of 800 to 1,000 men. Under normal conditions, Chinese divisions have from 4,000 to 10,000 men.

Three of these alleged reduced divisions faced the Japanese advancing upon Sintien from Shangcheng last week, the reports continued. In the three days of fighting from September 21 to 23, 659 Chinese dead were counted. Eleven prisoners were taken, the dispatches stated.

On the southern bank of the Yangtze, Japanese troops in possession of the Fuchikou forts were consolidating their positions in preparation for a further westward advance along the river.

With the seizure of this town, the Japanese forces were in a position to

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China Abolishes Japan's Extrality Rights

Chungking, Sept. 26.

Abolition of Japan's extra-territorial rights in China was announced yesterday by the Judicial Yuan.—Kuo Min.

Latest Exchange

The closing Interbank selling rates yesterday were as follows:

Sterling 8 1/16d. U.S.$ 17 1/2c.

Seaforths Leave Suddenly

Battalion Ordered South For Manoeuvres But is "Expected Back Soon"

The 1st Battalion, the Seaforth Highlanders, departed from Shanghai for Hongkong suddenly yesterday morning. Leaving only a few men behind at the Race Course and a few in the British Military Hospital, about 700 members of the battalion marched from the Race Course between 9 and 9.30 a.m. to the Customs Jetty, where they boarded tenders for Woosung and H.M.S. Birmingham which is to take them to the Crown Colony. The notice given the battalion was only between three and four hours.

Bugle calls to get the men ready were sounded at their Race Course quarters at 7 a.m. The soldiers packed only their field service kit, leaving behind various impedimenta to be shipped south later. The officers left their civilian clothes and other belongings generally in their quarters. The regimental silver trophies also remained in the Race Course buildings, where a small contingent of men stayed behind.

The first part of the battalion to get ready marched from the Race Course into Bubbling Well Road at 9.10 o'clock, and the remainder at 9.30. They marched through Nanking Road to The Bund and the Customs Jetty, where they embarked successively on the tugs St. Sampson and St. Aubin for Woosung and the Birmingham. Present at the embarkation were Major-General A. P. D. Telfer-Smollett, Officer in Command of the British Forces here, and Major B. H. Ashmore, Brigade Major.

Described as Routine

That the sudden departure of the battalion was purely a routine matter was stated in a communiqué issued at noon yesterday by British Military Headquarters in Tifeng Road. The announcement follows: —

"The embarkation of the 1st Battalion, the Seaforth Highlanders, today was part of an exercise connected with manœuvres which are about to take place at Hongkong.

"Their early return may be anticipated."

The Seaforths, who came to Shanghai last March from Hongkong, where they were regularly stationed, have been doing duty in West Hongkew, at H. M. Consulate-General, on the Garden bridge and other bridges over the Soochow Creek in the downtown district patrolling, and as a "reserve" force ready to turn out from the Race Course billets. They were replaced at their various posts yesterday by members of the Durham Light Infantry, who also man the western defence perimeter.

It was the Seaforth battalion which furnished men originally to march into the Louza district after terrorist incidents there early this summer. They have been patrolling that district and the central area ever since.

Prague Police Arrest 600 Nazis

Attempt to Form Volunteer Corps Thwarted

Prague, Sept. 25.

The police have arrested 600 Nazis who attempted to form a volunteer corps and proceed to the Czech frontier regions, a Government broadcast revealed today.

Reports of unrest on the Czecho-Polish border were denied in this broadcast which termed such despatches "pure invention."

Quiet prevails in the Cieszyn (Teschen) district, it was asserted.

Czech police forces have reoccupied the customs stations at Wangdorf and Bruntal, which were previously taken over by the Sudetens.—Havas.

Last Reich Bound Train

Berlin, Sept. 25.

Special notice to German residents in Czechoslovakia, advising them the last Reich-bound train was leaving Prague at 8.45 p.m., was given in a Government broadcast today. This train is due to arrive at Jaegernsdorf on the Germano-Czech frontier at 1.25 p.m. tomorrow.—Havas.

Refugees Flocking Into Germany

Berlin, Sept. 26.

No less than 40,000 persons crossed the Czech frontier into Germany on Saturday, says a report issued by the German News Agency, which adds that the total number of refugees up to Saturday was 170,000. The reason given for this flow of refugees is the Czech mobilization and military action in the frontier districts.—Reuter.

Germany's New Zeppelin Ends Another Trial

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Berlin, Sept. 26.

Germany's new zeppelin, which recently completed a 24-hour test flight, left Friedrichshaven yesterday morning under the command of Captain von Schiller on another trial cruise lasting six hours. The dirigible carried 80 persons.—Reuter.

615 Die in East Coast Storms

New York, Sept. 25.

The toll of dead in the Atlantic coast storm and flood belt had risen to 615 today while 100,000 were still homeless refugees.—United Press.

Danes Celebrate King's Birthday

Dinner Dance at Cathay Attended by More Than One Hundred Persons

The Danish community in Shanghai turned out in large numbers yesterday in celebration of the 68th birthday anniversary of their popular ruler, King Christian X, whose silver jubilee as a monarch they observed only last year.

There was an attendance of over 100 men and women at a dinner and dance held yesterday evening in the ballroom of the Cathay Hotel. The Danish Minister, Mr. Oscar de Oxholm; the Acting Danish Consul-General, Mr. M. G. I. Melchior; the Swedish Minister, Baron Johan Beck-Friis; the Acting Swedish Consul-General, Mr. K. E. A. Kronvall; and the Acting Norwegian Consul-General, Mr. Otto Kildal, were among the official guests.

Speeches were made by Mr. Oxholm; Mr. H. S. Poulsen, president of the Danish Association in Shanghai; Mr. J. E. Rainals, vice-president of the Association; Baron Beck-Friis; and Dr. H. Pedersen, of the Shanghai Municipal Council Health Department. Mr. Poulsen, in one of two speeches, referred to the departure from China on Thursday, of Mr. Paul Barentzen, retired Commissioner of Customs, who was present. Mr. Barentzen was recently decorated by King Chistian with the Knighthood of the Order of Danebrog.

The National Anthem of Denmark was sung by the assembly.

The Danish Minister was host at tiffin yesterday at his residence in the Picardie Apartments to about 20 of the leading members of the Danish community, including the officers of the Danish Association. The health of King Christian was drunk by those present.

Broadcasts of News to Germany Suggested

Dean of St. Paul's Urges Counter-Move to Propaganda

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Sept. 26.

Broadcasts to Germany and Italy in their respective languages to give them news that propaganda had kept from them was suggested by the Dean of St. Paul's Cathedral last night.

"Can the force of public opinion and the deep-seated longing of the common people of the world for peace be made to prevail?" he asked. "Can we get to work in time to save society?"

In putting forward the suggestion, the Dean added: "I do not mean propaganda but a broadcast of news. Let the common people of Italy and Germany have a chance of knowing what propaganda has kept from them. Let us overcome lies of propaganda by truth."

During the service, special prayers were said for Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, and his Cabinet, Dr. Edward Benes, the Czech President, and Herr Adolf Hitler.—Reuter.

H.M. Fleet Concentration In Hongkong

With tension in Central Europe growing every day, warships attached to the British China Seas Fleet are gathering in Hongkong waters, according to Chinese reports yesterday, states Domei.

The movement of the British warships in the Far East is taken by Chinese circles as an indication that when necessity arises the fleet or part of it may be dispatched to Europe from the Far East at short notice.

According to a report from Hongkong yesterday, about a dozen warships of the British China Seas Fleet already have arrived in Hongkong waters while more were proceeding there from various Chinese coastal ports.

The British transport Lancashire, is on the way to the Far East carrying, besides soldiers assigned to duties at Hongkong and Shanghai, about 110 men and officers of an anti-aircraft gun corps.

Mexican Oil Rushed to Germany

Mexico City, Sept. 26.

The Mexican oil bought by Germany is being hurriedly shipped for the North Sea. It is learned that two tankers, one Norwegian and one Greek, each with a capacity of 100,000 barrels, are leaving for Hamburg at any moment.—Reuter.

No Military Measures In Belgium Yet

Brussels, Sept. 26.

No decision regarding the reinforcement of territorial defence has been taken for the moment. The Premier, M. Paul-Henri Spaak, conferred with General Denis, National Defence Minister, this afternoon.—Havas.

Paris Population Asked to Leave

Paris, Sept. 26.

The Minister of Public Works, M. Anatole de Monzie, has invited the population of the capital to use the special trains placed at their disposal to evacuate to the countryside.—Havas.

No subtler method could have been used by Hitler to flatter Admiral Horthy than to ask him and his wife to launch a naval vessel. Admiral Horthy is the Regent of Hungary, a country without a yard of coastline. He was an admiral in the old Austro-Hungarian Navy. He not only preserves his title of admiral, but wears an admiral's uniform on all possible occasions. Virtually, though not actually, King of Hungary, he lives in the Royal Palace on the Buda hills at Budapest, and keeps up considerable state. The country is actually a republic with a regent—not a president—a curious anomaly. But it is deliberate, for the Hungarians hope and believe they will again have a king to revive their former glories.

Mystery Explosions Near Lunghwa

Residents in the southwestern part of the French Concession and the Hungjao Road area were startled at 10.15 o'clock last night by a heavy explosion followed by two or three minor blasts, all from the direction of Lunghwa, or between Siccawei and Lunghwa.

The first explosion was described as unusually heavy, as if a mine had been set off. The sounds that followed, according to one foreign observer, resembled machine-gun or rifle fire.

The observers agreed that no flames followed the explosions. Buildings at Siccawei and along Avenue Petain were rocked by the first blast.

Reports on the occurrence were made to the French Police, who were however unable to determine the cause last night. One theory, not advanced from official quarters, was that guerillas had attacked a Japanese depot somewhere across from Route Ghisi.

President Roosevelt Makes Urgent Bid for Peace

(Continued from page 5)

disputes by arbitration and negotiation.

"It is my conviction," he said, "that all people under the threat of war today pray that peace may be made before rather than after a war. It is imperative that peoples everywhere recall that the civilized nations of the world voluntarily assumed solemn obligations under the Kellogg-Briand Pact to solve controversies only by pacific means.

"In addition most parties have other binding treaties obligating them to preserve peace. Furthermore, all countries today have available means for such a peaceful solution of difficulties which may arise—the treaties on arbitration and conciliation to which they are parties."—United Press.

Move May Save Peace

London, Sept. 26.

The eleventh-hour initiative by President Roosevelt may perhaps avert European war, well-informed circles here stated.

It was officially declared that the French and British Governments immediately replied to President Roosevelt's message, expressing their entire agreement.

It is believed that these replies may bring a further initiative from the American President.

President Roosevelt's message caused a sensation here and was reproduced in all noon papers in banner headlines.

Considerable impression was made by the passage in which the President said that "no nation can escape in some measure the consequences of such a world catastrophe," which is interpreted as an indication that the United States could not remain completely distinterested, while later on material assistance from the United States may be expected.

French Reply to Washington

The following is the full text of the reply made by the French Premier, M. Edouard Daladier, to President Roosevelt's peace message:

"Your stirring appeal arrived in London at a time when in close collaboration with the British Government, supreme efforts are being made by France to safeguard every possibility of an amicable settlement of the conflict which is threatening peace.

"It is of special value to me that under your high moral authority the devotion of the entire American nation to the principles which have been recognized and acknowledged by all parties to the Kellogg Pact is now solemnly reaffirmed. Remaining faithful to the spirit and letter of these pledges, we continue with unfailing tenacity to look for any procedure or form of an agreement which may be compatible with the dignity and vital interests of the nations involved."

M. Daladier's message was handed at 3 p.m. this afternoon to Mr. Joseph P. Kennedy, the American Ambassador, by M. Charles Corbin the French Ambassador, with the request that it be sent to the president immediately.

This will be done by direct wire connecting the United States Embassy in London with the White House.—Havas.

Air Minister Sees London's Balloon Barrage

Donning overalls early this month, Sir Kingsley Wood, Air Minister, inspected the No. 1 Balloon Centre at Kidbrook, Waltham, which is the headquarters of London's balloon barrage. Having mingled with the men and wearing apparel similar to theirs, he entered the envelope of a balloon and inspected the various mechanical devices.

Czechs Reject Herr Hitler's Memorandum

(Continued from page 5)

The discourse repudiates the suggestion that the mobilization methods adopted by the Czechoslovak Government were an attempt to frustrate the discussions held between Mr. Chamberlain and Herr Hitler at Godesberg.

It alleges that crossing of the frontier occurred most freely when persons armed with machine-guns and hand grenades raided Czech territory.

"Surely nobody would believe that the mobilization of small Czechoslovakia could constitute a menace to anyone else," the statement says. "We repeat with all possible emphasis that the step was not taken against the advice and without the knowledge of the Great Powers....."—Reuter.

British Correction Issued

London, Sept. 26.

The statement that the Czech mobilization was undertaken with the advice and approval of the British Government does not entirely accord with the facts, declares British official quarters here commenting on the statement broadcast by the Czech Press Bureau in Prague last evening.

In response to a Czech appeal in view of the development of the military situation across their frontier, these quarters assert, the British Government informed Czechoslovakia that they would not continue the responsibility of advising them not to mobilize but pointed out that due weight must be given to the consideration that an announcement of Czechoslovak mobilization might well precipitate action by other countries.—Reuter.

British Residents in Prague Ready to Go

London, Sept. 26.

A huge transport plane is waiting at Croydon airport to take off for Prague to evacuate the British residents there if necessary.—Havas.

H.M. Envoy at Wilhelmstrasse

Berlin, Sept. 26.

Sir Nevile Henderson, the British Ambassador, called at the Foreign Office here yesterday. No information is available regarding the purpose of the visit.—Reuter.

Berlin Snubs American President's Effort

"Wrong Address" Comment; Wilhelmstrasse Angered

Berlin, Sept. 26.

A Propaganda Ministry spokesman announced today that "Roosevelt's cable was sent to the wrong address" and thus in a few words dismissed America's last-minute effort to avoid a general European conflagration.

"Prague is the proper address," he said. "It is up to Prague to decide whether there is peace or war. Germany is now merely demanding the realization of what for a long time has been admitted her moral right."

It was believed that Herr Adolf Hitler will reply to Mr. Roosevelt's plea in his broadcast to the German people tonight at 8 o'clock.

Meanwhile the mouthpiece of the Foreign Affairs Ministry, the "Diplomatische Politische Korrespondenz," expressed anger at the American President's action, indicating immediate German reaction.

"It is time the people of the American continent realized its real duties more and permitted themselves to lead less by their egotistical instincts, particularly as that is in opposition to the welfare of all nations.

"After all, it was a constitutionally elected President of the United States who, in the World War, proclaimed the right of self-determination of peoples....

"If American newspapers and radio now oppose realization of what American policy with its honour once supported, it scarcely shows a high degree of political reliability or honour.—United Press.

Czechoslovakia — Centre of European Tension.

Government to Control Sericultural Industry

The sericultural industry will be placed under States control on October 1, according to regulations released to the press by the Reformed Government's Ministry of Industry last night, reports Domei.

Persons engaged in silkwork breeding, silk reeling, or the sale and purchase of silk cocoons, must first of all apply to the Ministry of Industry for permits, according to the regulations.

When applying for such permits persons engaged in the sericultural industry are required to give full details regarding their equipments, capital, trade names and addresses, the number of workers employed by them, the quantity of their production and other data.

Applications from persons engaged in the silk reeling industry must be filed with the Ministry of Industry before October 31 while those from persons engaged in silkworm breeding or the sale and purchase of cocoons must be sent to the Ministry before the end of November.

Applications may be submitted to the Ministry through the various Provincial Reconstruction Bureaus or the Shanghai and Nanking city governments. Persons found to have started a sericultural business without first applying for permits from the Ministry are liable to a fine of not more than $1,000 each, according to the regulations.

AIR Vice-Marshal J. T. Babington the new Air Officer Commanding Far East Command, was one of the first naval officers to learn to fly before the war. He entered Osborne College as cadet when the college was first opened in 1903, and his certificate for flying was given him in 1912. In a frail little Avro machine he was one of the raiders who attacked the Zeppelin sheds at Friedrichshafen, and for this he earned his D.S.O.

London Market Crashes, New York Responds

London, Sept. 26.

Stocks and bonds today crashed in the most spectacular session since the Great War.

Enormous market valuations were wiped out in a few short hours. Traders were desperately endeavouring to hedge their holdings.

The New York Stock Exchange responded with prices lower over an extensive field.

Frightened demand of English and European nationals whipped gold to the highest price since April 1, 1935 and reflected the growing fear that a general European conflagration cannot now be checked.—United Press.

Man Falls Two Storeys In Peking Road

A Chinese was critically injured yesterday afternoon when he fell from the second storey of a building in Peking Road, near Kiangse Road. He was taken to St. Luke's Hospital in a Fire Brigade ambulance and it was found that his skull had been fractured at the base and that his left foot also had been broken.

A Chinese woman was stabbed about the head and neck by a man who tried to rob her yesterday on the Urga Road Bridge. She was taken to the Lester Chinese Hospital.

Japanese Push on Hankow

(Continued from page 5)

strike at the northern and western flanks of the Chinese defences of Yangsin.

Booty Taken

Captured in the occupation of Fuchikou were 15 fortification guns, two trench mortars, 200 machine guns and rifles, 500 hand-grenades and 45,000 rounds of rifle ammunition.

Together with Matouchen, opposite Wusueh, and Tienchiacheng, four kilometres to the north on the opposite bank of the Yangtze, Fuchikou formed an elaborate fortress system defending the "bottle neck" area in the river.

Other Japanese columns operating in eastern Hupeh were gradually closing in upon Yangsin after occupying Mushikang, Yulinshan, Yutungshan, and Hoyuehlang.

Fighting was also progressing along the southern extremity of the Lushan mountain range on the west bank of Lake Poyang as Japanese forces endeavoured to straighten their lines.

Japanese West of Lake Poyang

Japanese infantry detachments operating west of Lake Poyang south of the Yangtze with the assistance of artillery and aerial bombardments were making rapid progress yesterday in the Kwanlungshan area, according to Domei dispatches from Lannitu last night.

A Japanese detachment yesterday morning captured the heights of Luchia, northwest of Shanchiashan, and another unit at about the same time occupied Sheshan hill, northwest of Shanchiashan, the reports said.

The Japanese columns were said to be pushing ahead steadily despite Chinese artillery fire from Hwahsishan on the east side of Kwanlungshan.

Japanese forces operating along the Peiping-Hankow Railway in southeastern Honan Killed 160 Chinese soldiers entrenched in the mountains south of Sintien, according to a message from the front. A number of Chinese were taken prisoner.

Taking advantage of rains which continued for a week in this region, the Chinese had strengthened their positions and received reinforcements from Machwang, the reports said.

Prisoners taken by the Japanese were attached to the 44th Independent Brigade. Weakened by hunger, they surrendered willingly, the messages added.

Other Domei dispatches last night stated that Japanese forces which continued a westward drive from Kwangchow and Shangcheng were steadily conveging on the Sinyang area where they hoped to cut the Peiping-Hankow Railway. These reports said Gen. Hu Teng-nan was making desperate efforts to strengthen the Chinese defence positions extending 40 km. from Wulitien to Sinyang.

A dispatch from Tokyo last night stated that heavy damage had been done by a Japanese aerial bombardment of Chinese military establishments at Sungfow, southwest of Macheng in Hupeh Province, on Saturday. An area comprising about three-fourths of the town was said to have been destroyed.

General Assault Near Lushan

According to a field dispatch from the Kiangsi front, two Japanese detachments started a general assault Monday morning on Chinese troops still holding positions in the Lannitang area in the southeastern foothills of the Lushan range. The Japanese troops were said to have dislodged the Chinese from several important positions in the foothills.

Army planes raided Sinyang in the morning of September 23 and "effectively bombed" eleven troop trains, troop concentrations and munition dumps, while a separate air unit raided Nanshanhsia, 15 km. southeast of Mushikang, and bombed about 2,000 Chinese troops, the communiqué said.

Kichun, Tienkiachen and Wuning also were raided. Army air squadrons visited Haimenchen, Hwangyen and Taichow in Chekiang on September 24 and bombed military works there, the statement said.

Evacuation of Chungking

Tokyo, Sept. 26.

Gen. Chiang Kai-shek on Sunday ordered the evacuation of Chinese civilians from Chungking, Szechuen Province within one month, according to a message received from Hongkong today. The action was taken, the report said, to prepare for fortifying Chungking against Japanese air raids. Domei.

Paris Angered by German Memo

Prague Refusal Taken As Foregone Decision; Czechs Left Helpless

Paris, Sept. 26.

The press here this morning was unanimous in condemning the German memorandum to Mr. Chamberlain for Czechoslovakia.

"The German proposals would put Czechoslovakia in an untenable political and economical situation," the "Petit Parisien" declared today. "Prague, of course could not accept the German plan under present circumstances. The German claims are so great that it is impossible for Paris and London to advise Czechoslovakia to accept them. Our British friends are deeply disgusted by Herr Hitler's failure to keep his word and are displaying for Germany the same feelings as in 1914 when Belgium's neutrality was violated.

"Le Jour-L'Echo de Paris" declared that it is easy to understand the Czechs refusing to cede their fortifications, which must remain in the hands of the Czech army for that country's supreme defence.

Lack of Guarantees

"L'Epoque" stated that the Czechs are asked to surrender their fortifications without any counterpart, and without any guarantee. "In war, these fortifications would be of great importance for the French army in obliging the Germans to maintain at least thirty divisions facing them," the paper added.

"Who could ask Czechoslovakia to surrender not only territories with military fortifications, but also the military equipment that they contain?" asked "Le Figaro."

"Le Populaire" says that if Czechoslovakia surrendered the German Sudeten districts today, what would happen after the evacuation? Could Czechoslovakia have abandoned her defensive lines to facilitate a German attack tomorrow.? Herr Hitler wanted the Sudeten districts. He got them, The whole question is to know today whether he will be content with that or whether he has decided to pursue the destruction of Czechoslovakia and add a war to the victory he has already obtained."—Havas.

Sympathy of S. Africa For Czechs

Capetown, Sept. 26.

The Czechoslovak Legation is receiving many letters of sympathy from all parts of the Union and Rhodesia. In some cases, financial contributions are enclosed to aid the children of the Czech Customs officers, who are reported to have lost their lives in Sudetenland.—Reuter.

Herr Henlein in Germany

London, Sept. 26.

The "Daily Mail" reported from Selb, Germany, today that Herr Konrad Henlein, leader of the Sudeten Germans, arrived there and conferred with German Army authorities.—United Press.

Attempt to Save Soviet Ice-Breaker Fails

Moscow, Sept. 26.

The second attempt to rescue the Soviet ice-breaker Sedov, which is drifting in the Arctic Ocean, has been abandoned.—Havas.

Americans Advised to Leave France

Paris, Sept. 26.

The United States Embassy today advised American nationals to leave France as soon as possible.—United Press.

WITH eighteen "women in white" among its 484 passengers, the Nippon Yusen Kaisha Shanghai-Nagasaki ferry Shanghai Maru arrived here on Sunday afternoon, Passengers included Dr. Jyumpei Shinobu, an authority of international law who is acting as judicial adviser to the Japanese naval authorities; Mr. Yutaro Hanawa, manager of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha's Shanghai branch; and others.

U.S. Unimpressed by German "Big Bertha"

Show Piece Believed Made To Offset Other Defects

Washington, Sept. 25.

American ordnance experts and high ranking army officials were unimpressed today by reports from Berlin of the German army's new "Big Bertha" mobile gun.

They admitted that they had received no official reports concerning the new gun which the Nazi army paraded before Admiral Nicholas Horthy, Regent of Hungary, and the military attaches of Europe, and that their opinions were based upon press reports.

Their virtually unanimous opinion nevertheless was that the new gun is an artillery freak, something like the "Big Bertha" used to shell Paris during the world war. Probably it was designed more for impressing Germany's potential enemies than for practical military usage, as it made its first public appearance at a carefully staged public show where the military attaches of Czechoslovakia, France and Britain were given ringside seats. Some believed it was "uncovered" by Nazi officials to offset confidential military intelligence reports, only recently received by the general staffs of the democratic Powers, of weaknesses revealed both in army organization and material during the German march into Austria.

Synthetic Stuff Fails

In material, these reports said, many of the flaws apparently were a result of Germany's attempt at economic self-sufficiency. They revealed that some mobile artillery pieces were equipped with tires made of synthetic rubber which crumbled and distintegrated on the road test. Synthetic lubricants, which had stood up under laboratory tests, failed during actual usage, ruining bearings and rendering units of the mechanized force useless.

The American Army has no piece of artillery similar to the new German gun. Ordnance experts said one could be designed here, and American gun factories could manufacture it, but that present ordnance technique indicated its impracticability except for demonstration purposes.—United Press.

Soviet Tribunal Sends 6 Saboteurs to Death

Moscow, Sept. 26.

The tribunal at Novossibirsk has sentenced to death six members of the "Trotskyist-Bukharinian organization" who sabotaged the crops. At Tatarsk three Trotskyists were sentenced to death, two others to 25 years improsonment, and one other to 20 years imprisonment.—Havas.

Leave Cancelled in Gibraltar

Gibraltar, Sept. 26.

Naval authorities have banned all officers and men from leaving the naval base here until further orders. Foreigners were requested to leave as early as possible. The authorities appealed for volunteers for passive defence work.—Havas.

Paris Schools Fail To Reopen

Paris, Sept. 26.

Owing to the international situation, the reopening of schools for the October term has been postponed.—Havas.

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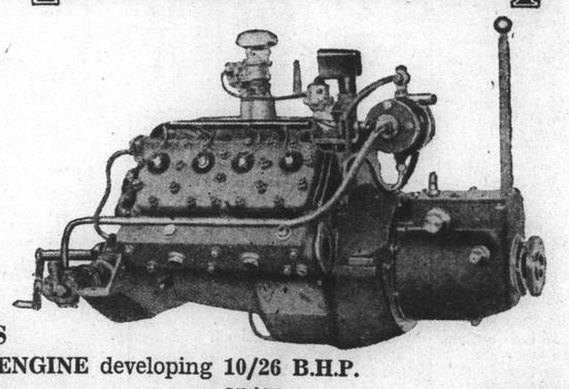

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FROM DAY TO DAY

MR. and Mrs. H. M. Little and Miss M. Little arrived on Saturday from Chinwangtao in the ss. Kaiping.

MR. and Mrs. E. S. Little, Mrs. E. S. Little Jr. and Misses E. and S. Hawkings arrived on Saturday from Chinwangtao in the ss. Kaiping.

SEVERAL places bordering on and in Suiyuan province had their first snowfall on September 25, says a report to the "Wen Hui Pao."

JAPANESE extraterritorial jurisdiction in China has been abolished by a recent order issued by the Judicial Yuan, says a report to the "Sin Wan Pao."

AMONG other passengers in the ss. Kaiping, who arrived on Saturday from Chinwangtao, were:—Mr. H. C. Colter, Miss Craig, Mr. H. F. Prytherch, Mr. and Mrs. Berents.

THE daily report of refugee work for September 25 follows:—No. of Camps under inspection by Public Health Department 1; No. of refugees therein 61,432.

A RUMMAGE sale, sponsored by the members of the Order of the Eastern Star will be held in the Community Church Hall, Route Dufour, on October 1.

DAYLIGHT Saving Time in the United States of America ended last Sunday at 2 a.m. In Great Britain, daylight saving time will cease next Sunday at 2 a.m.

AFTER spending a holiday of three weeks in Japan, Dr. H. E. Suessbach has returned to Shanghai and will continue his consulations at 803 Bubbling Well Road.

SERVICES for the preservation of world peace were held by the Parsee Community at their Prayer Hall on Foochow Road, on Sunday, Ervad Jal S. Kuka officiating.

AN engineering and technical corps consisting of more than 70 Chinese from Burma were given a hearty send-off at Canton by the public bodies there on September 24 as they left for the fronts, says a report to the "Yi Pao."

PREPARED to enter Hankow immediately after the fall of the triple cities of Wuhan into Japanese hands, more than ten Japanese consular policemen left Shanghai yesterday morning, according to the "Shanghai Nippo."

SENOR Francisco Jose del Castillo, retiring Spanish Charge d'Affaires in Tokyo, cancelled his booked passage in the ss. Empress of Canada and left Nagasaki for China September 24, it was learned in Tokyo yesterday.

DR. Otto Ender, a former Austrian Chancellor, was released from custody on Sunday after having been in custody of Nazi officials for nearly six months. He was held first at his home town of Feldkirch and later at Innsbruck.

THE Indian medical corps, consisting of five persons, arrived at Changsha from Canton on September 25, says a report to the "Hwa Mei Chen Pao." It is stated that they have registered with the Chinese Red Cross Society for services at the fronts.

As a Japanese invasion of South China is feared, the Canton military authorities are intensifying their military preparations. All able-bodied men, from Chinese students to ricksha pullers, are being given training, says a report to the "Sin Wan Pao."

WITH the Ningpo and Chinhai coasts now blocked, prices for common salt, coal and other fuel as well as other produce from Ningpo have soared. Local merchants are trying to place their orders from Wenchow instead, says a report to the "Sin Wan Pao."

HAVING left Marseilles in an aeroplane of Air France on September 25, Dr. P. C. Chang, of Nankai University, who has been giving lectures in Europe on behalf of the Chinese Government, is expected at Hanoi early in October, says a report to the "Hwa Mei Chen Pao." Dr. Chang is returning to attend the People's Political Council.

THE following programme will be given by the Municipal Brass Band in Koukaza Park today from 4.30-6 p.m. (weather permitting):—

Suite "In Days of Old" .....Ball
Rustic Dance "Tavern in the Wood" .....Lange
Scena "In the Cathedral" .....Kling
Three Dances from Henry VIII German Suite .....Nevin
Intermezzo "Arabian Nights" ....Hewet
Excerpt "Ballet Egyptian" .....Luigini

SEVERAL armed men opened fire upon Chen Cheh-ming, "Chairman of the Kiangsu Provincial Government" and concurrently head of the "Kiangsu Bureau of Finance," when he was returning to his home after a financial meeting held in Soochow late on the night of September 23, says a report to the "International Daily News." Mr. Chen is said to have been seriously wounded.

THE health report of the French Municipality for the week ending September 24, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Concession were: Foreigners 5 and Chinese 443. Deaths from notifiable diseases were: Foreigners Tuberculosis 2, Septicemy 1. Chinese, Cholera 11; Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers 10; Beri-beri 8; Pneumonia 7; Tuberculosis 6; Dysentery 3 and Recurring Fever 1.

THE Shanghai Municipal Council health report for the week ending midnight, September 24, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement were—Foreigners 13, and Chinese 1075. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners. Tuberculosis 5; Typhoid Fever 1 and Dysentery 1. Chinese, Amoebic and Bacillary Dysentery 46; Typhoid Fever 46; Cholera 29; Tuberculosis 26; Beri-beri 18; Diphtheria 2; Cerebrospinal Fever 2; Malaria 2; Choleraic Diarrhoea 2; and Smallpox, Influenza, Typhus Fever 1 each. Out of 71 cholera cases notified, it is considered that about 66 per cent are genuine.

P. & O. Vessel Sails Today

Conte Verde Leaves on Thursday; Chenonceaux Arrives From Kobe

According to present arrangements, the P. & O. ss. Carthage sails today from buoys 12-13 for Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Malta, Marseilles and London. Her outgoing passengers are to be conveyed by tender from the Customs Jetty at 10.30 a.m.

Another departure for Europe is the L.T. liner Conte Verde which leaves the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Company's Hongkew Wharf on Thursday at about 11 a.m. for Brindisi, Venice and Trieste by the way of Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Massowa and Port Said. The passenger tender leaves the Customs Jetty at 8 a.m. and will not accept any heavy luggage which should be delivered to 125 Hankow Road today during the office hours, or tomorrow before noon.

As previously announced, the M.M. ss. Chenonceau is due from Kobe on Friday and leaves on the following day for Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti, Suez, Port Said and Marseilles. The Blue Funnel ss. Deucalion is expected from Japan on Friday morning and will berth at buoys 15-16, from where she leaves on the following day for Marseilles, Casablanca, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Glasgow via Aden.

Hakone Maru Expected

Arriving from Europe and way ports, the N.Y.K. liner Hakone Maru should enter port on Thursday morning and berth at the company's wharf from where she is to leave on the following day for Kobe and Yokohama. The same company's ss. Nagasaki Maru leaves the company's wharf tomorrow at 9 a.m. for Nagasaki direct; while the D.K.K. ss. Hoten Maru will sail tomorrow at 11 a.m. on her regular voyage to Tsingtao and Dairen.

Latest advices received from the local offices of the J.C.J.L. state that their mv. Tjinegara sails on Thursday at 11 a.m. from Holt's Wharf for Amoy, Hongkong, Manila, Cebu, Menado, Macassar, Bali, Soerabaia and Java. The passengers tender leaves the Customs Jetty at 9.30 a.m. The same company's ss. Tjisaroea arrives tomorrow at daylight from Java and way ports and will berth at the same wharf, from where she leaves on the same day for Vladivostok direct.

Local offices of the Blue Funnel Line expect their ss. Mentor on Friday at Holt's Wharf, from Liverpool and Hongkong. She should leave on the following day for Kobe and Yokohama. Another Blue Funnel vessel, the mv. Memnon, is on her way here from Liverpool and Hongkong and is due on Saturday at the same wharf which she is to leave two days later for Tsingtao, Kobe and Yokohama.

Grete Maersk Arrives

On her way from Manila and Hongkong to New York, the Maersk Line mv. Grete Maersk should enter port on Friday. Stopping here for about three days she will proceed to Kobe, Nagoya, Yokohama, Los Angeles, Panama, New York and Boston also calling at Philadelphia, Baltimore, Savannah, Norfolk and other Atlantic ports.

The American-Oriental Line mv. Tweedbank is on her way here from New York and should berth at the Shanghai & Hongkong Wharf Company's Pootung Wharf on Saturday. She is to leave for the U.S.A. on about October 5, via Hongkong and Manila.

According to present arrangements, the Glen Line ss. Glengarry is due from Dairen on Thursday and is to moor to buoys 12-13 which she leaves on Saturday for Casablanca, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Antwerp by the way of Hongkong and the Straits.

Local Sailings

Latest advices received from the local offices of the C.N. announce that their ss. Nanning arrives this morning at the French Bund from Tientsin and Tsingtao; while their ss. Shuntien should berth at the same bund tomorrow in the afternoon arriving from North China ports.

Their ss. Taiyuan is due at the French Bund this morning from Hongkong and Swatow; while their ss. Shantung is expected in Pootung tomorrow in the morning from Hongkong, Amoy and Chuanchow. The ss. Hsin Peking leaves the French Bund today at noon for Amoy and Swatow; the ss. Kingyuan sails from the same Bund today at 12.30 p.m. for Chunachow, Hongkong and Canton; while the ss. Nanning leaves the French Bund tomorrow at 1 p.m. for Swatow, Hongkong, Canton, Hoihow, Pakhoi and Haiphong. The same company's ss. Whangpu arrives this morning at the French Bund from Changkiakong and Hupukow and sails again for these ports tomorrow at 6 a.m.

Hangsang Enters Port

It is announced that the I.-C.S.N. Co. ss. Hangsang should arrive today from Tientsin, Chefoo and Tsingtao and berth at the Roosevelt Terminal Wharf. The ss. Taiseunhong is due also today at the same wharf from Hongkong and Swatow, while the ss. Fingal leaves the Roosevelt Terminal Buoys this afternoon for Chefoo and Tientsin. The same company's ss. Liwo arrives at the Garden Jetty from Chitung and Haimen this afternoon and leaves for the same ports tomorrow at 7 a.m.; while their ss. Tungwo is expected on the same afternoon from Hsinkong at the Peking Road jetty and sails again for that port tomorrow at 6 a.m.

Misse E. and S. Hawkins, Mrs. Clark, Mr. H. G. Colter, Mrs. E. S. Little jr., Miss Craig, Mrs. H. G. B. Perry, Mr. H. F. Prytherch, Mr. and Mrs. Berents, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Little and Miss M. Little, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Little arrived on Saturday in the ss. Kaiping from Chinwangtao.

Soviet Airwomen Missing On Flight to Far East

Moscow, Sept. 26.

Three Soviet airwomen who took off from Moscow yesterday on a non-stop flight to the Far East are missing. Wireless communication was kept up with them until they were east of Lake Baikal, after which they passed the bad weather zone.—Reuter.

FIELD Marshal Prince Kotohito Kanin, chief of the Japanese Army General Staff, was received in audience by the Emperor yesterday morning when His Highness reported to His Majesty on matters under his jurisdiction.

Fulfilment of New Demands Renders Czechs Helpless

Indignation Expressed in London; French Experts Indicate Crux of German Terms

Paris, Sept. 26.

FULFILMENT of demands contained in Herr Hitler's memorandum to Prague would put Czechoslovakia at the mercy of her neighbours. This is the opinion of French experts who add that Prague would be left open and undefended against attack, and Bohemia would be practically separated from Moravia by a wall of Germans, the only link being a narrow corridor 20 miles wide without a railway.

They state that the map attached to Herr Hitler's memorandum shows that Germany is demanding a plebiscite in regions where the German element is extremely small. The stipulation that all raw materials, cattle and other items must be handed over without compensation, the experts consider, would only be justified if Czechoslovakia was defeated in war.—Reuter.

London, Sept. 25.

"If the Czechs accept the Reich's ultimatum, Germany's rear will be secured and she will soon be immune to any blockade," the "Manchester Guardian" writes today.

"She will possess new industries and sources of raw materials and first class war stocks including some of the finest artillery and machine-guns in existence.

"Of the 25 divisions which she has along the Czech borders now, twenty would be released. All this, it is thought, would happen within a few weeks.

"The next step is that Germany would be able to turn towards the West and present another ultimatum, demanding the colonies or the surrender of the Maginot Line or a plebiscite in the Flemish regions of Belgium....

"In other words, she would have achieved the maximum offensive and defensive power in relation to France and Great Britain," the newspaper concludes.

Lord Beaverbrook's isolationist "Daily Express" states, "The Germans have presented the Czech Government what is in effect an ultimatum....

"The Czechs must clear out of certain areas on Saturday, leaving foodstuffs, raw materials, gun emplacements for the incoming Germans. By evacuating these areas, the Czechs would abandon large parts of their Maginot Line and must thenceforward trust in German good faith.

"The methods and manner in which the Germans are conducting their programme for reshaping Europe will in any case arouse deep misgivings, but if the Czechs refuse to bend their knees, as seems certain, what then? Will the French Premier stand by his declaration on Friday that France would march to the aid of the Czechs.

"As to Britain, if her hopes for peace are defeated, this nation will approach the new situation with her friend. And then?....Nevertheless, we resolve to stand behind the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, in any decision that he may reach."

General Indignation

Publication of the German Memo by the Czech Legation here has roused indignation in all political quarters, who termed the communication a "diktat" and not a diplomatic note.

Most observers anticipated that both France and Britain would deem the German memorandum inacceptable. Both France and Britain will maintain their previous offers, reached on September 19, it is expected.

Purely political and strategic character of the German demands, which if accepted would place Czechoslovakia at the mercy of her neighbours, is revealed by a thorough examination of the German Memo and the map attached to it, reliable sources now declare.

The Berchtesgaden plan aimed at the inclusion in the Reich of all territories inhabited by at least a 50 per cent. German population, but the new demands disprove Herr Hitler's constant affirmations that his claims were based only on the racial theory and excluded objectives such as the annexation of foreign peoples," experts conclude their analysis.—Havas.

Conditions in Hangchow Improving

City Government Revenue Returning to Normal

Indicating improving conditions in Hangchow, a steady increase in the city government's monthly income was revealed in reports of the municipal finance bureau, according to Chinese information.

Seven kinds of licences have been issued since the inauguration of the reorganized Hangchow city government, these being for rickshaws, amusement houses, restaurants, slaughter-houses, tea-shops and hotels.

The total amount of income from these sources was about $3,000 in June, but this amount increased to twice as much within one month and in August the sum was further increased to more than $7,000.

The finance bureau also has imposed a tax on residences and shops. At the request of the landlords, the bureau recently reduced the rate of the tax on unoccupied premises in the city, the reports added.

Lord Stanley Returns From Canada

Dominions Secretary Goes Ashore on Stretcher

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Sept. 26.

Lord Stanley, Dominion Secretary, the only member of the Cabinet who has not attended metings during the crisis, arrived at Southampton yesterday from Quebec. He was carried ashore on a stretcher while an ambulance drove him to his London home.

It is hoped that he will be able to resume his place in public affairs shortly.

The injury to his leg, received before he left England, became worse while Lord Stanley was in Canada, and eventually the leg had to be supported with plaster of paris.

He had opened the Toronto Exhibition, but the final stages of his tour had to be cancelled because of the European situation and he arrived home a fortnight earlier than originally planned.—Reuter.

ITALIAN Police arrested Sig. Vincenzo Milante and charged him with stealing jewels from the Tirana Roma plane which crashed rear Formia several months ago. The jewels belonged to a Paris firm which was sending them to Albania where King Zog was to select a wedding present from among them for his bride. After a long search, police trailed Sig. Milante to his home where they found a box containing several hundred thousand lire worth of precious gems.

TO OUR PATRONS

Owing to rising costs of operation, the Directors of Asia Theatres Inc., are reluctantly compelled to announce a slight advance in some of the admittance prices. The Cathay, Grand and Nanking admittance prices as from October 1, 1938, will be as follows:

	Monday to Friday (Including Refugee Tax)	Saturday and Sunday (Including Refugee Tax)
1st Performance	70 cts., $1.10, $1.60	80 cts., $1.10, $1.60
2nd Performance	80 cts., $1.10, $1.60	80 cts., $1.10, $1.60
3rd Performance	85 cts., $1.30, $1.60, $2.10	85 cts., $1.30, $1.60, $2.10
Sunday Morning Performances (Including Refugee Tax)		70 cts., $1.10, $1.60.

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Defective kidney action permits uric acid and other harmful impurities to remain in the blood and work havoc in the system. Backache, dizzy attacks, urinary irregularities and stiff, aching muscles and joints are the usual results.

Each day makes matters worse and the immediate use of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills is called for. During sixty years this special kidney tonic has been relieving lumbago, rheumatism, sciatica, backache, dropsy and bladder weakness.

Ask for and be sure you get DOAN'S. Of all dealers.

DOAN'S Backache Kidney Pills

Herr Hitler Will Speak to Reich

Declaration on Czech Dispute Expected to Put Issue on Prague

Berlin, Sept. 26.

Chancellor Adolf Hitler will address the whole German nation at 8 o'clock this evening (3 a.m. Tuuesday, Shanghai) when he will deliver an "historic speech" at the huge Sportpalast.

Radio stations throughout Germany made this announcement yesterday. Special amplifiers have already been placed at special points in all cities and villages where meetings will be held tonight to enable the greatest possible number of people to listen together to the Fuehrer's words.

All observers here aggree the announcement that Herr Hitler would speak this evening marked the gravity of the situation arising out of the Godesberg parleys. Press indications are that the present week will be decisive in the history of Europe.

German People Apprehensive

The German man-in-the-street is still ignorant of the tenor of the German Memo transmitted to Prague through the British Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain. Also, the populace was somewhat disappointed at the brevity of the official communique issued at Godesberg after the Hitler-Chamberlain negotiations closed early in the morning last Saturday.

Herr Hitler's intention is probably to inform the German people of the present situation. The Fuehrer is expected to proclaim German determination to settle the Sudeten problem whatever world opinion is on the subject. Some observers expect Herr Hitler to add proposals to the States interested in the Czech situation.

Punitive Action Predicted

German political quarters talk freely of the possibility of punitive German action against Czechoslovakia before October 1, date set in the latest German Memo. Such measures may be taken if Prague categorically rejects the Reich's Memo, these circles assert.

Foreign observers now declare that German tactics in the Czech affair consist of throwing upon Prague all the responsibility for any eventual outbreak of hostilities.

German Government quarters apparently still believe that Britain and France will not intervene even if Germany does use force. The bulk of the population, however, seriously fears a general conflagration.

All Germany now resembles a vast military camp. Troops on the march are to be seen on all roads. Anti-aircraft guns have been mounted on the roofs of many houses here. These preparations do little to calm the fears of the populace.

Germans are especially afraid of an economic blockade despite the assurances given by their leaders at Nuremberg during the September 6-12 Congress.

Rulers of the Reich continue to insist that the decision of whether it is to be war or peace depends exclusively upon Prague, Paris and London. Nazi quarters emphasize that at the Nuremberg Congress they notified the world of Germany's irrevocable will to reach a settlement of the Sudeten qestion "by all means and hence, London and Paris have been warned."

It is now expected that Herr Hitler's speech from the Sportpalast this evening will develop this view and that "the Reich will consider herself provoked if Prague does not accept the Godesberg Memo before October 2 and will then enter into action. Therefore, the localization of the conflict depends on Prague, while its spread depends on Paris and London."—Havas.

Republicans Stand Fast On Ebro Front

Hendaye, Sept. 25.

Fierce Republican resistance along the entire Ebro River front broke the spearhead of the Nationalist attack today, advices from Barcelona report. Gen. Franco's militia, supported by several Italian units, wilted under an intense barrage of anti-tank, artillery and machinegun fire, the Republicans claimed.

Nationalist dispatches from Sevilla said all Republican attacks on the Villar del Rio and Villafranca sectors were broken with the Republicans suffering heavy losses.—United Press.

Mme Chiang's Pilot Marries in Hongkong

Weds Californian Girl From Paramount Studios

The pilot of Mme Chiang Kai-shek's private plane was married on Sept. 17 at 5.30 p.m. at the Kowloon Union Church, the Rev. K. Mackenzie Dow officiating, states the "South China Morning Post.". He is Mr. Royal Leonard, son of Mrs. Bertha Leonard, of Glendale, California. He was educated in the United States and is a graduate of Kelley Field. He was associated with the Western Art Express in America. For the past two years he has been working for the Chinese Government, and recently has acted as pilot for both the Generalissimo and Mme Chiang.

The bride was Miss Maxine Carolyn Thayer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Guy V. Thayer, of Hollywood. California. She was educated in America and has been associated with Paramount Studios for the past seven years. Her marriage in Hongkong is the culmination of a three-years romance.

Arriving on the arm of Mr. Richard Rathmell, by whom she was given away in marriage, the bride looked radiantly lovely in white starched chiffon cut on Grecian lines. Her veil was finger-tip length with a halo of rose point lace. She brought both the wedding dress and veil with her from America. She carried a bouquet of ginger flowers, tuber roses, jasmine, and Honolulu creeper, with maiden-hair fern.

The matron-of-honour was Mrs. Richard Rathmell, who wore a graceful frock or shell pink lace over a pink moire slip, and carried pink gladioli tied with pink satin ribbon.

Mr. A. B. Tyrrell undertook the duties of best man, and Mrs. Frank Short rendered appropriate music on the organ. A large reception was later held at the Peninsula Hotel.

Mrs. Leonard chose a smart white suit for her going away dress. The happy couple intend to make their home in Hongkong for the present.

B.B.C. Completes Plans For Any Emergency

Ether War Eventuality Fully Prepared

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Sept. 26.

The British Broadcasting Corporation is believed to have completed plans for the organization of broadcasting in a national emergency.

Not only news will be broadcast, but musical and other programmes will continue to be put on the air as a suspension might affect the public demoralizingly.

In case of another war, the conflict will probably extend to the ether both in transmissions of propaganda to foreign countries and efforts to jam hostile transmitters.

As wave-lengths in the medium wave band are particularly liable to interference, the alternative use of ultra-short waves, which will avoid the danger of jamming news broadcasts, is being considered.—Reuter.

How about going to the "Tower" tonight!

That is a question which hardly requires an answer. For who would refuse an invitation to dance and be entertained at Shanghai's aristocrat of night clubs ... the Tower. Commencing each evening at 9.30 the Tower presents the finest, most exclusive and "different" entertainment program in the city. Dinner in the Restaurant, commencing 8.30 p.m.

The TOWER NIGHT CLUB

DEFINITELY THE PLACE TO GO !

PLAYER'S PLEASE

It's the Tobacco that counts

EV-90.

THE SPORTS PAGE

Dual Contest for Pennant

Race Narrows Down to Pittsburgh Pirates and Chicago Cubs as World Series Draws Nigh

New York, Sept. 25.

THE race for the 1938 National League pennant and the honour of playing the New York Yankees in the World Series became a dual contest between the Pittsburgh Pirates and the Chicago Cubs today as the New York Giants and the Cincinnati Reds were ousted from the running. Charlie Lucas hurled the Bucs to victory over the Cincinnati Redlegs, 5-3, to register his fourteenth consecutive victory over the Reds in a five-year period. Lee Handley led the batting parade with a double and two singles to drive in two men in three trips to the plate.

A four-run spree in the seventh inning gave the Cubs a 7-2 win over the St. Louis Cardinals. Clay Bryant was the hero of the game, revealing excellent twirling to win his nineteenth game of the season.

The Giants bowed twice to the Boston Bees, tied the Terrymen in the sixth inning, and then came through with one marker in the eleventh inning for a 3-2 victory.

The Bees had an easier time in the nightcap, scoring three runs in the very first inning for a 4-3 triumph despite a blated rally by the Giants. The Philadelphia Phillies and the Brooklyn Dodgers split their twin bill.

Brilliant Hurling

Scoring five runs in the seventh inning, the Dodgers took the opener, 5-1, but lost the nightcap by the same margin when the Phils got off to a flying start by tallying two runs in the first inning. The second game was called in the seventh inning because of darkness.

Brilliant relief hurling by John Wilson helped the Boston Red Sox down the New York Yankees, 5-3. The second game of the double-header was called in the sixth inning because of darkness when the teams were tied, 2-2. Spurting in the seventh inning for three runs, the Detroit Tigers trimmed the Cleveland Indians, 7-5.

A single in the tenth inning by Finney aided the Philadelphia Athletics in beating the Washington Senators, 6-5 after two runs in the eighth resulted in a deadlock. The Senators, however, came back strongly, scoring four runs in a seventh-inning rally for a 5-4 triumph in the nightcap.

Lou Newsom hurled his nineteenth win when he downed the Chicago White Sox for the St. Louis Browns, 7-2, in the curtain raiser. The Browns also won the concluding tussle, 8-4, when McQuinn homered. The Browns announced at the end of the games that they were releasing Gabby Street, who was made manager this season after Rogers Hornsby withdrew.

Scores:

National League

OPENERS

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	3	11	2
Pittsburgh	5	9	0

Batteries: Derringer and Lombardi; Lucas, Swift and Todd.

St. Louis	2	8	2
Chicago	7	8	0

Batteries: Weiland, McGee; Shoun, Macon and Owen; Bryant and Hartnett.

New York	2	6	2
Boston	3	8	1*

Batteries: Lohrman and Danning; Mac Fayden and Mueller.

Philadelphia	1	6	2
Brooklyn	5	8	0

Batteries: Butcher and Atwood; Hamlin, Pressnell and George.

NIGHTCAPS

New York	3	5	1
Boston	4	10	1

Batteries: Castleman, Vandenberg and Danning; Shoffner and Mueller.

Philadelphia	5	8	0
Brooklyn	1	4	1**

Batteries: Passeau and Davis; Rogers, Pressnell and George.

*Eleven innings.
**Called in seventh inning due to darkness.

American League

OPENERS

Cleveland	5	10	2
Detroit	7	12	1

Batteries: Galehouse and Pytlak; Poffenberger and Tebbetts.

Boston	5	11	2
New York	3	6	4*

Batteries: McKain, Wilson and Peacock; Hadley and Glenn.

Washington	5	10	1
Philadelphia	6	11	2*

Batteries: Appleton, Deshong and Ferrell Reninger, Smith and Wagner.

Chicago	2	11	0
St. Louis	7	8	0

Batteries: Whitehead, Rigney and Sewell; Newsom and Sullivan.

NIGHTCAPS

Boston	2	6	2
New York	2	5	1**

Batteries: Ostermueller and Peacock; Murphy and Dickey.

Washington	5	12	0
Philadelphia	4	8	0***

Batteries: Chase, Kelly and Giuliani; Thomas, Smith and Hayes.

Chicago	4	11	3
St. Louis	8	11	0

Batteries: Boyles, Cabler and Schlueter; Bildilli, and Harshany.

*Ten innings.
**Called in sixth because of darkness.
***Called in seventh because of darkness.

Team Standings

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Pittsburgh	85	58	.594
Chicago	84	61	.579
New York	79	66	.545
Cincinnati	77	66	.538
Boston	73	72	.503
St. Louis	68	76	.472
Brooklyn	65	78	.455
Philadelphia	45	99	.313

AMERICAN LEAGUE

New York	95	51	.651
Boston	84	59	.587
Cleveland	83	63	.568
Detroit	78	69	.531
Washington	73	73	.500
Chicago	61	79	.436
St. Louis	53	90	.371
Philadelphia	52	95	.354

—United Press.

Foxx Heads League Batters

Greenberg Leading in Home Runs: Ruffing Tops Pitcher Averages

New York, Sept. 24.

Chunky Jimmy Foxx, the smiling first baseman of the Boston Red Sox continued in his powerful hitting stride last week and maintained his leadership in the batting averages. It was officially announced here today.

The hard-slugging Boston first sacker who soared into the lead the previous week with an average of .345 set even a faster pace during the past seven days and boosted his average to .350.

Foxx not only leads in the averages, but he is on top of the heap in runs batted in with 168 and second to Hank Greenberg in both home runs with 47 and runs with 130. He is fourth in hits with 188.

Greenberg, star of the Detroit Tigers who is out to improve on Babe Ruth's world record of 60 home runs set in the 1927 season, heads the men among the four-baggers with 56 through last Friday. The Jewish batting star is also on top in the runs category with 133. He is second to Foxx in runs batted in with 138.

Charlie Ruffing, hurling ace of the New York Yankees, continued to lead the pitchers in the American league with 21 wins and six losses, while Mace Brown, of the Pittsburgh Pirates, tops the National League twirlers with 15 triumphs and six defeats.

Following are the official statistics:

BATTING

Jimmy Foxx, Red Sox	.350
Ernie Lombardi, Reds	.342
Charles Myer, Senators	.340
Tom Heath, Indians	.337
Earl Averill, Indians	.336

HOME RUNS

Hank Greenberg, Tigers	56
Jimmy Foxx, Red Sox	47
Harland Clift, Browns	33
Rudy York, Tigers	33
Mel Ott, Giants	33

RUNS BATTED IN

Jimmy Foxx, Red Sox	168
Hank Greenberg, Tigers	138
Joe Di Maggio, Yankees	133
Rudy York, Tigers	125
Joe Medwick, Cardinals	117

RUNS

Hank Greenberg, Tigers	133
Jimmy Foxx, Red Sox	130
Bob Rolfe, Yankees	127
Charlie Gehringer, Tigers	127
Joe Di Maggio, Yankees	123

HITS

Frank McCormick, Reds	196
Joe Vosmik, Red Sox	193
Roger Cramer, Red Sox	189
Jimmy Foxx, Red Sox	188

Pitching Records

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won	Lost
Charlie Ruffing, Yankees	21	6
Bob Grove, Red Sox	14	4
Spurgeon Chandler, Yankees	14	5
Ray Ostermueller, Red Sox	12	5
Monte Pearson, Yankees	15	7

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Mace Brown, Pirates	15	6
Bob Klinger, Pirates	12	5
Bill Lee, Cubs	18	9
Curt Davis, Cardinals	12	5

Batting included all games through Friday, September 23.

Pitching included all games through Thursday, September 22.—United Press.

Pacific Coast Play-off Series Continues

San Francisco, Sacramento Still Lead Field

San Francisco, Sept. 25.

The San Francisco Seals and the Sacramento Senators continued to lead in the play-off series of the Pacific Coast baseball league today.

The Seals whipped the Seattle Rainiers in both ends of a double-header to increase their lead to four games to one. They won the curtain raiser, 5-4, and the nightcap, 6-0. The Los Angeles Angels and the Senators split their twin bill, giving the Senators a 4-2 edge in the series.

Scores:

	R.	H.	E.
Seattle	4	10	2
San Francisco	5	11	0

Batteries: Hutchinson and Spindel; Gibson, Ballou and Spring.

Seattle	0	10	0
San Francisco	6	10	0

Batteries: Barrett, Turpin and Spindel; Koupal and Spring.

Los Angeles	3	10	0
Sacramento	2	10	2

Batteries: Thomas and Collins; Newsome and Franks.

Los Angeles	1	5	0
Sacramento	10	11	0

Batteries: Berry, Bush, Galveston and Collins; Walker and Franks.

The Senators came through with a grand nine-run rally in the fourth inning to win the nightcap. Williams clouted out two home runs to help the victory become possible.—United Press.

Sports in Soviets

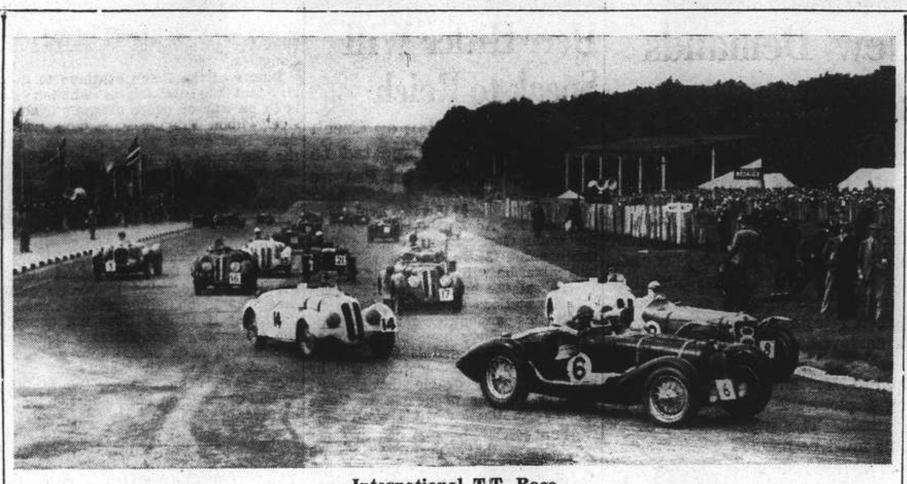
Moscow, Sept. 25.

On September 24, sports contests took place in a number of towns of the Soviet Union.

In Moscow, about three thousand cyclists participated in the races at the distance of 50 kilometres.

A motorcycle race for the championship of the U.S.S.R. at the distance of 100 kilometres was held in Kiev: 194 motorcyclists from 31 towns of the Soviet Union participated in the race. All hitherto existing records of the U.S.S.R. for the machines of all classes were bettered.

Mass military sports competitions were held in Kharkov. The All-Union tennis tournament continued in Rostov. Football matches for the championship of the U.S.S.R. were held in Moscow, Tbilisi, Kiev, Odessa and Leningrad.—Tass.



International T.T. Race

Picture shows F. E. Clifford's Darracq leading Lois Gerrard's Delage in the International T. T. Race at Donnington Park, Derbyshire. The winner was Gerrard at an average speed of 67.61 m.p.h. Since its inception as a racing centre a few years ago, Donnington had become the focal point of road-racing in the British Isles.

League Football To Start Early

Two Matches Fixed for Week-end: Seaforths Strength Missing

The 1938 football season will get under way earlier than usual as two games have been fixed by the Shanghai Football Association for this week-end, according to an announcement received yesterday from the honorary secretary's office.

Saturday afternoon, starting at 2.30 p.m., Tung Hwa will play Aurora University at the Canidrome. The Collegians are new to the First Division, having been champions of the Second Division in 1936-37. Tung Hwa, with no less than four former senior members still available, are expected to score a victory in a fairly easy manner, judging by recent performances of the two sides in that Aurora lost to St. Francis Xavier's College by 6-1 while Tung Hwa drew with the Saints, 2-2. It is also to be noted that three of the Aurora players have left the team, two to Lido and one to Tung Hwa.

Sunday morning at the same place, beginning at 10 a.m. S. F. X. will meet the Shanghai Recreation Club. The school eleven have the advantage of having played in two friendly games and have fully understood each other in the matter of team work. The Recs, nevertheless, can put up a spirited fight and possess better individual exponents.

Possible Arrangements

In view of the somewhat smaller number of senior teams, it was decided by the S. F. A. Council that every effort should be made to hold two rounds of fixtures in the senior section—that is teams will be required to play each other twice, as was the practice before the hostilities.

However, should it be found impossible to hold a double round competition the championship will be decided on results of the opening round alone. In that case, the second half of the fixtures will be cancelled and some other form of contest will be substituted. Play in the Reserve, Second and Third Divisions will commence on Saturday, October 22. Fixtures in these categories will be the usual one round, each team playing the other once.

Followers of football will be reluctant to hear that the Seaforth Highlanders have suddenly been ordered to leave Shanghai, for Hongkong. Their whereabouts in the near future is uncertain and it is not improbable that the local League will miss them for the rest of the season. The Highlanders, in their debut against the champion Association Sportive Francaise last Sunday morning at the Canidrome, displayed the kind of form that will make any eleven aspiring for the next title feel uncomfortable. A lead of three goals in the first half is sufficient to tell the Scots players' capabilities.

Friendly Basketball Yesterday

Displaying clever teamwork in a friendly basketball game at the Navy Y.M.C.A. last night, the Paramount five defeated the U.S.S. Black Hawk, 49 to 41. The Chinese jumped ahead after the first five minutes and seized a lead of 26 to 10 at the interval.

S. K. Koo and S. L. Jui had a successful time during the first half of the contest. The former dropped in no less than five baskets from close in while the latter excelled in long range shooting, accounting for four goals. Koo retired in the second session but Jui kept right on and contributed three more to become the high point man with eighteen tallies.

The Navy five rallied strongly in the beginning of the second half. Stark, tall and husky centre, tossed in three baskets while Kiletty made two. The splurge narrowed down Paramount's lead and when the final whistle blasted the Chinese were only eight points in the front.

Hankow Defeats Team From "Shanghai"

Hankow, Sept. 25.

For the second year in succession the annual interport cricket match between Shanghai and Hankow has been played between local teams.

In years past the visit of a Shanghai team to Hankow has been the highlight of the cricket season, but owing to the hostilities the match has resolved itself into a game between local members of the Shanghai Cricket Club and Hankow cricketers, supplemented by members of the British Navy.

Hankow won this year, but Barson, former Shanghai interport player, contributed over half a century for Shanghai.

On both Saturday and Sunday air raid alarms were sounded, but the game continued and no Japanese aeroplanes appeared.—Reuter.

Chicago Cards Lose To Packers

Stirring Play Seen in U.S. Professional Football

New York, Sept. 25.

Spectacular passing by Dixie Howell and Arnold Herber enabled the Green Bay Packers to defeat the youthful Chicago Cardinals today by a score of 28-7 in a National Professional Football League contest in the Wisconsin city.

Their running attack completely throttled by the mighty Cardinal forward wall, the Packers took to the air and completed pass after pass for long gains and scores.

The Card defence was woefully inept against the aerial barrage, and nullified the heroic labours of the kid linesmen, who stopped the Green Bay running attack before it could get fairly under way.

The New York Giants suffered their first defeat of the season when they bowed to the Philadelphia Eagles at the Polo Grounds, 14-10. An early lead piled up by Ed Danowski and Ken Strong, the former on a touchdown and the latter on a field goal, went for naught when the Eagles unleashed a series of sustained power drives down to the field, marching steadily through the Giant line to score two touchdowns for victory.

The world champion Washington Redskins, after being held to a 16-16 tie by the Brooklyn Dodgers last week, swept through the hapless Cleveland Rams with little or no difficulty to pile up a 37-13 victory built around a passing attack with Slingin' Sam Baugh as the nucleus.

The Chicago Bears were idle after their game yesterday with the Negro All Stars. Following are the detailed scores:

Green Bay 28, Cardinals 7
Eagles 14, Giants 10
Redskins 37, Rams 13

TEAM STANDINGS

	W.	L.	T.	For.	Ag'st.
Bears	2	0	0	18	15
Lions	1	0	0	16	7
Redskins	2	0	1	79	52
Packers	2	1	0	54	26
Giants	1	1	0	37	28
Eagles	1	1	0	37	36
Cardinals	1	2	0	33	46
Dodgers	0	1	1	19	33
Rame	0	3	0	36	78

Speedboat Title To Italian

Count di Montelera does Fast Time Before Large Crowd at Washington

Washington, Sept. 25.

Count Theo Rossi di Montelera, the wine and vermouth magnate of Turin, Italy, won the President's Gold Cup for speed-boat racing at a record average speed of 66.981 miles an hour over a fifteen-mile course on the Potomac river today.

The Italian speedster raced against time, registering 68.285 miles an hour for his fastest lap.

A crowd of 75,000 spectators lined the banks of the scenic Potomac River almost in the shadow of the Capitol to see the one-man race as five other entries withdrew at the last minute for various reasons.

In addition to the one-man display of skilful speed racing, the spectators were treated to a pageant depicting the naval battle of Lake Erie, between the United States and British forces in the War of 1812.

Jack Cooper of Kansas City established a new American record of 75.4 miles an hour for the 225-cubic inch hydroplane in a trial run at the President's Cup regatta.

He bettered his own record of 73.71 miles an hour which he established at Red Banks, N.J., in 1937.

Officials said Cooper's speed was the more remarkable because it was made under unfavourable conditions. A brisk wind whipped the Potomac into choppy waves.—United Press.

Italian Soccer League

Rome, Sept. 25.

Hard-fought games marked the Italian soccer league today when none of the victors triumphed by more than one goal.

The Bologna eleven, playing on home grounds, beat Barit, 4-3. The Lazio team nipped Genoa, 2-1, while at Genoa the Liguria outfit downed the Roma eleven, 3-2, and Triestin beat Lucchese, 2-1.

Although playing on strange territory, Ambrosiana defeated Novara, 1-0.

Three ties were registered. Livorno and Torino battled to a 1-1 deadlock at Leghorn. Milan, playing at home, held Napoli to a scoreless draw while at Turin Juventus tied with Modena, 1-1.—United Press.

"B" Company S.V.C. Spoon Competition

Sgt. Browne and Pte. Kaye Successful

"B" Company S.V.C. held their August and September Spoon competitions on September 25.

The August Spoon was won by Pte. Kaye, "B" Class, with the score of 60 which, with class allowance of 8.16, made a nett total of 68.16.

The September Spoon was won by Sergeant Browne, "A" Class, with the score of 39 which the class allowance of 2.88 made a nett total of 41.88. Complete results were as follows:—

August Competition—H.P.S.: 68

A1 CLASS

	Score	Allce	H'cap	Nett
Capt. Barton	61	—	2.72	58.28
Sgt. England	60	—	2.72	57.28
Pte. Bulldeath	57	—	7.72	54.28
Pte. Buckley	51	—	2.72	48.28
L/Cpl. McKenzie	49	—	4.76	44.24

A CLASS

Pte. J. Roche	58	4.08	2.72	59.36
Pte. Ross	54	4.08	—	58.08
L/Cpl. B. Young	51	4.08	—	58.08
Pte. Grundt	49	4.08	2.72	50.36
Sgt. Browne	53	4.08	—	57.08
Pte. W. Hall	41	4.08	—	45.08
Sgt. Barry	40	4.08	—	44.08
Cpl. Markham	38	4.08	2.72	39.36

B CLASS

Pte. Kaye	60	8.16	—	68.16
Cpl. L. Schusterovitz	57	8.16	—	65.16
2nd/Lt. Greiner	51	8.16	2.72	56.44
Pte. Cruz	49	8.16	2.72	54.44
L/Cpl. G. Ryan	46	8.16	—	54.16
L/Cpl. E. Hing	45	8.16	—	53.16

C CLASS

L/Cpl. White	55	12.24	—	67.24
Pte. Croucher	53	12.24	—	65.24
Pte. Westwood	53	12.24	—	65.24
L/Cpl. Baukham	47	12.24	—	59.24
Pte. H. England	46	12.24	—	58.24
L/Cpl. J. King	45	12.24	—	57.24
Pte. E. Strand	43	12.24	—	55.24
Pte. D. Cock	42	12.24	—	54.24
Pte. Baylis	40	12.24	—	52.24
Pte. R. Hall	38	12.24	—	50.24
Pte. Cance	37	12.24	—	49.24
Pte. R. Thompson	36	12.24	—	48.24
Pte. Markitant	33	12.24	—	45.24
Pte. D. Cance	31	12.24	—	43.24
Pte. Harvey	31	12.24	—	43.24
Pte. Campbell	30	12.24	—	42.24
Pte. Davis	28	12.24	—	40.24
L/Cpl. Hope	26	12.24	—	38.24
Pte. Leon	24	12.24	—	36.24
Pte. Hutchinson	22	12.24	—	34.24
Pte. Gilcrist	9	12.24	—	21.24

September Competition—H.P.S.: 48

A1 CLASS

Capt. Barton	41	—	1.92	39.08
Sgt. England	40	—	1.92	38.08
Pte. Bulldeath	37	—	1.92	35.08
Pte. Buckley	37	—	1.92	35.08
L/Cpl. McKenzie	34	—	3.36	30.64

A CLASS

Sgt. Browne	39	2.88	—	41.88
Pte. J. Roche	39	2.88	1.92	39.96
L/Cpl. W. A. Young	33	2.88	—	35.88
Pte. Grundt	33	2.88	1.92	33.96
Sgt. Barry	30	2.88	—	32.88
Pte. Ross	36	2.88	—	28.88
Cpl. Markham	27	2.88	1.92	27.96
Pte. W. Hall	23	2.88	—	25.88

B CLASS

2nd/Lt. Greiner	35	5.76	1.92	38.84
Cpl. Schusterovitz	32	5.76	—	37.76
Pte. Kaye	28	5.76	1.92	31.84
L/Cpl. E. Hing	26	5.76	—	31.76
L/Cpl. G. Ryan	21	5.76	—	26.76
Pte. Cruz	16	5.76	1.92	19.84

C CLASS

Pte. E. Strand	32	8.64	—	40.64
L/Cpl. White	29	8.64	—	37.34
Pte. Croucher	25	8.64	—	33.64
Pte. Cock	24	8.64	—	32.64
Pte. Markitant	24	8.64	—	32.64
Pte. H. England	22	8.64	—	30.64
L/Cpl. Baukham	21	8.64	—	29.64
Pte. R. Hall	23	8.64	—	31.64
Pte. Cance	21	8.64	—	29.64
L/Cpl. King	19	8.64	—	27.64
Pte. Westwood	19	8.64	—	27.64
Pte. Baylis	16	8.64	—	24.64
Pte. Thompson	16	8.64	—	24.64
Pte. Davis	15	8.64	—	23.64
Pte. Harvey	12	8.64	—	20.64
Pte. Campbell	12	8.64	—	20.64
L/Cpl. Hope	10	8.64	—	18.64
Pte. Hutchinson	10	8.64	—	18.64
Pte. Leon	9	8.64	—	17.64
Pte. D. Cance	7	8.64	—	16.64
Pte. Gilcrist	3	8.64	—	11.64

Greenberg's Hard Time In Home Run Race

New York, Sept. 25.

The odds are 7 to 1 that Hank Greenberg won't break Babe Ruth's home run record of 60. Hank said so himself today.

"Those people who are taking the short end of 2 to 1 bets that I break Ruth's record are crazy," confided the tall, black-haired bronx boy who plays first base for the Detroit Tigers. "I've got an outside chance, that's all. Every day it gets tougher and tougher for me to get a homer.

"The pressure is on me from all angles. Take the other day, we are leading the red sox, and I come to bat against a rookie pitcher named Baker. The first pitch he serves me is right at my head and I have to go down into the dirt. If I wasn't after Ruth's record he would never have thought of trying to dust me off."

Don't think that Greenberg has given up on his chance of smashing Ruth's record. Even while admitting that the odds are tremendously against him, he will tell you about the schedule he has set for himself in quest of the mighty bambino's 11-year record, a mark considered unassailable in baseball's inner circles.—United Press.

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6. GERARDO	6. ANDRINUA

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The Dividends printed below are to the units of 20 cents and include the winning stake Monies.

For Matches played Saturday, September 24, 1938.

POOLS	WINNERS	TOTAL UNITS	RESULTS	DIVIDEND
Pool 1.	170 194 214	20	5 correct	$ 5.20
Pool 2.	115 141 201	15	4 correct	$10.10
Pool 3.	117 141 179 210 291 297	26	12 correct	$ 7.20
Pool 4.	103 115 139 147 148 157 177 262 271	31	10 correct	$ 7.60
Pool 5.	170 210 214 274 281	22	10 correct	$ 6.20
Pool 6.	115 117 312	12	10 correct	$ 9.20
Pool 7.	117 134	10	3 correct	$ 9.60
Pool 8.	117 139	7	2 correct	$12.20
Pool 9.	182	2	8 correct	$14.80

I have examined and checked the total amount to be received from the Pools conducted by Messrs. Scotland & Co., and hereby certify that after providing for commission as allowed by the rules and such expenses as I have certified to be properly chargeable, the whole of such amount has been divided amongst the winners, resulting as above, more than 80 per cent. of the total amounts staked being paid to Pool Winners.

(Sgd.) J. WEBSTER WATTS, F.C.A.,
Chartered Accountant.

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Membership Badges and Tickets must be produced before admission is granted.

Special Guests Admission Tickets $5 each. Archway Entrance, 304 Mohawk Road.

These Tickets give admission to Members sections of Grand Stand and Pari-mutuels etc.

Entrance for Public, 304A Mohawk Road. Admission $1 each. Men in uniform admitted free.

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Tiffins, Teas and Refreshments obtainable at the Course.

CASH SWEEP TICKETS
All through chances for Sweeps on 7 Races, October 1, $20 each.

Special Sweep on The Champions to be run on November 9, 1938:—

$10 each complete ticket of Eleven (11 Sections)
Single Sections, $1 each.

The above Tickets may be obtained on application to
A. W. OLSEN, 304 Mohawk Road.

HINDSBARR FOOTBALL POOLS

Results for week ending September 24

POOL No. 1 $1,000.00 FREE POOL
x 2 x 1 1 x 1 1 1 x 1 1
Nos. 924, 927, 955 forecasted 8 correct results.

POOL No. 2 x x 1 1 1 1 2 x 2 1
DIVIDEND $39.50 PAID
Nos. 855, 951 (correct results)

HINDS & BARR
Tel. 15155 100 Central Arcade P.O. Box 1895

SPONSORED by the AUDITORIUM
BOXING
FRIDAY, SEPTEMER 30 AT 9 P.M.
BACK WITH A BANG!
46 PUNCH PACKED ROUNDS 46
Main Event
Ten 2 minute rounds
GASPAR ALESSANDRI — Lightweight Champion of China — Savoy Grenadiers 135 lbs.
vs.
GEORGE LEVCHENKO — Leading local welter — Shanghai 140 lbs.
Semi-final: Eight 2 minute rounds
CHUCK HAINES — Former lightweight Champion — Fourth Marines 136 lbs.
vs.
KOLIA USEFOVITCH — Champion of North China — Tientsin 136 lbs.
Special Event: Eight 2 minute rounds
YOUNG ALDE — The Old Maestro — Manila 150 lbs.
vs.
BORIS ZATZ — The Jolting Jew — Shanghai 150 lbs.
Six 2 minute rounds
DUKE DE STEFANO — Fourth Marines 143 lbs.
vs.
PRIVATE KUZNETZOFF — Russian Regiment 143 lbs.
Six 2 minute rounds
PRIVATE MARDENSKY — Russian Regiment 152 lbs.
vs.
BILLY ADDIS — Fourth Marines 152 lbs.
Four 2 minute rounds
OTELLO VITARELLI — Italian Navy 128 lbs.
vs.
PETER DINISOFF — Shanghai 128 lbs.
Four 2 minute rounds
SAN MARCO — French Army 145 lbs.
vs.
KOLIA UROVITCH — Shanghai 145 lbs.
Booking At SQUIRES BINGHAM, LTD.
126 Nanking Road Telephone 14770
at the CANIDROME Gardens

"Don't Know How To Lose"

Helen Wills Moody Earns Reproaches from Sports Writer: Veteran Stage

By Henry McLemore
(United Press Staff Correspondent)

New York, Sept. 25.

Let us not be too hasty in condemning Mrs. Helen Wills Moody for her refusal to enter the National singles championship at Forest Hills. Who knows but what she is saving herself for the veterans' championship? in two years she will be 35 and eligible for play in this matronly division of tennis. My guess is that when Mrs. Moody starts playing in the veterans' division, where the competition is on the stout and short-winded side, she won't miss a tournament. She will be a cinch to win every year and retire the cups as fast as they are put up.

Frankly, I can't understand the surprise occasioned by her refusal to enter the Forest Hill lists and possibly another joust with Helen Jacobs. The other night all of the tennis writers who believed she would enter held a buffet supper in a telephone booth, and there was room for all. The only surprise her decision not to play furnished was the cause—neuritis. We all believed that a sacro-iliac ailment would be honoured.

After all, why should anyone expect her to play at Forest Hills? she hasn't brought her composed countenance onto any court in this country since that fateful September day in 1933 when she defaulted to her rival, Helen Jacobs, in the final set of the final round.

On a Pedestal

All of her play has been done abroad, and those American tennis followers who lifted her to a place on a pedestal have had to follow the performances of their heroine in the cable dispatches.

As an observer of sports champions of all sorts, and for many years, Mrs. Moody is the only one I have ever seen who apparently does not know how to lose. Most champions have a spark that makes them want to go down fighting. Ruth always swung three times, Dempsey always got off the floor. Glenna Collett always sank that last putt.

Perhaps Mrs. Moody has won so much that she has never had time to learn how to lose. Perhaps those of us who never have been champions can't understand the call in seeing another toasted in victory. Certainly no champion in history was as all-conquering, as invulnerable, as was Mrs. Moody during her golden years. Year after year she swept through all opposition without the loss of even a set. It made news when she lost a game.

Now, in the twilight of her career, she obviously finds it hard to walk out on a court knowing that she has no more than an even chance of victory. Most champions ask no more of the gods than a 50-50 break. Mrs. Moody, it seems, is happy only when the scales of chance are dipped much heavier toward her.

Such an attitude protects her marks in the cold, impersonal type of the record book; no doubt about that. But if I were she I would rather have a place in the hearts of tennis players than a place in a record book. After all, you can buy those record books for 50 cents a throw.—United Press.

Gaimusho Denies Three Power Parleys

Tokyo, Sept. 26.

Organization of a common front, comprising Japan, Italy and Germany, in dealing with the Sudeten issue was not being made the subject of diplomatic negotiations or conversations, a Japanese Foreign Office spokesman told the foreign press here today.—Domei.

Prague Declares Border Situation Unchanged

Armed Sudetens Continue Skirmishing Attacks

Prague, Sept. 26.

The official Ceteka news agency broadcasted that the situation remained unchanged in the frontier regions.

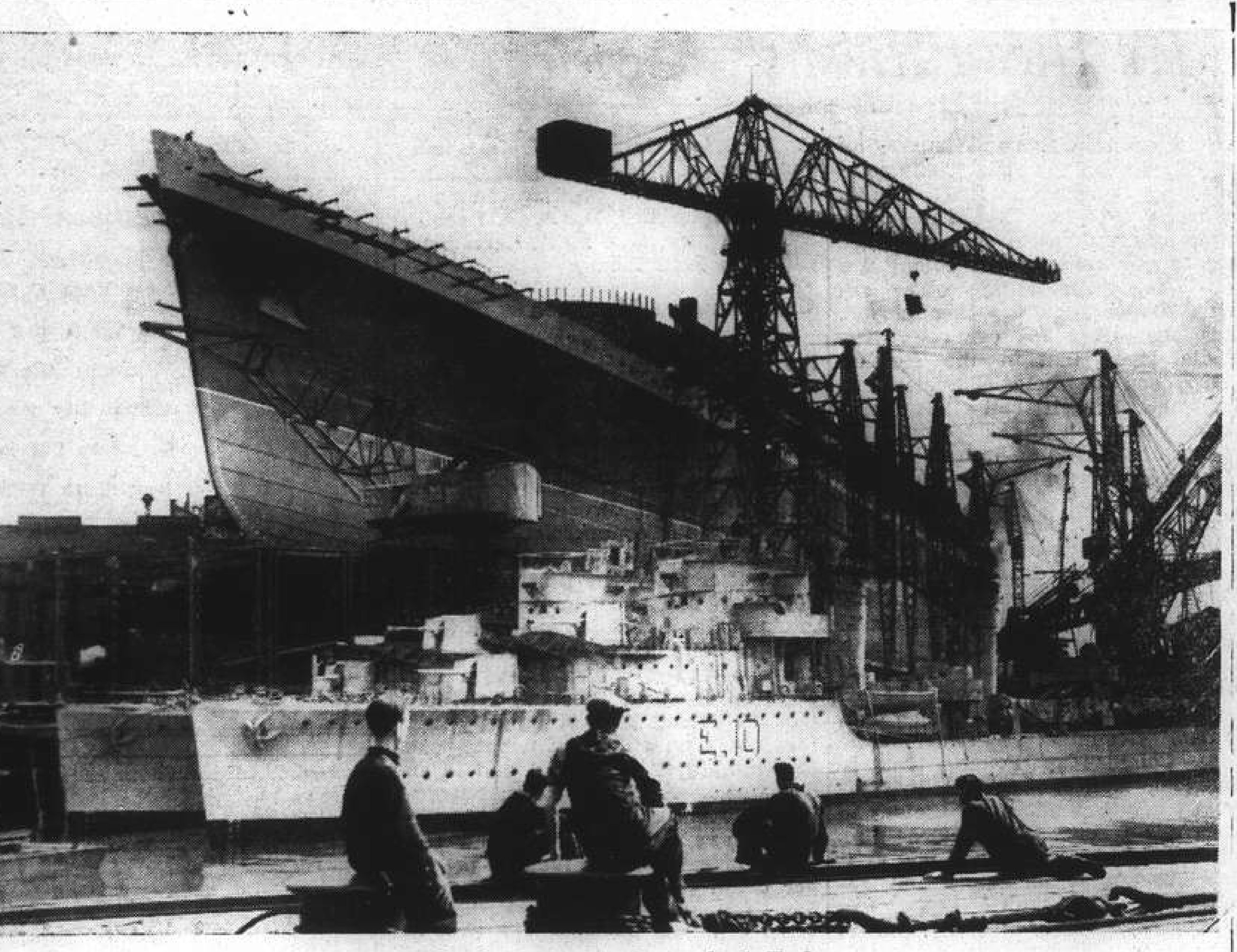
The authorities are maintaining order, however, as armed Sudetens belonging to the free corps are continuing to attack Czech frontier posts and Customs houses by crossing from the German side of the frontier.—Havas.

International Red Cross

The Shanghai International Red Cross wishes to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the following donations September 18 to 24 inclusive:

Previously acknowledged ..	$2,529.033.18
Loterie De Bienfaisance Pour Les Refugies, S. A.	27,891.34
Miss Marguerite Carter	280.80
Staff, Tai Ping, An Ping and Foong Sheng Insurance Companies	150.00
"M. A. F."	100.00
Crinese Medical Association	65.00
T. W. Kwok	50.00
Miss Bessie A. Hollows	50.00
Sunday School, Community Church	48.80
Euan Davis	32.50
Charles F. Johannaber	28.57
Mrs. E. W. Springer (In Memory of Nancy S. Brown)	28.47
Mr. and Mrs. George S. Goolsby (In Memory of Nancy S. Brown)	28.47
Mrs. S. C. T. S. (In Loving memory of her father) ..	20.00
Kao Zoong Yah	20.00
Mrs. J. B. Hipps	20.00
Anonymous	20.00
Waung Ming Sung	20.00
Kao Ling	10.00
Ling Yuen	10.00
Save A Life A Month Club (38th remittance)	218.58
and a number of smaller donations.	
Total as of Sept. 24	$2,558,137.71

All donations should be sent to the Director's Office, 505 Honan Road.



Queen Elizabeth to Be Launched Today

The Cunard-White Star liner Queen Elizabeth, the largest in the world, will be launched on the Clyde today by Queen Elizabeth in the presence of the King. In the foreground are two Argentine destroyers.

World's Greatest Vessel

Cunarder Queen Elizabeth to be Launched Today at Clydebank; Royalty to Attend

PREPARATIONS for the launch of the world's ship, the Queen Elizabeth, which Messrs. John Brown and Co., Clydebank, are building to the order of the Cunard-White Star Line, are now well advanced, and everything will be in readiness when the King and Queen come to the Clyde for the launch today. The vessel will be sent off the stocks about 3.30 in the afternoon of that day, the the naming ceremony will be performed by the Queen and will be broadcast to the world.

Preparations for the launch of the world's largest ship, the Queen Elizabeth, which Messrs. John Brown and Co., Clydebank, are building to the order of the Cunard-White Star Line, are now well advanced, and everything will be in readiness when the King and Queen come to the Clyde for the launch today. The vessel will be sent off the stocks about 3.30 in the afternoon of that day, and the naming ceremony will be performed by the Queen and will be broadcast to the world.

When a representative of the "Manchester Guardian" was shown over the vessel, early last month, it was noted that the launching ways are already in position and the launching cradles are being fitted at bow and stern, while drag chains weighing about 2,300 tons have been assembled alongside. These will be used for checking the speed of the vessel as soon as she is waterborne. In the course of the next fortnight the four huge propellers, each weighing 32 tons, will be placed in position, and the shipping of the rudder now in progress will be completed.

Launching Colours

At present the liner is receiving her launching colours, which will be a black hull and red topping in the underwater parts divided by a white water-line ribbon. It may be noted, however, that when the Queen Elizabeth is completed in 1940 the upper decks will be white and the two funnels will be red with black tops and three black bands.

On the interior of the vessel hundreds of workmen are engaged in fitting the public saloons and staterooms. Altogether on the slip and in the yard workshops the total number employed on the construction of the liner is about 3,500.

Difference From Queen Mary

The new vessel is not exactly a sister-ship of the Queen Mary, but rather a companion vessel. Advantage has been taken of the advances made in naval architecture since the first of the pair was built four years ago, and the experience gained in running the Queen Mary in that time has also suggested many improvements. An important difference is that the Queen Elizabeth is to have only two funnels compared with three in the earlier ship. This change means much more deck space and promenade as well as greater passenger accommodation. The funnels themselves will also be different in that all the guys, stays, steampipes, and other rigging will be concealed inside the funnel casings. The new ship is to have three anchors against the Queen Mary's two, and the additional anchor is to be installed in the centre of the bow to facilitate docking at Southampton and New York. This has necessitated a new shape of bow with greater rake than in the Queen Mary to ensure that the anchor will fall clear when manœuvring.

The Queen Elizabeth will thus be fully ten feet greater in length, and she has a tonnage of 85,000 compared with the Queen Mary's 81,235 tons.

Another feature of the new ship is that she has a flush main-deck with no well-deck break, thus giving her very graceful lines from bow to bridge.

The propelling installation will consist of a system of Parsons single reduction geared turbines, and each of the propellers will be driven by an independent set comprising a large gear wheel operated by four turbines. Each gear wheel will be about 14 feet in diameter, and the total weight of the four wheels is about 320 tons. The propelling machinery will be placed in two separate engine-rooms, the engines driving the two inside shafts being aft and those for the outer shafts being forward.

Largest Boilers

Steam will be supplied to the sixteen turbines by twelve high-pressure water-tube boilers in four boiler-rooms. They are the largest boilers ever constructed for a ship, and contain 71,000 tubes. The boilers will burn oil fuel under forced draught supplied by electrically driven fans. Bunkers will be carried in forty tanks from which 4,000 feet of tubing will lead to the furnaces.

When completed the liner will embody in her design all the newest ideas in naval architecture and marine engineering. The fitting up of the public rooms and cabins will be carried out while the vessel is berthed in her builders' fitting-out basin.

Kweiyang Raided for First Time

Japanese 'Planes Attack Kweichow Capital

For the first time in history, Japanese aeroplanes on Sunday raided Kweiyang, capital of Kweichow province, in south-western China.

According to a communiqué issued by the Japanese China Seas Fleet command at noon yesterday naval bombers attacked "with success" the aerodrome and military establishments at Kweiyang. All aircraft engaged in this operation returned to their respective bases safely, the announcement said.

In carrying out this raid, the 'planes passed through heavy cloud banks and overcame serious difficulties in the form of high mountain ranges.

It was recalled that Japanese aircraft penetrated Kweichow for the first time on September 21 when they visited Hsinyi, near the Kwangsi border, without dropping any bombs.

Sanshunhsien, about 90 km. southwest of the provincial capital, and Tsenheng, 130 km. south of Anshun, also were raided, according to informtion from Hongkong. No report was received as to the extent of the damage done.

FUNERALS

Mrs. M. E. P. Tomlin

In the presence of relatives and a number of mourners, funeral services were held yesterday afternoon at the Hungjao Road Cemetery for the late Mrs. Mary Emily Philimeno Tomlin. Father John F. Magner of St. Aloysius Catholic Church conducted the last rites. Deceased was born in Shanghai and spent her entire life here. After a long illness she died last Friday at the Shanghai General Hospital at the age of 48. She is survived by her husband, Mr. J. P. Tomlin, and children. The casket was carried to its last resting place by Messrs. J. P. Tomlin, S. Tomlin, F. Lee and S. Chai.

Among those sending flowers were:

Hubby and Stanley; Uncle, Auntie and Georgie; Mabel Alice, Mollie and Daisy; Mr. Y. M. Choie, Chow Shih-hwei, Lee Swei-yue, Tsai Zei-nan, Tsu Fong-chih, and others.

Arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Miss Edith Nicolai

The chapel of the International Funeral Directors was filled yesterday after noon with friends who gathered to attend the last rites for the late Miss Edith Nicolai. Chaplain R. R. Marken of the U.S. Fourth Marines conducted the service. Deceased had been a resident of Shanghai for the past twelve years. A charming girl in every respect she was loved by all who knew her, and her presence will be missed by many. Her untimely death occurred last Thursday at the age of 21 at the Shanghai General Hospital. Her fiance, Mr. C. W. Robillard, was the chief mourner and Mr. P. H. Rumberg was present Miss Nicolai had no relatives in Shanghai. Following the service the remains were cremated.

Among those sending flowers were:

Walt; Joyce and Ada; Mina and Andy; Maisie, Dolly and Philo; Sarah, Florence and Julie; Valia and Marie; The Gregg School of Business; Matron and friends of the Foreign Women's Home; The Free Christian Church Young People's Meeting; U.S. Marine Band; "Her Nurses"; Inez M. Baxter; Georgina Fuller; Miss Dorothy Hodgson; Miss Ethel P. Leighton; Mrs. G. E. Marden; Fritz Pasche und Frau; P. H. Rumberg; Mrs. Carole M. Stewart; Mrs. Hilbert J. Van Hengel and Mrs. A. R. Leitao; and others.

Miss Dolly Lim

Last rites for the late Miss Dolly Lim were held yesterday afternoon at the chapel of the International Funeral Directors with the Rev. Tsang, of the Apostolic Faith Mission, officiating. For the past two year deceased had been living in Hongkong and returned here only two weeks ago to enter the Shanghai Sanitarium and Clinic, where she passed away last Friday morning, at the age of 35 years.

Following the service at the funeral parlours interment took place at the Hungjao Road Cemetery, where the casket was carried to the grave by Messrs. E. F. Link, S. H. Chang, F. Wolnizer, W. Wolnizer, P. Wolnizer and A. W. Horton.

Floral tributes were received from:—

Alice; Doris; Erwin; Mercia and Charles; Tom and Lannie; Sam Crang; Mr. and Mrs. W. C. A. Wolnizer and Family; Faith and L. S. Kao; Bobbie Wong; Store Staff, S. Cantru & Co., Ltd.; and others.

Mr. Anatoly Vajenin

The remains of the late Mr. Anatoly Vajenin were laid to yesterday afternoon at the Lokawei Cemetery in the presence of many friends. Father Alexia Filimanoff, of the Russian Orthodox Mission Church officiated. Deceased was not married and had no relatives in Shanghai. He has lived here for the past ten years, the last four of which he was connected with the Union Brewery, Ltd. His death occurred last Friday at the Russian Orthodox Confraternity Hospital. At the time of his demise he was 41 years of age. The pallbearers were Messrs. N. A. Ivanoff, M. V. Krukovsky, J. I. Kondireff-Condor, B. M. Ozeroff, E. E. Kanzler and A. F. Ryck. Flowers were received from:

Union Brewery, Ltd.; W. Hollmann, foreign staff of Union Brewery, Ltd., Co-workers of Union Brewery, Ltd.; N. ans M. Krukovsky, and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Wealthy Czech Woman Unable to Go Home

Widow of Bata Shoe Company Founder Now in London

Special to the "N.C.D.N."

London, Sept. 25.

Mrs. Mary Bata, widow of the millionaire founder of the world-famous shoe factory at Zlin, Czechoslovakia, is virtually a prisoner in London because of international events.

The woman is anxious to go back to her native land, but because of frontier restrictions, which involve the suspension of all travel services to Prague, she must stay in her London hotel for the present.

She told Reuters, "I want to go back to prove to my country's people that my love for Czechoslovakia is as great as ever."

Usually visiting England at this time of year, Mrs. Bata flew over on September 10. When she received a message that her only son, Tom, was to undergo an operation, she sought to return. Now she understands that he has recovered without the operation.—Reuter.

U.S. Army and Navy to Seek More Funds

Washington, Sept. 25.

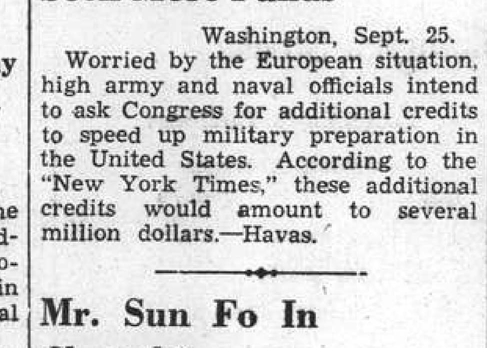
Worried by the European situation, high army and naval officials intend to ask Congress for additional credits to speed up military preparation in the United States. According to the "New York Times," these additional credits would amount to several million dollars.—Havas.

Mr. Sun Fo In Chungking

Chungking, Sept. 26.

Dr. Sun Fo, President of the Legislative Yuan, arrived here at 4 p.m. yesterday by road from Kunming and Kweiyang.—Reuter.

AMUSEMENTS



Join the

Wing On Skating Rink

and win

$100 worth of Gift Bond

Simple Rules:

Rules for Contestants Joining the Wing On Skating Rink Prize Drawing Contest:—

1. During the weekly Prize Drawing Contest every Skater will be given a card bearing a number upon entering the Rink (holder of Wing On Skating Rink season ticket is entitled to only one number regardless of how often he may appear in the rink during the day).
2. Drawing will take place at 10.30 p.m. every Monday at the Wing On Skating Rink.
3. Prize: One hundred dollars worth of Wing On Co. Gift Bond.
4. Holder of the winning number must be present to claim his prize right after the drawing otherwise it will be given away as a special prize at the next drawing (i. e. the winner of the next drawing) will be awarded with the unclaimed prize in addition to the $100 worth of Gift Bond prize for the week.

First Drawing:

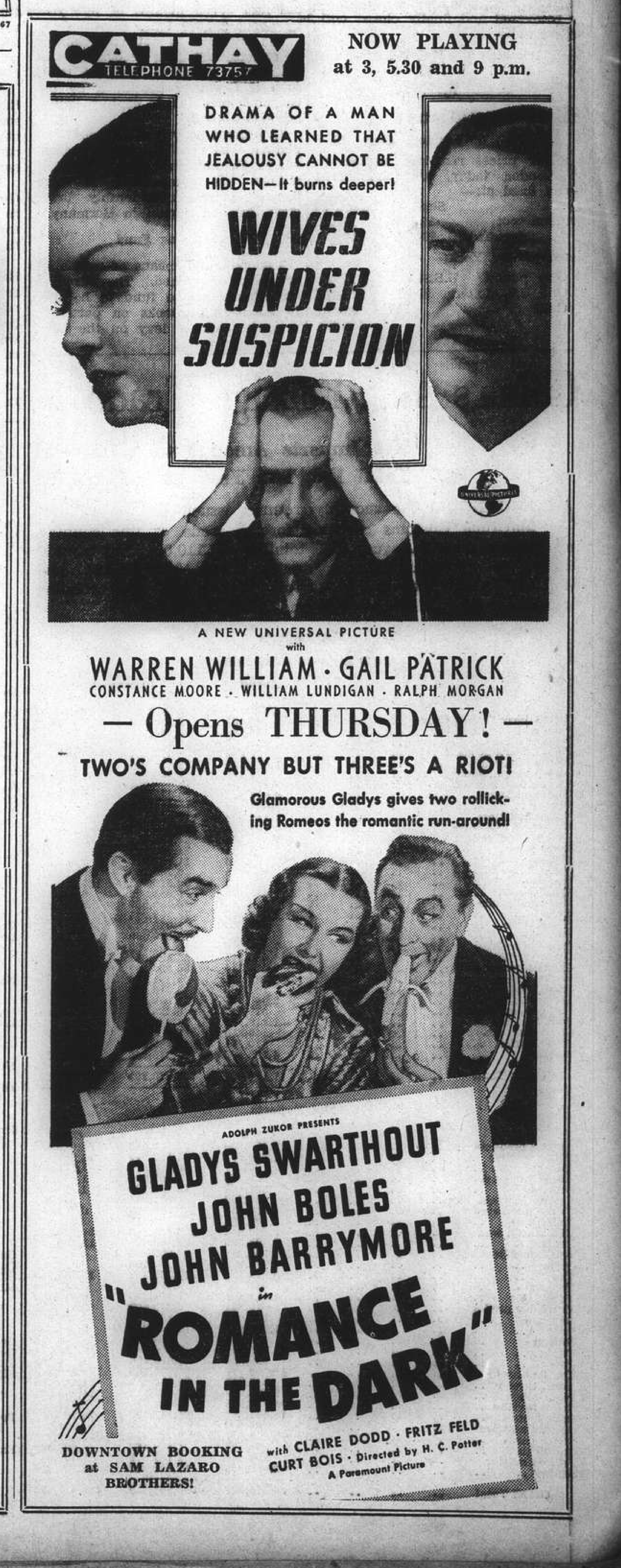
To be held on Monday, October 3, 1938, at 10.30 p.m.

JOIN NOW!

"LADDERIX"
Prevents Ladders From Starting
Obtainable from Leading Pharmacies and Stores

11467

NOTICE!
Commencing 30th September
WE REVERT TO OUR REGULAR SCHEDULE OF PERFORMANCES AND PRICES: THREE SHOWS DAILY AT 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
Prices: 30 cts., 50 cts., 70 cts. and $1.00
Inclusive of Refugee Contribution.
OPENS TO-MORROW!
CLIVE BROOK in "Action for Slander"



COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1937

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 8⅝ .....$ 27.83
U.S. $100 @ 17⅛ $583.94

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 8⅞ $27.042
U.S. $100 @ 17 1/16 .....$565.37
London—demand 8⅞
4 months' sight credits 8⅞
4 months sight docts 8 13/16
6 months' sight credits 8 27/32
6 months' sight docts 8 23/32
New York—demand .....U.S. $17 11/16
4 months' sight credits 17 11/16
4 months' sight docts 17 13/16
Paris—4 months' sight docts Fcs. nom.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ..... 8 13/16 U.S. $17½
Hongkong/London 1/3

Chartered Bank

Canadian $100 @ 17=$588.24
Hongkong $57¼=$100.00

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherlands Guilders .....Buying 33
Java Guilders ..... „ 33
Netherlands Guilders .....Selling 32¼
Java Guilders ..... „ 32¼

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100=$563.38 £1=$27.042
Selling U.S.$100=$579.71 £1=$27.826

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 1.01½=$1 Belgas 28.20=£1

Italian Bank For China

It. Lire 3.20=$1 Swiss Frs. 0.77=$1
Tourist Lire 3.54 .....=$1

Other Quotations

Berlin-Hamburg T.T. $100=Rm. 43.00
$100=Reg. Mk. 103.00

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTERBANK CASH DELIVERY

£	High 8 23/32	Lowest 8 11/16
U.S. G.$	17⅝	17¼
Yen	—	—

MERCHANTS CLOSING RATES

		SELLING Cash		BUYING
£	T.T.	8 23/32	4 m/s. l.c.	8 25/32
G.$	T.T.	17 1/16	4 m/s. l.c.	17 3/16
Fcs.	T.T.	653	4 m/s.	688
Rs.	T.T.	49	7 d/s.	49⅝

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	19 7/16	19 5/16
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	—	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	52.00	—

Bombay offtake 25 bars.

London silver was ¼ up both ready and forward, being 19 7/16 for ready and 19 5/16 forward. New York was unquoted and Bombay was 13 annas up at 52.00.

It was reported there was a little general buying, while offerings were limited. Market ruled steady.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 8 13/16 sterling and 17½ U.S.$.

The Interbank market opened with sellers for September at 8 13/16 sterling and 17½ U.S.$. At the outset the market was firm and rates advanced to 8 25/32 sterling and 17⅝ U.S.$ at which rates there were good buyers and a sharp reaction set in to 8⅝ sterling and 17⅛ U.S.$. The market gradually recovered and finally closed with sellers at:—

8 13/16 sterling	17½ U.S.$	Sept.
8 11/16 „	17¼ „	Oct.

Silver Quotations

London, Sept. 26.

Silver prices remained unchanged in London today, with quotations being fixed at:—

	Sept. 24	Sept. 26
London spot	19 7/16 d.	19 7/16 d.
„ forward	19 9/16 d.	19 9/16 d.

London/New York:

One pound	U.S.$4.78 1/16	$4.75¾
One U.S. dollar	50.203d.	50.446d.
Gold	145/-	145/7d.

—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

Official Averages

1938 High	1938 Low		Today's Average	Change
143.08	103.44	General	129.37	—0.03
139.71	95.55	Rubbers	137.28	—0.24

Volume 7,470 shares.

Morning Session

OFFICIAL

	CASH
2,500 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.60
500 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.50
1,000 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.60

UNOFFICIAL

900 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.60
100 Champ de Course, (N.F.)	$ 37.50

Afternoon Session

OFFICIAL

2,000 Java Consolidated	$ 2.12½
200 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 17.50
250 Kaiping	$ 21.50

UNOFFICIAL

20 S'hai Power (Pref)	$119.00

Manila Gold Shares

(Closing Bids in Pesos)

Antamok	.38	.37
Stok	.34	.35
Benguet Consolidated	11.40	11.30
Coco Grove	.42	.41
Consolidated Mines	.004	.0035
Demonstration	.28	.27
Mine Operations	.12	.12
San Mauricio	.73	.71
United Paracale	.33	.32

Turnover: 229,000 Pesos.
Shares Index: (closing prices) 85.09.
—Reuter.

Japanese Govt. Bonds

Osaka, Sept. 26.

Kogo 5% Y.103.83

—Reuter

Threat to Britain's Coal Export Trade

German Competition in British Markets Felt

The British Government is paying close attention to the growing German threat to Britain's coal export trade. Experts associated with the Mines Department are collaborating with representatives of the coal industry in the examination of possible defensive measures, states the "Daily Telegraph and Morning Post."

Side by side with these discussions there are proceeding: Informal talks with representatives of French industry about the decrease in imports of British coal; and continued endeavours to bring together the coal-exporting nations in some form of cartel.

Leaders of the British industry have been of the opinion for some time that special measures must be taken if the export trade is to be maintained at a sound level.

Exports, which last year were considerably higher than in 1936, fell in the first seven months of this year by about 200,000 tons.

The situation is not yet regarded as serious, but it is recognized that emergency measures must be taken soon if Germany continues, by uneconomic methods, to capture British markets abroad.

At present heavily subsidized Westphalian coal can be sold in markets where Britain and other exporting nations are competitors at "cut-throat" prices, considerably lower even than those paid in Germany.

Fighting Fund

Two potential means of retaliation are being examined. They are: A trade maintenance fund to be used in countering attacks on particular markets, and: A levy on the home industry to assist exporting districts as a whole.

Both methods are supported in the industry, as are also other suggestions put forward for examination.

The Government has made no decisions in the matter yet. None will be taken before discussions are completed. It is, however, regarded as imperative among influential Government supporters that some measures shall be taken during the next session of Parliament.

On the other hand, the Government considers that any special measures must raise problems the end of which cannot be foreseen, and that only in the face of continued competition from Germany must such measures be taken.

Attempts to draw Germany into a European cartel have proceeded for some years. If Germany consented at least 90 per cent. of European coal exports would be the subject of agreement.

At present, however, the German Government's determination to obtain foreign currencies and to capture foreign markets at any cost precludes the possibility of any pact.

British exports to Scandinavia, the Baltic and other importing countries are governed to a large extent by advantageous agreement. At the same time, in many other parts of the world they are at the mercy of unrestricted competition. Only agreement or retaliatory measures are considered likely to prevent further falls in exports.

China's Aug. Foreign Trade

Net Imports Amount to $77,110,051
Total For The Year of $588,256,101

ACCORDING to the monthly returns issued by the Chinese Maritime Customs covering foreign trade of this country, net imports during August 1938 totalled $77,110,051; net exports $80,203,608. January-August figures were $588,256,101 and $480,072,875 respectively, as compared with the corresponding figures last year of $785,620,291 and $616,863,859.

Net Imports

(Including Bond Withdrawals)

	August 1938 C.S.$	January-August 1937 C.S.$	January-August 1938 C.S.$
Cotton Piece Goods, Grey	1,763,001	7,139,746	8,540,503
Piece white or dyed	1,255,686	5,341,573	8,167,407
Piece printed	137,147	487,930	1,100,780
Piece miscellaneous	52,216	971,334	367,890
Cotton raw, yarn	1,578,349	19,694,120	9,750,808
Cotton manu., sundry	224,252	2,082,012	2,087,620
Flax, ramie, hemp	273,504	17,627,898	10,295,514
Wool and Manu.	2,288,549	32,043,508	8,951,397
Silk	3,008,550	13,084,329	5,678,471
Metals and Ores	5,446,506	116,083,654	46,157,548
Machinery and tools	4,702,678	55,650,016	31,310,770
Vehicles and vessels	2,489,731	34,622,079	23,903,031
Metal Manu.	2,853,154	34,406,113	19,539,218
Fishery products	694,366	11,722,517	4,911,025
Canned goods	994,175	6,760,443	5,774,128
Cereals and flour	10,818,662	39,876,392	105,220,008
Fruits, seeds	1,435,170	4,983,902	6,997,883
Medicinal goods	536,145	5,755,067	3,994,825
Sugar	1,984,170	18,172,344	9,661,153
Wines, beer	337,665	1,010,226	1,514,757
Tobacco	745,392	18,039,050	15,529,747
Pharmaceuticals	7,922,349	49,894,200	37,681,614
Dyes, varnishes	4,485,812	33,122,884	16,903,487
Candles, resins, etc.	7,457,744	85,538,582	59,431,478
Books, maps, paper	3,767,575	58,499,200	29,122,918
Hides, leather, etc.	401,063	3,919,519	2,749,450
Timber	2,644,318	17,942,796	12,604,347
Bamboo, straw, etc.	519,717	6,228,259	3,747,454
Coal, fuel, tar	1,218,475	4,993,757	6,206,301
Chinaware, etc.	349,210	5,021,931	2,189,976
Stone, earth	310,514	2,969,554	2,056,549
Sundry	4,109,206	71,975,356	86,108,044
Grand Total	77,110,051	785,620,291	588,256,101

Net Exports

	C.S.$	C.S.$	C.S.$
Animal products	10,576,830	87,971,643	68,679,532
Hides, leather	1,806,077	48,577,879	14,608,177
Fish products	196,417	2,134,879	1,713,680
Beans and peas	298,422	5,808,996	1,035,302
Cereals	367,821	14,762,329	1,118,206
Dyestuffs, vegetables	22,992	1,211,394	734,101
Fruits, preserves	686,539	8,749,485	6,378,855
Medicinals	1,207,804	7,594,578	8,341,204
Oils tallow, wax	5,300,864	103,731,812	37,126,154
Seeds	2,428,325	30,769,667	13,399,712
Spirituous Beverages	101,271	925,033	839,128
Sugar	11,162	4,290	48,925
Tea	6,023,424	17,452,322	18,385,633
Tobacco	617,168	6,799,796	4,982,450
Vegetables	1,144,597	7,511,305	6,986,766
Vegetable products	813,381	6,249,003	3,079,731
Bamboo	137,027	2,185,210	1,529,274
Fuel	1,763,267	10,145,055	9,934,552
Rattan	12,573	115,149	73,374
Timber	345,150	2,649,042	2,123,771
Paper	938,553	4,619,193	5,144,583
Textile fibres	17,002,727	97,456,166	104,378,173
Yarn, thread	7,052,615	29,335,585	36,486,600
Piece goods	2,792,908	17,268,112	14,803,894
Other textiles	1,802,002	8,484,217	8,223,455
Ores, metals	11,461,389	65,617,439	76,796,664
Glass, glassware	95,360	329,542	491,030
Stone, earth	618,277	3,428,254	3,489,921
Chemicals	866,733	5,816,163	4,487,509
Printed matter	202,068	1,757,978	2,122,829
Sundry	3,509,865	17,402,343	22,529,690
Grand Total	80,203,608	616,863,859	480,072,875

German Resources In Case of War

Government's Attempts to Strengthen the Nation's Economic Invulnerability

In these critical days, when much is heard of national military strengths, it is not always remembered that, in any assessment even of military possibilities, economic and financial factors are of first-class importance. In the last five years, the German Government's attempts to strengthen the nation's economic potential and invulnerability have been even more spectacular than its military preparations proper. The whole economy of the nation has been regimented for that purpose. An immense national effort has involved reductions in the standard of life of all classes, states the "Financial Times."

How far has this economic preparation been successful? In one very important sphere there is no doubt of Germany's lack of strength. Her external financial position is weak. The Reichsbank reserve of gold and foreign exchange is officially stated to be only Rm.77 millions. This is certainly an under-statement. There are undisclosed reserves, and in any case the absorption of the Austrian gold reserve must have substantially increased the resources of the Greater Reich. But in the first seven months of the year, the adverse balance of the "Old" Reich was Rm.92 millions, and the inclusion of Austria appears to be increasing that balance by about Rm.22 millions a month. At this rate, it is plain that the Government is having increasing difficulty in retaining even its existing supplies of gold and foreign exchange. There can be no margin, even on the most favourable estimate of the undisclosed reserves, for substantial additional purchases of war material. If Germany were involved in war, and were unable to get foreign credits, she would at the outset encounter considerable difficulties in financing her supplies of essential imports.

Not Self-sufficient

The existence of this potential difficulty is not denied, even by the German Government itself. It is, of course, the reason for the Four-Year Plan and the drive towards self-sufficiency. As the months pass, however, it becomes increasingly plain that even the most vigorous self-sufficiency measures can hardly achieve their object in less than a decade. In foodstuffs, Germany is still only 81 per cent. self-sufficient. In 1909-13, when Germany was able to finance an import surplus of Rm.1,000 millions a year, the proportion was the same. In raw materials, Germany is even less self-sufficient. Last year, the home consumption of raw materials was Rm.8,451 millions, of which Rm.2,977 millions—that is, 35 per cent.—was imported. Even if we deduct exported raw materials from imports, the proportion is reduced only to 22 per cent. These are wide margins, especially when we take into account the fact that in 1937 imports were rigorously controlled and rationed. There is not a very great margin for further restriction, if economic activity is to be maintained. Metal imports, indeed, can hardly be reduced—and three-quarters of Germany's iron ore is imported.

It is true, of course, that great strides have been made in the substitution of home-proudced material for imported textiles and oil. Last year, for example, 54½ per cent. of the consumption of light motor fuels was produced at home. But even this achievement leaves a wide margin to be covered by imported fuel, and under the stress of war, the consumption would be at least trebled. This consideration applies to all sorts of materials, and to some slight extent even to foodstuffs, for the soldier's consumption is much greater than the private citizen's. It is perhaps significant to point out that Germany's import surplus was roughly trebled in the war years. This means that a self-sufficiency programme, to be successful, must allow not only for the satisfaction of normal peacetime consumption, but also for the war-increased consumption. Germany is far away from such an ideal. Indeed, it is almost certainly true to say that her self-sufficiency efforts have barely begun to compensate for the loss of financial strength and trading position of the last twenty-five years.

Internal Economic Position

An analysis of Germany's internal economic position leads to broadly similar conclusions. In the last five years, there has certainly been a marked economic recovery, and in the last eighteen months German industry has been woking very nearly to capacity. The Nazi economic system has been successful in eliminating many of the wastages of the modern industrial machine. But it has done so at great cost. The German people have been subjected to a tremendous psychological and physical stress. The internal financial resources of the nation have been strained to the utmost: already industry shows an acute lack of liquid resources. Taxation has been heavily increased: even "official" taxes now take 27 per cent. of the national income, and taxation on industry is even more stringent than in this country. In fact, the nation is already working on a war basis, and the extent to which further effort could be forthcoming is highly uncertain.

When a democratic country goes to war, tremendous hidden reserves of capital, labour and morale become available. If Germany went to war, she would have very much less of these. Already labour is conscripted. Already business has lost its reserve supplies of liquid capital. Already the people's morale is being overstimulated by propaganda and decree. This is a real economic source of weakness to Germany....in the long run. If any future war were short, then fundamental economic considerations might be less relevant. But will any war ever be short again?

Soochow Silk Plants Reopening

About one-third of the 150 silk weaving plants in Soochow have reopened recently, according to reports reaching here yesterday. Their aggregate capital was put at $500,000.

Artificial silk is being used extensively by these plants as the cost of silk has soared to such an extent that the plants deem it advisable to include artificial silk in their materials in order to avoid an increase in the price of their products, the reports stated.

IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES:
VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER: BY COUNTRIES.

	Gold August 1938	Gold January-August 1937	Gold January-August 1938	Silver August 1938	Silver January-August 1937	Silver January-August 1938
				$	$	$
Imported From						
British India			231,108			
Great Britain		292	281	372		372
Hongkong		92,023	6,487,472		487,000	
Japan					62,880	
Total Imports		92,315	6,718,861	372*	549,880	372†
Exported To						
Great Britain		24,555,334				5,323,849
Hongkong	515,862	1,019,637	600,483	2,412,538	62,966,557	69,515,011
Japan					607	
Other Countries						1,293,833
Total Exports	515,862	25,574,971	600,483	2,412,538‡	62,967,164	76,132,693§

*Not including nickel and copper subsidiary coins, value $67,012, and bank-notes, face value Chinese $53,689,391.

†Not including nickel and copper subsidiary coins, value $279,555 and bank-notes, face value Chinese $218,474,744, Yen 21,400, Piastres 18,540, English £54,201 and U.S. $156,665.

‡Not including bank-notes, face value Chinese $15,905,468, Piastres 42,520, Singapore $6,537, Guilders 8,136, Hongkong $1,413,400, Philippine Pesos 1,278, English £219, Canadian $983, Indian Rupees 3,884, U.S. $5,008, French Francs 93,290, Siamese Bahts 40, Australian £445, South African £65, Macao Patacas 34 and Belgian Francs 1,050.

§Not including nickel and copper subsidiary coins, value $240,000 and bank-notes, face value Chinese $130,702,913, Piastres 43,320, Singapore $6,537, Guilders 8,136, Hongkong $4,225,100 Philippine Pesos 1,278, English £219, Canadian $983, Indian Rupees 3,884, U.S. $5,008, French Francs 93,290, Siamese Bahts 40, Australian £445, South African £65, Macao Patacas 34, and Belgian Francs 1,050.

IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES:
VALUE OF MERCHANDISE.

Imports	August 1938 G.U.	August 1938 $	1937 G.U.	1937 $	January-August 1938 G.U.	January-August 1938 $
Gross Imports	34,001,797		345,873,959		261,577,749	
Less Re-exports Abroad	431,901		695,093		1,967,447	
Net Imports	33,569,896	77,110,051	345,178,866	785,620,291	259,610,302	588,256,101
Exports						
Gross Exports		80,264,444		617,109,661		480,499,397
Less Re-imports from Abroad		60,836		245,802		426,522
Net Exports		80,203,608		616,863,859		480,072,875
Total Net Import and Exports		157,313,659		1,402,484,150		1,068,328,976
Excess of Imports				168,756,432		108,183,226
Exports		3,093,557				

IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES:
VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER.

Imports	August 1938 G.U.	August 1938 $	1937 G.U.	1937 $	January-August 1938 G.U.	January-August 1938 $
Gold Coins			53,886		1,377,360	
Gold Bullion			38,429		5,341,501	
Silver Coins		372		549,880		372
Silver Bullion						
Total Imports		372*	92,315	549,880	6,718,861	372*
Exports						
Gold Coins	515,862		25,574,971		600,483	
Gold Bullion		2,165,989		31,630,301		74,348,897
Silver Coins		246,549		31,336,863		1,783,796
Silver Bullion						
Total Exports	515,862	2,412,538*	25,574,971	62,967,164	600,483	76,132,693*
Total Imports and Exports	515,862	2,412,910	25,667,286	63,517,044	7,319,344	76,133,065
Excess of Imports					6,118,378	
Exports	515,862	2,412,166	25,482,656	62,417,284		76,132,321

*Not including nickel and copper subsidiary coins and bank-notes.

In the Russian Colony

By "STROY"

An interesting economic survey of the Russian colony has been completed by Commander N. G. Fomin, Chairman of the National Committee. According to data collected, only 10 per cent. of the colony are well-to-do, while at the other extreme 20 per cent. are unemployed. Thus the other 70 per cent., the middle layer that in the Russian colony can be held equivalent to what the French call the "third estate" takes in the overwhelming majority of Russian Shanghailanders.

Unemployment among Russians has a tendency to grow, Commander Fomin reveals. The first impetus in this direction was given by the world economic depression, whose effects were first experienced in the local labour front in 1932. The hectic year of 1937 gave a further jolt to the Russian colony, especially to that not inconsiderable number of its members who lived in Chapei and Nantao. It must be remembered, notes Commander Fomin, that in Shanghai, Russians do not live independently but adapt themselves to the city's foreign and Chinese life, between which circles they try, as it were, to act as mediators and go-betweens. The "third estate," of course, caters also to itself and to that well-to-do part of the colony that finds its embodiment in Russian factories, shops, places of amusement, the medical world, etc. The events of last year reacted painfully on the whole colony. They reacted even on those who earn $500 to $600 a month, as they have been hard hit by the mercurial rise in prices of food, lodging and practically everything else—especially if they have families to provide for.

A Mystery

How Russians earning $50, $70, $100 or $125 a month are able to live under these conditions remains a mystery. All of them, whether with families or not, live in rooms, having long forgotten the comforts of flats; and it can be surmised that far from all have hot meals every day. Into the same category fall the many family-men who work as watchmen, as bodyguards, in the Volunteer Corps, or in the Fire Brigade; and of these the colony has no less than a thousand. An easier time of it is had by families several of whose members—the father, the mother, the grown-up sons or daughters—bring in pay-cheques at the end of every month. Here the budget is balanced with the help of every dollar.

Russian charity is making a major contribution to enable youth to secure positions. In Russian schools a good education can be had for very small fees. Free medical service is given indigent Russians both by the Orthodox Confraternity and by the French authorities. No less than 135,000 free meals were given out last year. And a committee composed of all foreign charity organizations in Shanghai is seeking means of further helping the Russian colony, two thirds of whose population of 20,000 to 25,000 subsist on salaries that no foreigner would deem sufficient for livelihood in Shanghai at the present time.

Australian Conditions

Last June Mrs. Z. M. Marchinina, widow of the late Capt. Marchinina of the Russian Regiment of the S.V.C., left with her two sons for permanent residence in Australia and at present the Russian colony is learning of her impressions of that country through the Russian press. Mrs. Marchinina is amazed at the untroubled life in that country—life that flows quietly along an even keel. The attitude towards Russians is courteous and pleasant, but it is difficult even for young men with a knowledge of English to secure employment. Mrs. Marchinina has met a number of women—both Russian and English—whom she used to know in Shanghai, and they often discuss how easy it was to live in China with its abundance of servants, and how hard it is to adapt oneself to conditions in Australia where one must take care of everything oneself. Former Shanghai housewives, she says, are suffused by a wave of nostalgia at the thought of rickshaws, as in Australia they must go to the market carrying their own bags. Cleaning dishes, washing linen and heating also bristle with difficulties, as stoves are fed by firewood and must be constantly watched. Summing up, Mrs. Marchinina says that life in Shanghai is brighter and gaier than in Australia, and on arriving in that country one is at first prone to fall prey to boredom.

A meeting of all persons who have assented to give lectures in the Ex-Officers' Club during the coming season will be held on September 28. A programme of lectures covering both military and historical subjects has been drawn up with the help of Gen. F. S. Smolin, and many well-known Russian lecturers have been secured to talk on subjects of topical interest. It is expected that these lectures will be well-attended and that interesting discussions will follow each. The Ex-Officers' Club is augmenting its already well-stocked library with many new books, prominent among them being tomes on the military sciences.

Mr. A. A. Efimoff, the prominent local artist, has returned from a month's stay in Peiping, where he was the guest of Bishop Victor, head of the Russian Orthodox Mission in that city. Mr. Efimoff has declared himself well satisfied with his trip. He has made many drawings, to which he is putting the finishing touches and which will be shown to the general public at an early exhibition.

New Russian Journal

A new Russian newspaper, published in 211 Yangtzepoo Road, has made its appearance in Shanghai. This journal, which will start by coming out as a weekly, is called the "Russkyi Golos" (Russian Voice), and officially terms itself "the organ of the fight against Communism." Its first leading article it promises to "serve the politically active portion of the nationally inclined Russian emigration." The Editor of this new periodical is Mr. N. I. Djogalin.

The Russian colony is awaiting the arrival from Harbin of Mrs. S. A. Redji, popular singer of Russian melodies that could be called the equivalent of the American "blues." Mrs. Redji is not unknown in Shanghai, as several years ago she made a successful début in this city, and her records are often played by local Russian radio-stations.

Among the many personages of the colony who have recently returned from their summer vacations are Dr. P. F. Orlov, Mrs. O. V. Lembich, publisher of "The Shanghai Zaria," Mr. N. P. Mashin, popular conductor and music-teacher, Dr. A. M. Rochlin with daughter, Miss M. A. Barsamova and Miss Fina Rox.

Mrs. Borzova Mourned

The several thousand members of the local Russian colony who lived in Harbin while that city was the centre of Russian life in the Far East were sorry to hear of the death in San Francisco of Mrs. Borzova, wife of Mr. N. V. Borzov, founder and for 30 years director of the best co-educational commercial school in Harbin. Mrs. Borzova died at the age of 63, after a lengthy illness. During her long residence in Harbin and, later, in San Francisco she was foremost in helping the less fortunate of her compatriots. Mrs. Borzova was a trained medical assistant, and during the Great War voluntarily left for the German front where she served in a field hospital and in an orphanage. After the Russian Revolution, when a wave of 100,000 refugees swept into Harbin, she collected large sums for their help. On her death the Russian newspaper of San Francisco devoted large space to articles in her memory, and also to the many obituary announcements that, by Russian custom, were sent in by numerous public bodies.

Mr. S. P. Dobrovolsky, the Honorary Secretary of the Russian Jurists' Association, has just received a business transferance to Hongkong. In a letter sent him by the Russian Jurists' Association he was thanked for his conscientious work as their Secretary for the last few years. A reception held in his honour was attended by many local jurists, headed by the Chairman of the Russian Jurists' Association, Mr. Charles Metzler.

The Russian School of Music will this year embark upon a special course on the history of 19th Century music, to be conducted by Prof. S. S. Aksakoff. The course will analyze the creative music of the principal nations of Europe, including Portugal and the Scandinavian countries.

Last week the Russian Philatelic Society concluded its two months' inactivity by holding the first meeting of the season at its old premises in 85 Ferry Road. A stamp exhibition was held, attracting many philatelists, both foreign and Russian.

Harbin Night Life

Harbin not only feeds itself better than Shanghai, but knows how to amuse itself better than this city. Such is the opinion of Mr. Serge Ermoll (Ermolaeff), popular musician and orchestra leader who recently returned here after spending the winter season in Harbin and vacationing with his orchestra in Tsingtao during the summer. Residents of Harbin are to this day a gay tribe, states Mr. Ermoll. The most fashionable "night-spots" are the Fantasia, the American Bar and the Yacht Club, where merriment reigns from 9 o'clock in the evening to 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning. Japanese visitors leave promptly at 11 o'clock, while foreigners stay to the closing hour. As regards epicurean eating, Shanghailanders can only envy residents of Harbin, claims Mr. Ermoll. The only phase of life in Harbin that did not appeal to him was the laxity shown by men in their appearance. Contrary to the accepted custom in Shanghai, they wear evening dress only on the most rare and exceptional occasions. As no American films are at present shown in Harbin due to the unfavourable exchange, and as films of German, French and Czechoslovakian production do not provide sufficient entertainment to audiences that have been "spoilt" by Hollywood, cinema houses augment their programmes with stage-shows. These last no less than an hour, and in Harbin it is customary for anyone going to the cinema to first enquire as to the programme of the show and then interest himself about the picture. Throughout the whole season Harbin boasted a fine symphonic orchestra composed of Russian musicians.

Master Andrei Yartzeff, 13-year-old pianist who recently appeared in a number of concerts in Dairen, has returned to Shanghai. Master Yartzeff is one of the pupils of Prof. B. Zakharoff, and gives hopes of a brilliant musical career. In Dairen he played in the "Concordia" Hall, the biggest in the city, where the Musical Society, itself under the auspices of the South Manchurian Railway, arranges for the appearance of only the best musicians. Starting his concert with the "Pathetic Sonata" of Beethoven, he concluded it with Mendelssohn's "Rondo Capricio." The huge audience was enthusiastic in its response, and called him out endlessly. The next day all the newspapers of Dairen were generous in their attention to this concert, and people who had heard him play stopped him in the street to express their admiration. The youthful pianist received many presents, and was given several invitations to play over the radio.

FOR two weeks, farmers of Beramo, Italy, have been harried by pig thieves. The pigs never squealed and the farmers had no way of telling when the raiders appeared. Now, however, the mystery was solved when one farmer caught the thieves in his barn preparing to steal 28 pigs. To keep the pigs from squealing, the thieves fed them with soap.

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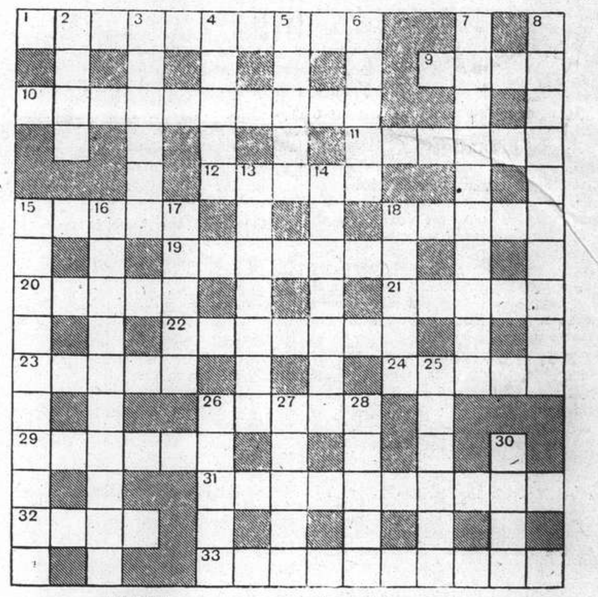


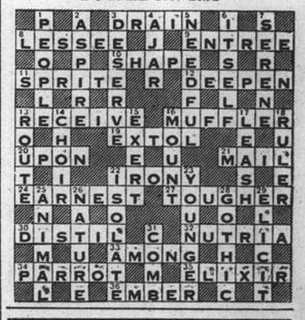
ACROSS

1 Some sailors put an end to this instrument of pain
9 This kind of rubber mount is supreme
10 If he flew would this Briton prefer to alight on mountains?
11 There is no light increase following this
12 A common plant
15 He strove to get pictures over the heart of him
18 This gives peers a lively change
19 Fabulous creature that suggests a taxi "tooter"
20 Order that may call for rank improvement
21 In America this is not staged at Sing-Sing
22 This fraud might give one quite a turn
23 Nickname for the not-so-fine schoolboy
24 This kind of river has its ups and downs
26 Chipping a fellow about it might produce shavings
29 His stable occupation is dying out
31 A writer in slang, and his mediums do not hury
32 A revolutionary water feature
33 Sound advice as to a secret or a photo film (three words)

DOWN

1 This is apt to fall rather hard on picnickers
3 This grows on a goat
4 Kind of speech one bears in Kings Langley
5 This is inevitable when a jury gets on the high horse
6 The unfavourable bulletin
7 The sentry speaks (two words)
8 Gone for ever (two words)
13 The cause of the leak, perhaps
14 Rather a low-down delivery, a batsman would say
15 Bit of the garden that indicates a pleasant situation (three words)
16 Futility
17 The hiker in the rain should not become this, at least
18 A beastly noise
25 Flattened out from no ride
26 Most of this edge the skater uses
27 This is just above a foot
28 Indian town
30 Fruit chopped up in 21 across

SOLUTION OF LONDON PUZZLE No. 1624



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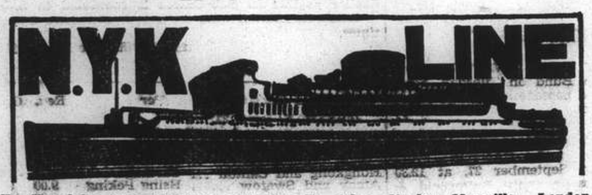

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SHANGHAI MARU ..... Oct. 1
NAGASAKI MARU ..... Oct. 3
SHANGHAI MARU ..... Oct. 6

For Passage or Freight apply to **NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA** 31 The Bund

Tel. 12842 After Office Hours 18885

General Passenger Agents of Cunard-White Star, Ltd.

PASSAGE FARES

Shanghai to London

Class	Single	Return
A	£88	£154
B	£68	£119
C	£64	£112

Sailings to EUROPE and UNITED KINGDOM Ports

B*† DEUCALION Oct. 1 M'lles, London, R'dam, H'burg, and Glasgow
A† PATROCLUS Oct. 15 M'lles, London, R'dam and Glasgow
C CYCLOPS Oct. 18 Havre, Liverpool and Bromborough
C* MEMNON Oct. 29 M'lles, London, R'dam, H'burg, and Glasgow
A† ANTENOR Nov. 12 M'lles, London, R'dam and Glasgow

* calls at Casablanca † via Aden ø via Saigon

A monthly service is also maintained from Hongkong and Japan to Pacific Coast

Vessels due and Sailings to Japan, North China, etc.

		From	Due	Sails	For
C	MENTOR	Liverpool	Sept. 30	Oct. 1	Japan ports
C	MEMNON	Liverpool	Oct. 1	Oct 3	Tsingtao and Japan ports
C	TALTHYBIUS	Pacific Coast	Oct. 4	Oct. 6	Hongkong
C	PHILOCTETES	Liverpool	Oct. 9	Oct. 10	Tsingtao and Japan ports
A	ANTENOR	Liverpool	Oct. 13	Oct. 14	Japan ports
C	PROTESILAUS	Gdynia	Oct. 14	Oct. 15	North China ports
C	ADRASTUS	New York	Oct. 16	Oct. 17	Hongkong
C	AGAPENOR	Liverpool	Oct. 24	Oct. 25	North China

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE

To AUSTRALIA from HONGKONG. Calling at Manila, Thursday Is., Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.

British Steamers: "CHANGTE"—"TAIPING" (Oil Burners).

FASTEST AND MOST UP-TO-DATE STEAMERS IN THE SERVICE. OPEN AIR SWIMMING POOL. ELECTRIC LAUNDRY, BARBER SHOP, SURGEON AND STEWARDESS CARRIED.

Enjoy Your Leave in Australia and New Zealand, Hongkong to Sydney—19 Days.

FIRST CLASS FARE from SHANGHAI to SYDNEY —£53 Single—£84.15.0 Return

FIRST CLASS FARE from SHANGHAI to LONDON (Via Australia) from £125.14.0 Single.

(Australian Newspapers on File).

Steamers	Leaves Hongkong	Leaves Manila	Due Sydney
"TAIPING"	Sept. 13	Sept. 16	Oct. 2
"CHANGTE"	Oct. 13	Oct. 17	Nov. 2
"TAIPING"	Nov. 14	Nov. 17	Dec. 2
"CHANGTE"	Dec. 13	Dec. 16	Jan. 1

AGENTS:

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

21-23 French Bund Telephone 82020

East Asiatic Co., Ltd.

of Copenhagen

Outwards from European Continental Ports

MS. JAVA .. .. Oct. 2
MS. DANMARK .. .. Nov. 1

Homewards

for Jaffa, Haifa, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Copenhagen

MS. JAVA loading .. .. Oct. 13

The vessels have accommodation for a limited number of passengers

Fare Shanghai/Rotterdam/Hamburg £65

Agency of

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

Telephone 15055 17 Canton Road

PRINCE LINE and SILVER LINE

Joint Round World Express Service

DUE TO ARRIVE FROM NEW YORK:

mv. SILVERASH ..... Oct. 11
mv. CINGALESE PRINCE ..... Oct. 26

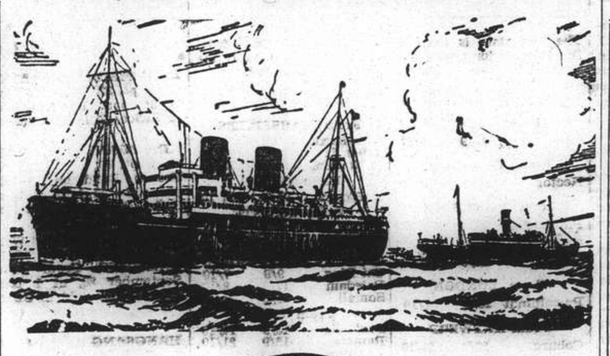
Fortnightly sailings for Hongkong, Philippine Islands, Java, Straits, Colombo and Atlantic Coast ports via Cape of Good Hope

All vessels have accommodation for limited number of first-class passengers.
Silver Line vessels have refrigerated space.

For further particulars regarding

PRINCE LINE — *Apply to:* Jardine Matheson & Co., Limited

SILVER LINE — *Apply to:* Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V.



B. I. P&O E.&A.

(Incorporated in England —by Royal Charter)

Direct Fortnightly Mail Steamers (under contract with H.M. Govt.)

TO BOMBAY, MARSEILLES and LONDON

Via Hongkong, Straits and Ceylon

	From Shanghai	Tonnage
Sept.	27 †CARTHAGE	15,000
Oct.	4 *SOUDAN	6,700
	11 †RAJPUTANA	17,000
	25 †RANCHI	17,000

	From Shanghai	Tonnage
Nov.	1 *BURDWAN	6,100
	8 RANPURA	17,000
	22 †RAWALPINDI	17,000
	29 *SOMALI	7,000

†Omits Bombay

*Cargo only; calling at Casablanca, Havre, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

To CALCUTTA via PORTS

	Leave Shanghai For Japan	Leave Hongkong
SANTHIA		Sept. 24
TALMA		Oct. 8

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

DIRECT FAST MAIL SERVICE

SHANGHAI TO AUSTRALIA

Via JAPAN, HONGKONG and RABAUL

Visit Australia and New Zealand for a healthy and cheap holiday. Your money is worth 25% more. Variations of climate to suit all with surfing and shooting second to none.

Steamers	Commanders	Lv. Shanghai via Japan	Leaves Hongkong	Arrives Sydney
NANKIN	T. J. Mills		Oct. 1	Oct. 20
NELLORE	H. C. Stratford	Oct. 10	Nov. 4	Nov. 23
TANDA	E. Pilcher	Nov. 8	Dec. 2	Dec. 21

TAKING PASSENGERS AND CARGO DIRECT FROM SHANGHAI OR TRANSHIPPING VIA HONGKONG

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route—and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice.

Mackinnon, Mackenzie, & Co.

27 The Bund (Ewo Building) Telephone 11428

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

9 Ave. Edward VII
Tel. 82034

FRENCH MAIL SERVICE **KOBE, MARSEILLES**

via Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti and Port-Said.

SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave	Arrive Kobe	STEAMERS	Leave Kobe	SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave for Marseilles
		Sept. 26	Chenonceaux	Sept. 23	Sept. 30	Oct. 1
Oct. 2	Oct. 5	Oct. 7	Jean Laborde	Oct. 9	Oct. 11	Oct. 14
Oct. 14	Oct. 17	Oct. 19	ATHOS II	Oct. 22	Oct. 24	Oct. 25
Oct. 28	Oct. 31	Nov. 2	Felix Roussel	Nov. 5	Nov. 7	Nov. 8
Nov. 11	Nov. 14	Nov. 16	Pres. Doumer	Nov. 19	Nov. 21	Nov. 22

FREIGHT SERVICE

SONTAY ..... arrive at Shanghai about Oct. 10

MS. "GRETE MAERSK"

Loading September 30 up to October 2

for LOS ANGELES and via Panama to NEW YORK and BOSTON direct. Also Philadelphia, Baltimore, Savannah, Norfolk and Other Atlantic Coast Ports.

210-214 Kiukiang Road
Telephone 15566

MELCHERS & CO.
Agents: Maersk Line

O.S.K.

SHANGHAI SAILING

For Formosa (Keelung and Takao)
CANTON MARU ..... Oct. 1
HONGKONG MARU .... Oct. 8

HONGKONG SAILING

For South America via Africa
SANTOS MARU ..... Oct. 19
RIO de JANEIRO MARU Nov. 14

For Africa
HAWAI MARU ..... Oct. 3
ARIZONA MARU ..... Nov. 2

For Calcutta
*SUMATRA MARU ..... Oct. 20
*HAGUE MARU ..... Nov. 2

KOBE SAILING

For New York via Panama Canal
*KYUSYU MARU ..... Nov. 15
*KANSAI MARU ..... Dec. 24

For European Ports via New York
*HOKKAI MARU ..... Oct. 30
*TOKAI MARU ..... Dec. 2

For Australia
*MELBOURNE MARU .. Oct. 31

For New Zealand via Australia

For West Africa
*ATLAS MARU ..... Oct. 17
*SYUNKO MARU ..... Dec. 6

*Cargo only

OSAKA SYOSEN KAISYA

(OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA)

20 Canton Road Telephone 15324

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

LLOYD TRIESTINO

ss. "CONTE VERDE"

will leave Shanghai on September 29, at 11 a.m. from Shanghai-Hongkew Wharf

for BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE

via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, MASSOWA and PORT-SAID

Tenders conveying outgoing passengers on Board will leave Customs Jetty at 8 a.m.

Heavy luggage must be sent to Messrs. Marden & Co., Ltd.'s Godown, 125 Hankow Road, where it will be received during office hours from September 27 to 28 at noon the latest.

No nailed cases will be accepted unless escorted by a Customs Permit.

Customs Permits obtainable through Marden against payment of a small fee.

For freight and passage apply to

LLOYD TRIESTINO

26 The Bund

Telephone: 16885 SHANGHAI Telg. Add. LLOYDIANO

P. & O.

R.M.S. CARTHAGE

15,000 Tons

COLOMBO, ADEN, PORT SAID, MALTA, MARSEILLES, and LONDON

Will leave Shanghai for above ports

On Tuesday, September 27, 1938

Passenger tender leaves Customs Jetty at 10.30 a.m.
Hand Packages only will be accepted by the tender.
Heavy Baggage will be received into Lighter at the Customs Jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. Monday, Sept. 26th

Customs Permit required for any nailed cases

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route—and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviations with or without notice.

For Freight and passage apply to:

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

Telephone 11428 *Agents* 27 The Bund

"Glen" and "Shire" Lines

Joint Services to and from the United Kingdom, Continent etc,

HOMEWARDS: Due to sail from Shanghai

"GLENGARRY" September 30

Casablanca, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Antwerp via Hongkong and Straits

INWARDS: Due at Shanghai

"GLENOGLE" October 2

Sails October 4 for Taku Bar and Dairen

Loading dates approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

JARDINE MATHESON & Co., LTD. *Passenger and Loading Agents* Telephone 15290

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE *Discharging Agents* Telephone 82020

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE

Far Eastern Mail / Passenger and Freight Service

Sailings from Shanghai to Europe:

mv. BURGENLAND Oct. 5 Genoa, Antwerp, R'dam, H'burg
ss. OLDENBURG Oct. 28 Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg

Outward vessels latest movements:

			Due Shanghai
ss. NEUMARK	Left Singapore	Sept. 22	Oct. 4
mv. RAMSES	Passed Suez	Sept. 16	Oct. 21
mv. VOGTLAND	Left Rotterdam	Sept. 16	Nov. 4

Through-tickets Far East/America/Europe issued
Subject to Alteration without notice. For Passage and Freight apply to

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE

20 Canton Road **Filiale Shanghai** Tel. 18709

TRANS-PACIFIC—AIR SERVICE

Hongkong to San Francisco Via Manila, Guam, Wake, Midway and Honolulu

NEXT CLIPPER WILL LEAVE HONGKONG
for San Francisco on
Sunday, October 2, 1938

For detailed information please apply to Agent for

PAN AMERICAN AIRWAYS COMPANY

314 Avenue du Roi Albert Telephone 76773

Express Service

Shanghai—37 DAYS—New York

To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal

mv. TAI PING sailing October 26

Special Accommodation for Silk, Refrigerated Cargo and Oil in Bulk

For Freight and Passage Rates apply

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

EUROPE VIA CANADA by

	Leave S'hai	Arrive Vanc.	Connecting Ship	Leave Atl. Port	Arrive U.K.
Empress of Asia	Oct. 2	Oct. 17	Duchess of Atholl	Oct. 21	Oct. 28
			Empress of Britain	Oct. 22	Oct. 27
Empress of Canada	Oct. 16	Nov. 2	Duchess of York	Nov. 11	Nov. 17
Empress of Russia	Oct. 29	Nov. 14	Duchess of Atholl	Nov. 18	Nov. 25
Empress of Japan	Nov. 13	Nov. 29	Duchess of York	Dec. 9	Dec. 11
Empress of Asia	Nov. 27	Dec. 12	Montrose	Dec. 23	Dec. 31

SPECIAL THROUGH FARES

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive Hongkong	Arrive Manila
Empress of Canada	Oct. 5	Oct. 7	Oct. 9
Empress of Russia	Oct. 18	Oct. 20	Oct. 22

Booking Plans for 1939 are open

Make Applications early to secure accommodation desired

Canadian Pacific

WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM

The Bund and Peking Road **Telephone 19490**

K.P.M.-LINE

ORIENT-JAVA-AFRICA LINE

(Hongkong Sailings)

Modern, fast vessels with up-to-date passenger accommodation, spacious promenade and sports decks, swimming pool, etc.

To Manila, Saigon, Bangkok (Koh-Si-Chang), Singapore, Batavia, Rodriguez, Mauritius, Réunion, Tamatave, Lourenço Marques, **DURBAN, CAPETOWN,** Mossel Bay, Port Elizabeth, East London, Zanzibar, Mombasa.

ms. **BOISSEVAIN** (From Hongkong) **October 8, 1938**
ms. **TEGELBERG** (From Hongkong) **November 5, 1938**

REFRIGERATOR SPACE

Cargo accepted on through B/L to Buenos Aires, Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro and other South American East Coast Ports.

Through Tickets issued to United Kingdom and Continent. For passage fares and further particulars apply to the Agents:

Java-China-Japan Lijn, Agentschap Shanghai. N.V.

133 Szechuen Road Telephones 16245-7

THE SWEDISH EAST-ASIATIC COMPANY LIMITED

m.s. "SHANTUNG"

Loading Shanghai October 25

for Algiers, Oran, Casablanca, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Oslo and Gothenburg.

Agents:

The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.

HAMILTON HOUSE TELEPHONE 11330

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN-LINE

	Arrival.	Departure.
SS. HOTEN MARU	Sept. 27	Sept. 28 at 11 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	Sept. 30	Oct. 1 at 11 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 4	Oct. 6 at 9 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 7	Oct. 9 at 9 a.m.
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 10	Oct. 12 at 9 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 13	Oct. 15 at 9 a.m.

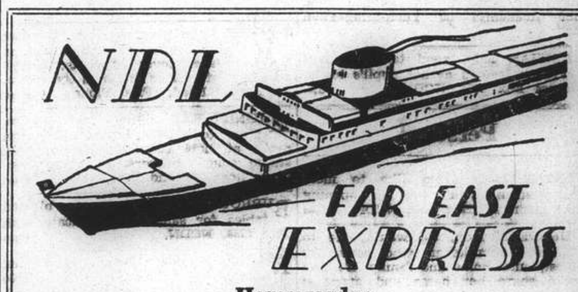
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-LINE
(Freight only)

SS. KOGA MARU ..... Sept. 30

For Possage and Freight apply to:

DAIREN KISEN KAISHA

110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646



Homewards:

MS. **"ELBE"** for Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. Oct. 14
SS. **"POTSDAM"** for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. Oct. 18
MS. **"COBURG"** for Marseilles, Casablanca, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen Nov. 12
SS. **"GNEISENAU"** for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. Nov. 15

Outwards:

			Due Shanghai
ss. POTSDAM	Left Port Said	Sept. 17	Oct. 8
ms. COBURG	Left Antwerp	Sept. 20	Oct. 24
ss. GNEISENAU	Leaves Hamburg	Oct. 1	Nov. 5
ss. ALLER	Leaves Hamburg	Oct. 1	Nov. 14

For passage and Freight apply to

MELCHERS & CO.

General Agents:

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN

210 Kiukiang Road Telephone 15566

Positions Vacant

WANTED. Experienced Chinese clerk, good knowledge of English, accounts, typewriting, and general office work. Address Box 1802, NCDN. 11496

FOREIGN lady office assistant and sales ladies wanted by Bann's Studio, 104 Bubbling Well Road. -3365

GOOD position offered outport for lady stenotypist, with thorough knowledge of French and English. State references and salary required. Reply to Box 1801, NCDN. -3393

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of four dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.65.

EXPERIENCED children's nurse, seeks position. Good references. Box 1775, NCDN. -3353

EXPERIENCED stenographer-secretary, male Eurasian, seeks position. Perfect English, shorthand, filing. Salary $175. Box 1780, NCDN. -3359

YOUNG Chinese, experienced in accounting, typing and office routine, perfect French, good reference, seeks position. Address Box 1782, NCDN. -3361

RUSSIAN, 29, college-educated, presentable, with excellent recommendations, seeks immediate employment. Experienced supervisor, warehouse or stockkeeper, chauffeur. Willing to do any work. Small salary. Box 1797, NCDN. -3386

AN opportunity! Young lady expert dependable secretary/stenographer/journalist. Successful type. Temporary/permanent/after office. Box 1678, NCDN. -3362

TRAINED, experienced, American accountant, capable handling organisation, seeks immediate employment. Moderate salary. Box 1736, NCDN. -3289

STENO-typist, executes work neatly, strictly confidential. Typing in French also taken. Telephone 71530 from 12-2. -3217

DAME mit allgemeinen Kontorkenntnissen vertraut (deutsch, englisch, französisch, russisch ebenfalls Kurzschrift und Maschinenschreiben) sucht Stellung für halben Tag. Address Box 1751, NCDN. -3316

ARCHITECT with many years' Shanghai experience, open for employment. Address Box 1743, NCDN. -3301

ACCOUNTANT, experienced in import, export, shipping business and auditing, seeks any position or part time job. Moderate salary, A1 testimonials. Address Box 1733, NCDN. -3225

BRITON, ex-navy, seeks employment. Any capacity. No objection outport. Address Box 1527, NCDN. -2921

CHINESE experienced branch manager, requires responsible position to Hongkong, salary expected Hongkong $100. Please write Box 1635, NCDN. -3106

POLISH lady seeks position as governess or nurse-maid. Has had long experience with children and is very fond of them. Can also speak Russian and French and can teach music well. Box 1742, NCDN. -3300

Educational

CHINESE teacher, Mandarin and Shanghai dialect, three times weekly, $20. Easy method. Excellent reference. Box 1768, NCDN. -3345

GERMAN lessons given at pupils' home by young German, three times weekly, $15 per month. Address Box 1767, NCDN. -3261

GERMAN lessons by qualified experienced teacher. Box 1348, NCDN, or telephone 34812 between 2-3. -3371

SHANGHAI auto-driving school (foreign). Licence guaranteed. Please telephone 33140. -2588

GERMAN lessons by qualified and experienced teacher. Box 1348 NCDN, or telephone 34812 between 2—3 p.m. -2573

PIANO lessons elementary and advanced, can be obtained from well-experienced lady either at teacher's residence or at student's home. Rapid acquirements. Rates reasonable. Address Box 1741, NCDN. -3299

ENGLISH lady gives conversation lessons to pupils of any nationality. Fees moderate Box 1262, NCDN -2411

PIANO lessons given by experienced lady teacher, special method for children. Address Box 1659, NCDN. -3151

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Typewriting, Shorthand, English, Book-keeping, Office Routine. Typewriters hired. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 11069

WANTED Latin teacher for a boy of fifteen, two or three hours a week, preferably at home. State terms to Box 1740, NCDN. -3298

OPPORTUNITY. Next enrollment for complete Secretarial Course October 1st. Positions for all graduates. Gregg School of Business (Shanghai's Premier Academy) 55 Yuen-Ming-Yuen Road. 11306

PARISIAN lady, good teacher, gives French lessons at her/pupil's home. Address Box 1681, NCDN. -3141

Personal

LONELY lady would like to meet gentleman with view to opening some business. Box 1781, NCDN. -3360

EUROPEAN lady, 30, would like to meet a gentleman who cares for honest, quiet home and family life. She would share her home and expenses of life. Serious replies only. View friendship. Box 1789, NCDN. -3374

WISH to meet attractive young lady, English-speaking, experienced in Chinese products for export. Telephone 22762, 9 a.m. mornings. -2375

LADY, 31, attractive brunette, quiet habits and home loving, would like to meet gentleman, 40-50. View companionship. Box 1788, NCDN. -3374

Business Opportunities

BAR-restaurant for sale, in Bubbling Well Road. Owner leaving town. Profitable, running business. Box 1774, NCDN. -3352

ICE skating. No competition. Possible profits 50 per cent the first year. Having suitable buildings and ground, Foreigner requires few partners to form a limited concern. Box 1772, NCDN. -3350

Mortgages and Loans

LOANS advanced against motor-cars or other securities. Confidential. Address stating particulars of securities, Post Office Box 4078. -3128

Lost

NOTICE is hereby given that Customs Pass for boarding Tenders and Vessels issued in March 1934 by Chief Tidesurveyors Office in the name of Tesdorpf, Hannig & Co., has been lost and is henceforth declared null and void. -3369

LOST seven B/ladings, namely, No. 17 for 28 b/s brown sugar No. 17a for 20 b/s. No. 17b for 58 b/s. No. 20 for 81 b/s. No. 20a for 34 b/s. No. 20b for 63 b/s. No. 20c for 45 b/s. Ex. ss. Norviken from Swatow arrived Sept. 20th 1938. Having reported the loss to Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co., the documents are hereby declared null and void. Lee Yuan & Co. 11476

LOST two Delivery Orders stamped for release by the Customs and endorsed, ss. Lyder Sagen arrived on 8/9/38, B/Lading No. 1 covering 450 tons lump coal and B/Lading No. 2 covering 5315 tons lump coal. The above are hereby declared null and void. 11421

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED foreign-made pram. Telephone 71578. -3388

WANTED to buy table-golf table. In reply state make and price. Box 1800, NCDN. -3391

WE purchase all kinds of high-class furniture. Carpets, piano, typewriter, radio and useful household effects at a fair price. For further particulars apply to the Chesterfield Art Second-hand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 36334. -3048

WANTED, carpets, pianos, refrigerators, radios, furniture, and office appliances. Stoves, electric-cookers, typewriters, safes, etc., at good prices. Apply International Company, 510 Peking Road. Telephone 96967. -2787

Miscellaneous

WISH to exchange two-roomed apartment located better part of French Concession, rent $80 per month, for three-roomed apartment. Please communicate with Box 1769, NCDN. -3347

HAVEN'T you circular letters to be sent to your Japanese tenants, or clients. Consult Mr. M. Tanaka, who will translate into Japanese and make copies by mimeograph and send to your addressees. M. Tanaka, Translator, advertising agent. Lane 332, House 54, Woosung Road, Shanghai. Telephone 46522. -3385

FOR $2.60 monthly, you can read 13 magazines such as Esquire, Cosmopolitan, Good Housekeeping, Readers Digest, Britannia Eve, Geographic, Strand, Daily Mirror, Time, Life, Ken, Movie and Detective magazines. Telephone 83288, Home Magazine Library for list. 11163

GENUINE Frigidaire parts and services are obtainable only at the American Engineering Corporation (China). 989 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 34350. -2902

Radios

$100. Philco radio, 7-valve, excellent condition; owner leaving Shanghai. Apply Room 901, Foreign Y.M.C.A. -3346

WANTED to purchase for cash, late model used radio. Telephone 86149 or address Box 1691, NCDN -3205

RADIOS promptly repaired. Telephone 13750. Complete Philco service. Ask for Mr. Stewart. American Radio Equipment Company. Our method can save you 50%. 10973

ANTENNA specialists. Guaranteed improved foreign reception with lower noise level. Radio Corporation of Asia. Telephone 82304. -3207

PHILCO Service telephone 11463. The only Philco equipped and guaranteed service in town. Philco Sales Corporation, Fed. Inc., U.S.A., members of the Radio Manufacturers' service of U.S.A. 11261

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE. One grey carpet 9 x 12 and one fawn carpet 9 x 12. Telephone 77677. -3349

DINING / sitting / bedroom furniture. Cheap. Seen between 1-3 p.m. 521/11 Avenue Haig. -3379

FOR SALE, gas geyser and scale weighing to 500 lb. marked in pounds, Gallop & Co., 320 Szechuen Road. 11484

SHIRTS made to order, Wemco Duro, from $7.50; Tootal, $10.50; silk, $8. Razon's, 12 Central Road. -2378

STAMPS! 3,000 sets waiting for your inspection. Ivert 1939, $13. Stephens Stamp Company, Apartment A1, Medhurst, 934 Bubbling Well. The place in Shanghai to buy and sell stamps. -3218

FAIRBANKS Morse semi-diesel engine, 10 h.p. Also generator and suction pump. Telephone 21618. -3147

REMINGTON typewriter, 2 steel index cabinets, 1 steel filing cabinet all perfect condition. 12 Rue Consulat, Apartment 301. 11471

LADIES' linen handkerchiefs 18 cents; grass tray cloth 15 cents; tea napkins 5 cents; lace gloves 30 cents; bridge sets 60 cents. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road, (First Floor). 11465

MAGNIFICENT dining room suite, glass tops, eleven pieces, foreign made at half cost; Simmons double studio couch; mirrors. 55 Yuen-Ming-Yuen Road, Second floor. 11469

BURROUGHES and Watts billiard tables for sale. Communicate with Box 1758, NCDN. 11468

REMINGTON noiseless typewriters, portables at sacrifice prices. No dealers. Room 711, 33 Szechuen Road. -3145

NICK'S second-hand furniture store. Buying and selling new and second-hand furniture, household effects, etc. 146A Route des Sœurs, Telephone 73937. -2396

Office Cars

LIFT, mornings, from western part French Concession, offered to French-speaking person in exchange for French conversation during trip. Address Box 1796, NCDN. 11480

LIFT available closed car, vicinity Sayzoong/Albert/Weihaiwei Road, Bund. Three times daily. Box 1717, NCDN. -3262

Animals

Z-class, bay, 14 hands, S.P.H.C. griffin 1937 paper hunt certificate, steeplechased 1938. Trial given. Box 1798, NCDN. -3387

WANTED, black cocker spaniel bitch, about two years old, from prize winning stock preferred. Pedigree certificate. Address Box 1682, NCDN. -3183

Furnished Apartments

TO LET, two-roomed flat, all modern conveniences. Furniture to be taken over. Hot water. Central heating. Rental very reasonable. Lease can be taken over by responsible party. Centre French Concession. Address Box 1786, NCDN. -3372

THREE-roomed flat, French Concession. Large roof-garden. Furniture to be taken over. Address Box 1771, NCDN. 11482

FOR SALE, completely and luxuriously furnished, three roomed flat with verandah, facing south, in modern new apartment house, best part French Concession, including new refrigerator, all-wave radio, glass-ware, cutlery, linen, etc. Cheap rental till expiration lease end next February. Box 1779, NCDN. 11487

GOING away for a month or two, advertiser wishes to let his three-roomed, beautifully furnished flat. Address Box 1794, NCDN. -3384

$105. Two-roomed housekeeping flat near Jessfield Park. English preferred. Telephone 20835 meal-times 114

TWO furnished rooms, comfortable, airy, central heating, bath kitchenette, 6th floor of modern building, business centre. $125. Telephone 18938. -3390

MODERN, furnished flat to let, all conveniences, in desirable part French Concession. Telephone 74947. -3293

TO LET, Bijou Apartments, 278 Hardoon Road, steamheated one and two-roomed apartments, furnished or unfurnished with bath and kitchenette. Independent entrances. From $75 upwards. Apply Caretaker or telephone 34477. 11154

Unfurnished Apartments

$205 per month. Four-roomed flat, two bathrooms, for five months only. Seen 9-12 noon. Apartment 11, 521 Avenue Haig. -3378

NESTHOUSE Apartments, Lane 30, House 3 Nanyang Road, Flat 7, available October 1. 2-room apartment with bathroom, kitchen. Rent $120.- including hot and cold water and refrigerator. Apply Palmer & Turner, Property Office, 17 Canton Road, Telephone 15100. 11497

Offices, Shops, Godowns

TO LET, 1450 square feet godown space at reasonable rent. Apply 444 Peking Road. Telephone 92816. -3366

TO LET, large and small modern office space in the Chartered Bank Building, 18 The Bund. Space arranged to suit tenants' requirements. Apply Eric Davies, Room 214, Chartered Bank Building. Telephone 15874. 11047

HONGKONG & Shanghai Bank Building and Wayfoong House: Modern offices to let. Apply Sub-Accountant's Department, Hongkong Bank. 11050

Motor Cars and Cycles

TRUCK, 3 or 4-ton, in good condition wanted by Sapt, 255 Peking Road. -3392

CHEVROLET, four-door, 6-cylinder, 15 miles per gallon, owner driven. $600. Telephone 12810, Hutchison. 11491

FOR SALE, one Auburn Standard 6, like new, mileage 16,000. Cash U.S.$400 for quick sale. Address Box 1714, NCDN. 11452

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors, authorized Ford and Lincoln dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 11048

FOR SALE, 1935 Morris Ten. Four, perfect condition, new batteries, owner leaving. Address Box 1693, NCDN. -3210

WANTED closed car. Low powered coupe preferred, for cash (sterling). Address Box 1755, NCDN. -3327

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -3025

Chinese Servants

COOK-boy and amah, speaking English, expert cook, seeks position. Address Box 1783, NCDN. -3368

EXCELLENT, English speaking cook-boy and amah; clean, honest and hardworking. Highly recommended. Address Box 1784, NCDN. -3367

BOY-cook. Well-recommended and experienced. Honest and reliable. Address Box 1776, NCDN. -3356

VERY capable cook-boy, six years last place. Honest and willing. Telephone 70137, Apartment 61. -3355

EXPERIENCED cook-boy, good knowledge of English and American, cooking, good pastry cakes cook, 15 years' experience, well-recommended, excellent testimonials. Address Box 1770, NCDN. -3348

LADY recommends good boy-coolie, speaks English, honest and clean, good worker. Address Box 1766, NCDN. -3343

AMERICAN recommends hardworking house-boy, speaks good English. Good references. Address Box 1793, NCDN. -3381

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). 2,000 satisfied international customers. Picked cook-boys, baby-amahs, cook-amahs, house-amahs, wash-amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen, stenographers. -2958

34839. Shanghai Employment Agency. Best agency in Shanghai. Honest, clean cook-boy, cook-amah, wash-amah, baby-amah, chauffeurs, watchman, gardeners, etc -3196

MRS. G. D. Grant can recommend good children's or baby amah. Telephone 52496 during tiffin hours. -3239

Dancing

MISS Lilian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -2397

For

SPRING CLEANING
Floor Waxing and Polishing
DISINFECTING
Redecorating and Painting
Phone 12156

FESCO

Far Eastern Sanitary Co.
341 Szechuen Road

10779

Houses and Land

TO invest £3,000 in developed property on Bubbling Well Road, will get 8 per cent interest per annum, at monthly income. No broker. Address Box 1795, NCDN. -3384

Wanted to Rent

REQUIRED floor space, old or new building, area approximately 15,000 sq. ft., for athletic purposes. Address Box 1790, NCDN. -3376

WANTED to rent in western district or French Concession, premises, adaptable for first-class restaurant-cafe. Box 1777, NCDN. -3357

FOREIGN gentleman requires room with bath, without board, in modern apartment, with central heating. Preferably western district. Address Box 1778, NCDN. -3358

BACHELOR requires room, board, not exceeding $110. Reply full particulars to Box 1792, NCDN. -3380

WANTED, one or two-roomed furnished flat with kitchen, bathroom. All modern conveniences. Preferably French Concession. Address Box 1785, NCDN. -3372

WANTED unfurnished 5-roomed flat or house, western district, for immediate occupation. Address Box 1787, NCDN. -3373

AMERICAN gentleman requires room with bath. Furnished or unfurnished. French Concession, between Lafayette and Frelupt, Winling and Dufour. With breakfast if possible. Address Post Office Box 1444. -3250

UNFURNISHED two to three-roomed apartment flat, with all modern conveniences, in western district. Taking over fittings and part furniture will be considered. Address Box 1753, NCDN. -3319

WANTED, from October First, fully furnished for housekeeping, one/two-roomed flat, vicinity American School. Box 1737, NCDN. -3291

MARRIED couple require furnished modern 2-3 roomed housekeeping apartment. Careful tenants. References exchanged. Box 1759, NCDN. -3335

ENGLISHMAN would like accommodation with full board in private family; outer Western District; preferably with garage. Or would share apartment with another bachelor. Kindly reply Box 1763, NCDN. -3342

ONE large or two-roomed apartment with all modern conveniences, unfurnished. Reasonable rent. Address Box 1754, NCDN. -3326

ENGLISH people require spacious two or three-roomed flat or apartment, end September, furnished or unfurnished. Quiet. Reasonable. Address Box 1748, NCDN. -3311

QUIET lady wants room with full board, in quiet private family. Kindly reply Box 1738, NCDN. -3294

WISHING to occupy house No. 131 Chekziang Road off Scott Road, German flag flying at present, owner or anyone connected with the house is requested to reply on or before September 28, otherwise necessary steps for occupation will be taken. Address Box 1664, NCDN. -3160

Holiday Resorts

TSINGTAO. Pension Victoria, 9 Kinkow Road. Quiet, comfortable place, beautiful view, excellent food, central heating. Rate $5 and up. 11288

Rooms Without Board

NEAR Carter Road. Furnished room with bathroom attached, southern exposure, breakfast optional. Address Box 1799, NCDN. -3389

COMFORTABLY furnished rooms for men. Club facilities. Navy Y.M.C.A. 11049

34 Bearn Apartment. Large, airy, furnished room to let. All conveniences. Use of kitchen. Entrance 2 Avenue Dubail, Telephone 81879. -3295

Rooms with Board

THE GARDENS, 90 Route des Sœurs, proximity Cercle Sportif. A private, foreign-owned guest house for those desiring quiet, attractive home. Beautiful garden, large, well-appointed rooms with private bath and verandah. -2360

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, manicure, 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road. Apartment 30. Second Floor. 11060

LADY gives general massage, 3-8 p.m. 147 Rue Paul Henry, Apartment 14. Third Floor. Telephone 77327. 11355

LADY gives general massage from 10-7. 1025 Bubbling Well Road. 56 Hwa Kee Avenue. -3394

In Harbour or Dock

Name	Flag	Berthed
Asiatica	Br.	A.P.C.L.W.
Baron Belhaven	Br.	P.W.W.
Baron Douglas	Br.	Buoys 31-32
Breiva	Nor.	Y.P.D.W.
Caroline Moller	Br.	Buoys 7-8
Carthage	Br.	Buoys 12-13
Changon	Br.	Buoys 26-27
Chiakiang M.	Jap.	J.N.B.
Cintra	Port.	H.S.W.P.
Conte Verde	Ital.	S.H.W.
Daishin M.	Jap.	—
Datsi M.	Jap.	Y.P.D.
Fingal	Nor.	K.L.Y.W.
F. Consolini	Ital.	—
Fooshing	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Fuhwo	Br.	Buoys 29-30
Fukwang	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Gemlock	Br.	M.B.K.L.W.
Hanna	Ger.	K.L.Y.W.
Hatutaka M.	Jap.	Buoys 21-22
Hilda Moller	Br.	Y.P.D.
Hsin Peking	Br.	C.N.W.P.
Hsiyun M.	Jap.	Buoys 20-21
J. Justesen	Dan.	Buoys 32-33
Kaiping	Br.	Buoys 28-29
Kaysieg	—	Y.P.D.W.
Kingyuan	Br.	C.N.C.W.
Kintang	Br.	Buoys 30a
Kungwo	Br.	Buoys 29-30
Minho	Port.	K.L.Y.B. 1-2
M. Margarida	Port.	K.L.Y.W.
Mundelta	—	Int. D.
Nord	Am.	Buoys 23-24
Pacific	Dan.	Buoys 19-20
Pingkiang	Br.	A.P.C.U.W.
Santarem	Port.	K.L.Y.W.
Santa Rosa	Port.	J.N.B.
Shinfu	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Silksworth	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Siushan	Br.	Buoys 30a
Shukwang	Br.	A.P.C.L.W.
Suiting	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Suiwo	Br.	H.W.
Tatung	Br.	C.N.C.W.
Tusima M.	Jap.	W.S.W.
V. Emmanuelle	Port.	Int. D.W.
Wantung	Br.	Y.P.D.W.
Wuhu	Br.	Buoys 30a
Wusueh	Br.	C.N.C.W.
Yae M.	Jap.	L.S.

Vessels Arriving

The first date is that of the ship's departure from the Port under which she appears; the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From FINLAND		
Tamerlane	10/9	6/11
From GLASGOW		
Hector	24/9	9/11
From LIVERPOOL		
Philoctetes	27/8	9/10
Agapenor	10/9	24/10
Ajax	17/9	27/10
Diomed	24/9	4/11
From LONDON		
Rawalpindi	23/9	31/10
From ANTWERP		
Coburg	20/9	24/10
Danmark	10/9	30/10
From HAMBURG		
Gneisenau	1/10	5/11
Bellerophom	24/9	11/11
Temeraire	26/9	11/11
Aller	1/10	14/11
From ROTTERDAM		
Gaasterkerk	1/9	15/10
Vogtland	16/9	4/11

From MARSEILLES		
J. Laborde	3/9	2/10
Athos II	16/9	14/10
F. Roussel	30/9	28/10
From GENOA		
C. B'camano	21/9	17/10
From TRIESTE		
Arabia	20/9	7/11
From PORT SAID		
Java	29/8	3/10
Tai Ping	9/9	7/10
Potsdam	17/9	8/10
Somali	28/9	31/10
From SUEZ		
Protesilaus	13/9	14/10
Ramses	16/9	21/10
From ADEN		
Ranpura	26/9	17/10
From KARACHI		
Cortellazo	10/9	7/10
From COLOMBO		
Antenor	26/9	13/10
From SINGAPORE		
Ranchi	24/9	2/10
Burdwan	25/9	3/10
Neumark	22/9	4/10

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK		
Toulouse	23/8	9/10
Silverash	23/8	11/10
C. Athens	17/8	15/10
Irisbank	7/9	27/10
Anna Maersk	10/9	26/10
Cing. Prince	—	26/10
From VANCOUVER		
Emp. Canada	17/9	2/10

From SEATTLE		
Tyndareus	26/9	29/10
From LOS ANGELES		
Adrastus	16/9	16/10
From YOKOHAMA		
Talthybius	26/9	4/10
From KOBE		
Deucalion	27/9	30/9
Chenonceaux	28/9	30/9
Soudan	29/9	3/10

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From LOUR. MARQUES		
Tynebank	—	28/9
From RABAUL		
Nellore	25/9	9/10

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN		
Hoten M.	24/9	27/9
Dairen M.	27/9	30/9
Hoten M.	1/10	4/10
Dairen H.	4/10	7/10
From TIENTSIN		
Hangsang	24/9	27/9
Hunan	25/9	28/9
Chaksang	28/9	1/10
Shengking	28/9	1/10
From TAKU		
Shuntien	25/9	28/9
Patroclus	21/9	14/10

From TSINGTAO		
Nanning	25/9	27/9
From HONGKONG		
Taiseunhong	—	27/9
Taiyuan	24/9	27/9
Shantung	21/9	28/9
Tjisaroea	25/9	28/9
Taksang	24/9	29/9
Leesang	—	29/9
Kiungchow	25/9	29/9
Mentor	27/9	30/9
Tweedbank	28/9	1/10
Memnon	28/9	1/10
Yingchow	27/9	1/10
Kwaisang	27/9	1/10

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

FINGAL Sept. 27. CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Buoys on Tuesday, September 27, at p.m. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 27-9

KAIPING Sept. 27. CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the steamer Kaiping, Captain J. B. Struth on Tuesday, September 27, 1938. For passage, apply to the Agent, 30 Foochow Road. Tel. 11070. 27-9

TAISEUNHONG Sept. 29. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Thursday, September 29, at 1 p.m. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 29-9

HUNAN Sept. 30. WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Friday, September 30, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 30-9

SHUNTIEN Sept. 30. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Friday, September 30, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 30-9

LEESANG Oct. 2. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Sunday, October 2. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 2-10

Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

HSIN PEKING Sept. 27. AMOY and SWATOW.—From French Bund on Tuesday, Sept. 27, at noon. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 27-9

KINGYUAN Sept. 27. AMOY, CHUANCHOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—From French Bund on Tuesday, September 27, at 12.30 p.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 27-9

NANNING Sept. 28. SWATOW, HONGKONG, CANTON, HOIHOW, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Wednesday, September 28, at 1 p.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 28-9

HANGSANG Sept. 29. SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Thursday, September 29, at 5 a.m. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 28-9

SHANTUNG Sept. 29. SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—From French Bund on Thursday, September 29, at 1 p.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 29-9

TAIYUAN Sept. 29. AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—From French Bund on Thursday, September 29, at 1 p.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 29-9

TJINEGARA Sept. 29. AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA, CEBU, MENADO, MACASSAR, BALI, SOERABAIA and JAVA N.C.—The J.C.J.L. ms. Tjinegara sails from Holt's Wharf, Pootung on Thursday, September 29, at 11 a.m. taking cargo to Java and transhipment in Java. Excellent passenger accommodation. Passengers tender leaves Customs Jetty at 9.30 a.m. Through tickets issued to European, Australian and African Ports. For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 28-9

KIUNGCHOW Oct. 1. SWATOW, HONGKONG, HOIHOW, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Saturday, October 1, at 6 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 30-9

TAKSANG Oct. 1. SWATOW, HONGKONG, HAIPHONG, HOIHOW and PAKHOI.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, October 1, at 5 p.m. "B" Class Accommodation is Available. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 1-10

FOOSHING Oct. 3. SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Monday, October 3. "B" Class Accommodation is Available. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 3-10

STRAITS AND EUROPE

CARTHAGE Sept. 27. MARSEILLES and LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, PORT SAID and MALTA.—Last tender will leave the Customs Jetty at 10.30 a.m. on Tuesday, September 27, 1938. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co. No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 27-9

GLENGARRY Sept. 30. CASABLANCA, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and ANTWERP via HONGKONG and STRAITS.—Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Agents, Glen Line Ltd. Tel. 15290. 30-9

CHENONCEAUX Oct. 1. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 82034. 1-10

DEUCALION Oct. 1. MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and GLASGOW via ADEN.—For freight and passage apply to Agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 1-10

BURGENLAND Oct. 4. GENOA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG via PORTS. (Captain W. Schladebach), on October 4, 1938. For freight and passage please apply to Hamburg-Amerika Linie, Filiale Schanghai, 20 Canton Road. Tel. 18709. 4-10

CITY OF ORAN Oct. 9. HAVRE, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and GLASGOW.—The Ellerman Line steamer City of Oran is due to sail for Havre, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Glasgow on October 9, 1938. Lacey and Cannan, Ltd. Tel. 12854 (3 lines). 9-10

Post Office Notices

Earlier posting in Sub-Offices is requested in order to make connection with the below-mentioned closing times.
(Last connecting time from Sub-Offices to Head Office is 19.05 daily).

Date and Destination	Per		Reg.	Ord.
TUESDAY, Sept. 27.				
Haimen Che.	Hanna	x	*20.00	7.15
Aust. N.Z. S.S. India (Y) Suez (Y) Europe (Y)	Carthage		7.30	9.00
Hongkong and Canton	Carthage		8.30	9.00
Amoy and Swatow	Hsing Peking		9.00	9.30
Chefoo and Tientsin	Fingal	x	9.30	10.00
T'kiang Chuanchow Hongkong Canton	Kingyuan		9.30	10.00
Haimen Che.	Santarem	x	11.30	12.00
Haimen Che.	Elbhof	x	12.30	13.00
Indo-China (Z) via H'phong	Nanning	A	—	—
Kiangpei Offices east of Haian	Liwo		16.30	17.00
Wenchow	Don Luis		19.30	20.00
WEDNESDAY, Sept. 28.				
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	Nagasaki M.		*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen	Hoten M.		8.00	8.30
Swatow Hongkong Canton	Nanning		10.00	10.30
Swatow Hongkong Canton	Hangsang		19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, Sept. 29.				
Amoy H'kong (Y) Aust. (Y) N.Z. (Y) Indo-china (Y) Manila Java Ports	Tjinegara	B	*20.00	7.30
Aust. N.Z. S.S. Ceylon India Suez Europe	Conte Verde	c	*20.00	8.00
Hongkong and Canton	Conte Verde		7.30	8.00
Swatow Hongkong Canton	Shantung		10.00	10.30
Amoy Hongkong Canton	Taiyuan		10.00	10.30
Tsingtao Chefoo Tientsin	Taiseunhong		10.00	10.30
Nantung	Nantung M.		14.30	15.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 27th.
B Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 28th.
C Parcel mail for S.S., F.M.S., Ceylon, India, Egypt, E-Soudan, Italy and other countries, closes at 16.00 on 28th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Y Superscribed correspondence.
Z Parcel mail only.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Via Siberia by steamer to Tientsin or Chinwangtao for transmission.
Next steamer mails will be closed as follow:—
ss. Carthage, via Suez, September 27, due London October 29.
ss. Conte Verde, via Suez, September 29, due London October 23.
ss. Empress of Asia, via Pacific, October 2, due London October 28.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service (Hongkong-Bangkok-London and Hongkong-Bangkok-Singapore-Australia) per ss. Carthage, at 9.00 a.m. on September 27, and due Rome on October 9, and London on October 10.
Pan American Airways Service (Hongkong-San Francisco per ss. Conte Verde, at 8.00 a.m. on September 29, and due San Francisco on Oct. 8.
Neth, (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Bandoeng-Amsterdam) per ss. Carthage, at 9.00 a.m. on Sept. 27, and due Amsterdam on October 11, and London on October 12.
Air France (Saigon-Marseilles Line) per available steamer to Hongkong for transmission to Saigon.
Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service:—Air mails will close thrice a week. For time of closing enquiry may be made at the counter.
Via C.N.A.C. or Eurasia planes sent to Hongkong for further transmission.

Train Mail.

Light mails for or via Pengpu, Wuhu and N.S.R. close daily, at 9.00 a.m.
Light mails for or via Hangchow and Sunkiang close daily, at 3.30 p.m.
Light mails for or via River Ports beyond Kiukiang per available steamer via Canton.

Vessels Leaving (cont.)

STRAITS AND EUROPE

ELBE Oct. 13. MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and BREMEN via SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BELAWAN, PORT SUDAN and PORT SAID.—For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., General Agents, N.D.L., 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 13-10

AMERICA

GRETE MAERSK Oct. 2. LOS ANGELES and via PANAMA to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, SAVANNAH and NORFOLK.—For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., Agents, Maersk Line, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 2-10

AUSTRALASIA

NANKIN Oct. 1. (From Hongkong) SYDNEY and MELBOURNE via PORTS.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. E. & A. S. S. Co., Ltd. No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 1-10

HYGIENE SPECIALISTS

G. H. PARKES & CO.

TELEPHONE 72245

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Helen Moller	Hongay	Mollers'
Yangtse	Japan	M.M.
Elbhof	Haiman	Carlowitz
Minnie Moller	Tungchow	Mollers'
Meinan	Wenchow	S.V.O.C.
Tjinegara	Hongkong	J.C.J.L.
Gold Star	Cruise	—
Lushan M.	Tientsin	N.K.K.
Munakata M.	Japan	Yamashita
Tseangtah	Tungchow	Mow Tung
Chingning M.	Tsungming	N.K.K.
Sandro Sandri	C'yingsha	W.T.K.
Tejo	T'lungkong	I.C.R.N.
Kiangting	Tungchow	Foo Hwa

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Anyo M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Kiangting	Ger.	Foo Hwa
Ave-Maria	Port.	Tung Lee
Tungwo	Br.	Jardine
Hansi	Ger.	G.F.E.
Faro	Port.	P.N.&T.
Luise	Ger.	Keh Lee
C'stine Moller	Br.	Mollers'
Don Joao	Port.	Tung Lee
Liwo	Br.	Jardine
Chingning M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
Shanghai M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
H.M.S. Cricket	Br.	—
U.S.S. Peary	Am.	—
Tsingtao M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Yamagata M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Enderta	Ital.	C.I.N.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Duncan	Br.	Dest.	B.N.B.
Black Hawk	Am.	Tr.	U.S.N.B.
Marblehead	Am.	Cr.	11/12 B.
Pillsbury 227	Am.	Dest.	11/12 B.
Sacramento	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
S. de Brazza	Fr.	Slp.	C.N.C.B. 1/2
Tahure	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	J.N.B.
Montecuccoli	Itl.	Cr.	1/2 B.
Chita M. 59	Jap.	Tr.	43 B.
Destroyer 13	Jap.	Dest.	9 B.
Destroyer 14	Jap.	Dest.	9 B.
Destroyer 15	Jap.	Dest.	6 B.
Destroyer 17	Jap.	Dest.	8 B.
Fuchi 15	Jap.	Dest.	5 B.
Hakutsu M. 6	Jap.	Tr.	M.B.K.U.W.
Hinko M. 127	Jap.	Tr.	C.H.P.W.
Hinsho M. 3	Jap.	Tr.	C.M.L.W.
Kitakata M.	Jap.	Tr.	C.H.P.W.
Kuma	Jap.	Cr.	N.Y.K.M.W.
Lima M. 332	Jap.	Tr.	41 B.
Mikasa M. 90	Jap.	Tr.	D.K.K.W.W.
Nichiyo M. 392	Jap.	Tr.	42 B.
Renyo M. 528	Jap.	Tr.	39 B.
Seikyo M. 349	Jap.	Tr.	C.H.P.W.
Shiratsuyu 9	Jap.	Dest.	3 B.
Shiretoko 9	Jap.	Tr.	C.M.C.W.
Taichu M.	Jap.	Tr.	4/5 B.
Takasana M.	Jap.	Tr.	M.B.K.U.W.
Tong M. 3	Jap.	Tr.	C.M.L.W.
Toyei M. 649	Jap.	Tr.	44 B.
Tsuba M. 106	Jap.	Tr.	J.K.W.
Wanshan M.	Jap.	Tr.	C.M.L.W.
Yuki M. 158	Jap.	Tr.	J.K.W.

Sections of the Harbour

1 North Chinese Bund to Kinleeyuen.
2 Kinleeyuen Wharf to Signal Station.
3 Signal Station to Custom House.
4 Customs Shed to Peking Road Jetty.
5 Peking Road Jetty to Old Dock.
6 Old Dock to S. & H. Wharf Flagstaff.
7 S. & H. Flagstaff to Old Ningpo.
8 Old Ningpo to Chinwangtao Jetty.
9 Chingwangtao to Waterworks Intake.
10 Waterworks to Yanking Creek.
11 Yangking to Cosmopolitan Dock.
LOWER SECTION Cosmopolitan Dock to Woosung.

Wharves and Docks

S=Shanghai side. P=Pootung side.

APCGIW	A.P.C. Gough Is. Wharf	P LS.
APCLW	A.P.C. Lower Wharf	P 11
APCUW	A.P.C. Upper Wharf	P 10
BJ	Boyd's Jetty	P 6
CMCW	China Merchants' Central	S 5
CMEW	China Merchants' Eastern	P 10
CMLW	China Merchants' Lower	S 7
CNCBs	China Nav. Co. Buoys	S 2
CNCW	China Nav. Co. Wharf	S 2
CNPW	C.N. Co. Pootung Wharf	S 2
COCW	China Oil Co. Wharf	P LS.
CosD	Cosmopolitan Dock	P 11
CosDW	Cosmo. Dock Wharf	P 11
GJ	Garden Jetty	S 5
HSW	Hoong Shin Wharf Co.	P 1
HtsW	Hunt's Wharf	S 6
HWYK	Holt's Yang King	P 10
IntD	International Dock	P 11
IntDW	Int. Dock Wharf	P 11
JNJ	Japanese Naval Jetty	P 8
KLYBs	Kinleeyuen Buoys	S 1 & 2
KLYW	Kinleeyuen Wharf	S 1 & 2
KMAW	Kailan Wharf	P 10
KPW	Kaiyosha Pootung	P 10
KW	Kwanghua Oil Co.	P LS.
MBKUW	M.B.K. Upper Wharf	P 8
MBKW	M.B.K. Wharf	P 11
McKW	Mackenzie's Wharf	P 2
NKKW	Nisshin Kisen Whf.	P US
NSCW	Ningshao Co. Wharf	S 1
NYKMW	N.Y.K. Mail Wharf	S 5
NYKPW	N.Y.K. Pootung Wharf	P 10
OD	Old Dock	S 6
ODW	Old Dock Wharf	S 6
ONW	Old Ningpo Wharf	S 7 & 8
OSKYW	O.S.K. Yangtszepoo	S 8
OW	Outside Woosung	
PWE	Pootung Wharf East, Ewo	P 9
PWW	Pootung Wharf West, Ewo	P 9
QA	Quarantine Anchorage	
SHW	S'hai & H'kew Whf.	S 6 & 7
SOCW	Standard Oil Wharf	P LS.
TDW	Tai Dong Wharf	S 8
VOCW	Vacuum Oil Co. Wharf	P LS.
WIA	Woosung Inner Anchorage	
WSW	Wayside Wharf	S 8
WTW	Watung Wharf	S 1
WW	Whangpoo Wharf	S 9
YPD	Yangtszepoo Dock	S 9
YPDW	Yangtszepoo Dock Whf.	S 9
YW	Yangtszepoo Wharf	P 10

THE

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Weather, Time and Tide

Tuesday, September 27, 1938 (4th day of 8th moon)	SICCAWEI September 25 16.00	21.00	September 26 4.00	9.00	GUTZLAFF 9.00	14.00
Barometer inches	30.13	30.17	30.13	30.16	—	—
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.05	+0.03	—0.01	—0.03	—	—
at 32 F. „ „ 12 hrs.)	—0.01	—0.02	—0.00	—0.01	—	—
Wind (direction)	ENE	ENE	ENE	E	—	—
„ (miles per hour)	12.4	6.8	7.4	10.6	—	—
Temperature (Fahr.)	72.°9	64.°6	60.°8	72.°3	—	—
Humidity %	58	83	83	70	—	—
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	5	1	0	3	—	—
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report September 25	Mean 1938	24 hours variation	Psevious average same period (65 years)
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.16	+0.04	30.01
Temp. Min. 57.°0 Max. 78.°4	67.°7	—3.°5	70.°1
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	43.72	—	37.89

Date	27/9	28/9	29/9	30/9	1/10	2/10	3/10	4/10	5/10
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.44	5.45	5.45	5.46	5.47	5.47	5.49	5.49	5.50
Sun sets at Shanghai	5.46	5.45	5.43	5.42	5.40	5.39	5.38	5.37	5.35
Moon rises at Shanghai	9.17	10.13	11.05	11.55	12.40	13.22	13.59	14.36	15.10
Moon sets at Shanghai	20.07	20.53	21.41	22.31	23.22	—	0.15	1.09	2.03
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18.00	12.05	12.24	12.46	13.15	14.20	16.20	6.00	7.34	8.40
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18.00	17.11	17.45	18.20	6.24	7.20	9.00	12.08	12.40	13.15
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18.00	13.38	14.09	14.41	15.29	16.30	18.28	7.47	8.58	9.48
Height above LLW. (feet)	11.28	11.02	9.20	8.00	6.78	5.50	6.20	6.50	7.48

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